St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

VOL. XXXII. ST. LOUIS, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1884. NO. 404.

IN THE MORNING

In order to a Speedy and Complete Clean-up of FRED ACKERMAN'S GENTS' WINTER FURNISHING GOODS bought last Summer by

D. CRAWFORD & CO.

AT FORTY CENTS ON THE DOLLAR,

They will offer as under (and while you read make a note of it)

AT REGULAR BANKRUPT PRICES!

1 Lot Gents' heavy white Merino Undershirts or Drawers in all sizes at 35c; Ackerman price 50c.
1 Lot Gents' heavy grey Merino Undershirts in all sizes at 35c; Ackerman price 50c.
1 Lot Gents' heavy blue grey wool Undershirts or Drawers in all sizes at 50c; Ackerman price 75c.
1 Lot Gents' heavy white Merino Undershirts or Drawers at 50c; Ackerman price 75c.
2 Lots Gents' Super-Merino white Undershirts or Drawers, half wool, at 65c and 75c; Ackerman price $1 and $1 10.
1 Lot Gents' white, all-wool heavy Undershirts or Drawers at $1; Ackerman price $1 50.
1 Lot Gents' full regular made white all-wool Undershirts or Drawers in all sizes at $1 50; Ackerman price $2 25 and $2 75.
1 Lot Gents' wool fancy striped Undershirts or Drawers to match, warranted fast colors, in all sizes, at $1 65 each; Ackerman price $2 50.
2 Lots Gents' red all-wool Medicated Undershirts or Drawers at 75c and $1; Ackerman price $1 15 and $1 85.
3 Lots Gents' best red fine all wool Medicated Undershirts or Drawers at $1 25, $1 35 and $1 75; Ackerman prices $1 65, $2, and $2 25.
1 Lot Gents' heavy Canton Flannel Drawers in all sizes at 50c; Ackerman price 65c.

Gents' Overshirts.

Five styles of Gents' Fancy Percale Shirts, in all sizes, at $1 and $1 25; Ackerman price, $1 50 and $1 75.
75 doz. Gents' all-wool blue Flannel Overshirts, in all styles, from $1 to $3 50; all marked less than cost of flannel.

TAKE NOTICE, LADIES.

1 lot Ladies' fine White Merino Vests, only 35c; worth 50c.
1 lot Ladies' fine, light-weight, Merino Vests and Drawers to match, in all sizes, at 50c each; well worth 75c.
1 lot Ladies' heavy White Merino Vests or Drawers, in all sizes, at 50c; would be cheap at 65c.
1 lot Ladies best Merino White Vests or Drawers, at 75c, well worth $1.
1 lot Ladies' White-wool Vests and Drawers, in all sizes, at $1; sold elsewhere at $1 50.
2 lots Ladies' Red, all-wool, Medicated Vests or Drawers, in all sizes, at $1 and $1 50; worth $1 50 and $2.
1,000 doz. Children's Winter Underwear, in white or gray and red, all-wool, Medicated, in Shirts, Pantalets or Boys' Drawers, size for all ages, from 15c up to $1 50; all extra value.

HOSIERY.

200 doz. Ladies' Cotton Hose, imported, solid colors, all shades, ingrain colors, extra long, French toe, at 25c; same sold elsewhere at 40c.
50 doz. Ladies' Fancy Merino, full regular made, dark colors, at 35c; worth 50c.
100 doz. Ladies' all-wool, solid colors, plain or ribbed, full regular made, at 40c and 50c; a drive.
1 lot Ladies' English Superfine Cashmere Hose, all colors, at 75c; worth $1.
50 dozen Boys' School Hose, ribbed, wool, seal-brown only, sizes, 6 and 7 at 15c; 7½, 8 and 8½ at 20c; worth 25 and 30c.
800 doz. Children's All-Wool Hose, in plain or ribbed, all full regular made, colors in black, navy, seal brown, wine, garnet or cardinal; sizes 4½ to 8½, from 25c to 50c, according to size; best value in the city.
1 lot Children's Cotton Hose, all full regular, odd lots, at 15c a pair; worth 40c a pair.

GENTS' HALF HOSE.

100 doz. Gents' Shaker Wool Socks, seamless, in red or gray, at 25c; worth 40c.
50 doz. Gents' Cashmere Socks, solid colors, navy, seal, cardinal or wine, regular made, at 35c; worth 45c.
75 doz. Gents' Super Cashmere Socks, solid colors, full regular made, in all sizes, at 50c and 60c; well worth 65c and 75c.
200 dozen Gents' Full Regular Made British, unbleached, super stout or superfine, at 20c a pair; well worth 30c.
50 dozen Gents' Cotton Socks, full regular, in striped or solid colors, your choice at 25c; cut down from 35c and 40c.

D. CRAWFORD & CO.

Fifth Street and Franklin Av.

J. H. WEAR, BOOGHER & CO.

WHOLESALE

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

Dress Goods, White Goods, Gloves, Hosiery, Gents' Furnishing Goods, & Notions.

ELEGANT LINE OF CLOAKS VERY CHEAP.

SIXTH AND ST. CHARLES STREETS.

MITCHELL'S CANDIES,

French Fruits, Chocolates, Ice Creams and Lunch Parlor.

TRADE MARK.

503 N. FOURTH STREET.

WOMAN'S FRIEND.

(Trade Mark.)

Cline's Improved

1. It does its own work, thereby saving a large portion of the time usually taken in a family.
2. It uses much less soap than is required by any other method.
3. Clothing wears double the time washed by Cline's Improved Steam Washer than it will washed by any other machine or washboard.
4. It is truly a Life, Labor and Clothes saving machine.

The Corrugated Cylinder

The Sliding Cover, the Faucet in Boiler.

The best and latest improvement in Steam Washers, which none others have but CLINE'S.

It cleans your clothes without rubbing and wearing yourself out the old way. It saves labor, wear and tear, and the annoyance of wash day. Every machine fully warranted to give satisfaction or money refunded.

RETAIL PRICE, $10.

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CLINE & VALLEE, Mfrs,

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Agents wanted in every county in the United States. For particulars address as above, and we will send you circulars with terms.

If you cannot buy CLINE'S IMPROVED STEAM WASHER of your merchant or an agent, remit $10, in money order or draft, and it will besent by express, all charges prepaid.

VIGOR For Men. Quick, sure, safe. Book free. Citizen Agency, 160 Fulton St., New York.

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SOFT COAL!

The Latest and Best improvement in Soft Coal Heating Stoves. They will burn the slack and keep fire over night. For Sale by all Stove Dealers.

EXCELSIOR MFG. COMPANY.

PENNSYLVANIA MILITARY ACADEMY,

CHESTER, 23d year opens September 10. New buildings, superior equipment, thorough instruction. A MILITARY COLLEGE, Civil Engineering, Chemistry, Classics, English. Catalogues of Thos. H. Larkin, esq., 218 Clark av., city, or of COL. THEO. HYATT, President.

JOHN MAGUIRE,

REAL ESTATE AGENT

NO. 519 WALNUT ST. BET. 5TH AND 6TH.

T. E. DILLON, AUCTIONEER.

Bankrupt stocks sold daily at salesroom, Star Auction House, 15 S. Broadway, St. Louis. Special attention given to the sale of stocks of goods, household furniture, etc.

WE ACKNOWLEDGE NO COMPETITION.

Follow the Crowd, They will Take You to

LEUBRIES

THE

Champion Dry Goods Dealers of St. Louis

Unquestionably and Emphatically the

Leaders in Fashion, Quality and Lowest Prices

Unparalleled Bargains in Silks, Velvets, Dress Goods, Suits, Costumes, Wraps, Furs, Millinery, Hosiery, Gloves, Underwear, Laces, Embroideries, Trimmings, Buttons, Corsets, Ribbons, White Goods, Comforts, Blankets, Flannels, etc., etc. Every Department is stocked to repletion. New, Elegant and Matchless lines at every Counter coming in daily from the numerous Auction Sales. Call and select Bargains.

$200,000 in Cloaks, Suits, Shawls, Etc., Etc.

Occupying the Entire two floors of Our Spacious Building.

Jersey Waists, in Plain, Tailor-made, Braided, Scalloped, Beaded, every quality and price, from 99c and upward.
Children's Plain and Bicycle Jerseys. 50c and up.
Children's Dresses in every quality from $1 upward.
Felt, Knit, Quilted and Flannel Skirts, 69c, 75c, 85c and up.
Ladies' Percale, Mother Hubbard and Princess Wrappers, $1 25 and up
Ladies' Cashmere, Velvet, Broche Zephyr Shawls, etc., from 50c and up.
100 elegant Cashmere Dresses, all styles, our own make, $4 and $5; reduced from $8 and $10 to CLOSE OUT.
All styles of Black Silk and Cashmere Dresses, from $6 upward.
250 Elegant Colored Silk Dresses, in elaborate trimmings, from $12 50 upward.
Wonderful Bargains in Ladies' Tailor-made Suits, our own make, and made to order.

DRESSMAKING A SPECIALTY.

CLOAKS.

Ladies' Russian Circulars at $3 99; manufacturers' price, $7.
65 Ladies' Imported Diagonal Russian Circulars, fur collar and ornament, double box plait, all sizes, at the astonishing price of $5 50; cost to manufacture, $8 75.
Also a full assortment Russian Circulars in Diagonal, Berlin, Twill, Matelasse, Silk, Velvet and Plush, at all prices.
Plain All-Silk Fur-trimmed Circulars at $7 75, $10 and $15; worth $12, $16 and $19 75.
Silk Plush Garments from $15, $18 50, $21, $25 and upward.
SPECIAL PRICE.
Newmarkets from $3 25 up to $20; fit and price guaranteed.
Fur-lined Circulars at $13 95; sell elsewhere at $22.
Fleece-lined Jersey Jackets, in plain, braided and Tailor-made, $3 75, $4, $4 50 up to $20.

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615, 617, 619 N. FIFTH STREET.

SPRAGUE'S RESTAURANT AND DELICATESSEN,

716-718 NORTH BROADWAY.

OPPOSITE Union Market.

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SCARRITT FURNITURE CO.

EVERY KIND of FURNITURE, PLAIN or FINE

BEST GOODS at BOTTOM PRICES.

LATEST EDITION.

LOST AND WON.

To-Day's Dispatches Indicate Fulfillment of Democratic Hopes.

Republican Money and Methods Notwithstanding, Ohio Yields but a Paltry 6,000 to 8,000 Majority,

While West Virginia Comes Forward With an Old-Time Democratic Victory.

The Democrats Elect Congressmen in Eight Ohio Districts,

While Several Others are Claimed by Either Side.

A List of the Killed and Wounded in the Streets of Cincinnati.

Republican Returns Sent in Early in the Evening to Swell the Boom—Democratic Gains Confidently Expected With Each New Return—Scenes and Incidents—The Republican Majority Being Reduced Every Hour as the Returns Come In.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, October 15.—At 6 o'clock last evening Gen. Bennett, one of the Republican campaign orators, came out of the Republican headquarters and informed me that his friend Dudley seemed very much depressed, as the only cheering news thus far received was from Cuyahoga County. At Democratic headquarters the feeling was much the same, as I knew from observation. Both sides were weary and anxious. Mr. Filley stated, soon afterward, that telegrams indicated that Cuyahoga had given 3,000 Republican majority. Mr. Bargar sent word that Mr. Filley could win $100 on that proposition, and Mr. Filley declined, saying he had merely quoted telegraphic dispatches. Half an hour later Mr. Filley received a dispatch stating that both Butterworth and Brown were elected in Cincinnati, and that Hamilton County had gone 1,000 Republican. As that county had been relied for a Democratic majority of from 4,000 to 6,000, this was in the nature of

A BLIZZARD

for the Democrats. But it was only the beginning, and for the next four hours the cold wave continued in a way calculated to freeze Democratic marrow. The Republicans received their returns in the City Hall, where they were read to several thousand of the faithful. William Henry Smith, the stalwart Associated Press manager, was at the helm at the Western Union Telegraph Office, and, under his direction, every telegraph operator in the State was made an agent for the collection and transmission of returns of his own county, the same being collected, tabulated and summarized by a force of forty Associated Press clerks. From the very outset the returns indicated Republican gains. The reading clerk at the hall would sometimes read fifteen announcements of Republican gain before he would strike a puny Democratic gain of three or four votes, and it seemed as though a cyclone had struck the State and knocked all the Democrats out. The Republican hearers cheered and stamped and threw up their hats for hour after hour as the almost unbroken chain of cheering telegrams were reeled in. A glee club, with a large repertoire of Blaine songs and songs devised for the laceration of

DEMOCRATIC FEELINGS

filled in the intervals between returns and an occasional diversion was indulged in in the shape of a resolution of condolence with vanquished Democrats, and a motion to appoint a committe to wait on John G. Thompson et al. and tender all sorts of sympathies. Meantime it is worthy of note that at the hall of the Cleveland and Hendricks Club the Democrats were gathered to the number of over a thousand, listening and hoping for

WHAT NEVER CAME.

Colonel Taylor presided and John G. Thompson in person read telegrams which were furnished by the Associated Press as to the Republican meeting. Mr. Thompson started in with a fine flow of spirits, and there was a ring of confidence in his voice that was pleasant to hear as he tossed off the first dozen telegrams, announcing Republican gains of from 20 to 50 in each precinct. To the somewhat profane request that he read

SOME OF THE OTHER KIND,

he smilingly said that the other kind would be along after awhile, if they would just wait. They waited, and the other kind still failed to keep appointment, while the crowd began to show some degree of animosity to Mr. Thompson, inquiring what in blazes he was there for, and whether he took this for a Republican ratification meeting and things like that. After the fifty-third Republican gain had been announced, Chairman Taylor arose and informed the crowd that it was now evident that this was all the work of that infernal Republican rat-trap,

WM. HENRY SMITH

of the Associated Press, who had so instructed his men, that they kept sending in all the Republican gains first, and even when they did announce a Democratic gain, they picked out the little ones and confused them so that you couldn't tell whether it was a gain or not. This announcement was cheered, and there were inquiries as to where Smith could be found. Mr. Thompson proceeded with reading, and after another half hour of reporting gains, he halted long enough to deliver this

REASSURING SPEECH:

"Gentlemen, just be patient and don't get discouraged; it will all come out right. You remember a year ago that this same game was played and I had to stand here all through the early part of the night, reading things that froze the sweat as it rolled down the middle of my back, but, towards morning, the break came, and in the end, we found our party had won."

This was also cheered and the reading was resumed amid many many profane and obscene interruptions. Finally old 'Squire Martin, one of the most uncompromising Democrats on the continent, stood up and addressed the chair;

"John," said he, "that's

MIGHTY DAMN HARD READIN,'

an, if I were you, I'd see 'em all in hell before I'd read any more of them awful lies."

The sentiment was applauded, but Mr. Thompson never broke in his gait and, at 1 o'clock, he was still reading and hunting for the break. About 11 o'clock a Republican victory seemed so well assured that all the Republicans in Columbus broke loose in a demonstration which was strongly condemned by the Democratic law-abiding people. The uproar of guns, pistols, fire crackers, sky-rockets, cowbells and tin horns was

SOMETHING SUBLIME.

Missouri has never heard anything resembling an Ohio jubilee. It was kept up without cessation till three o'clock, and the streets were thronged. Meanwhile the Republican Committee had figured a majority of about 25,000 in the State, while the Democratic Committee was going slower and figuring with a less swinging motion. At 3 o'clock the Republicans still struck to the above figure, while the Democratic committee, abetted by Gov. Hoadly, held that the majority could never, by any possibility, reach 10,000, and it wouldn't come anywhere near that, but for the

MANIFEST TREACHERY

of trusted party managers in Cincinnati. Governor Hoadly made a careful estimate of the State by counties, based on the returns so far as received and arrived at the conclusion that, outside of Hamilton and Cuyahoga Counties the Democrats would have a majority of 1,000. Then he went to went bed.

This morning, after meeting radiant Chauncey I. Filley and being assured that the official majority would never come under 15,000, I went to the Democratic Committee rooms, where I found Governor Hoadly, Chairman Bargar and several members of the committee, they were just in receipt of complete returns from four or five counties, all of which, Gov. Hoadly explained, fully sustained the estimate he made before daybreak, and indicated that the Republican majority would be

NEARER 5,000 THAN 10,000.

He made a positive claim of twelve Congressmen, conceding eight to the Republicans, a gain of two and leaving one doubtful. Filley, it may be remarked, claimed eleven positively, and says there are two or three in doubt, from the indications, as they expect it will be two or three days before any such definite information will have been received as will show within 2,000 or 3,000 of the result. One fact in connection with this morning's developments is very potent. It was charged last night, as stated, that the Associated Press had

SHREWDLY HANDLED

the returns to magnify the Republican victory. Every telegram this morning tends to reduce the proportions of that victory, the effect of which has, however, been gained through the reports as printed. To that extent, the charge against the Associated Press has been sustained. Messrs. Bargar and Hoadly are more convinced than ever that there has been

TREACHERY IN CINCINNATI.

Yesterday morning Mr. Bargar received from there a telegram in the nature of a whine, saying that the Democrats were being bulldozed away from the polls. It sounded then to him as though intended to explain away a defeat which had been arranged for. "They need not tell me," said he, "that with all the city police and local State officers friendly to them, they were compelled to yield to the intimidation of 500 United States deputy marshals, for it won't do. They were not compelled to yield an inch more than they were disposed to, and to me the returns from Cincinnati look very suspicious. As to the way the returns came in, I was informed yesterday by a man from Republican headquarters that Dudley had arranged to have all the precincts favorable to the Republicans announced early, in order to show a big Republican victory in the morning papers, so that his emissaries could then get in their work with money on the election of officers who were tardy in using the plausible argument that the State was already lost, they could do no harm by swelling the majority. I was so well convinced of the truth of this information that, at noon yesterday, I telegraphed to every Democratic committee in the State and warned them of the danger. Only about one-third of the precincts have been heard from as yet, but both sides agree that the

TOTAL VOTE

will reach the immense figure of 790,000. If, with this tremendous increase of vote, the majority is held down to 10,000 the Democrats will feel very strong encouragement. Mr. Bargar and Mr. Thompson say that the November campaign begins right to-day, and will be hotter than ever. There is a great begira of visiting statesmen from here to-day.

AT 2 O'CLOCK.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, October 15.—At 2 o'clock the number of additional returns received is not large enough to be at all decisive as to the amount of the majority. The morning telegrams, are almost uniformly favorable to the Democrats, and Governor Hoadly says that the estimate by which he gives the Democrats a majority of 950 outside of Cuyahoga and Hamilton Counties is proven to be too liberal to the Republicans, if anything, according to to-day's advices. He feels confident that the Republican majority in the State will be little, if anything, above

SIX THOUSAND.

The Republican advices state that Sawyer, the Democratic candidate for Sheriff in Cuyahoga county, is probably elected, which would seem to indicate that their claim of 3,500 majority on the State ticket in that county is a trifle too high.

Some Sound Reasoning.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, October 15.—A prominent politician reasons as follows about the election: "The heavy Republican gains have been made in the cities, whereas the Democrats have gained in the country. Thus, in Columbus, the Republicans gained, but in the back townships of Franklin County we have gained enough to keep the Democratic majority where it was. This will be found to be the case in the townships of other strong Democratic counties, not yet heard from, and the Republican majority will be reduced

BELOW 10,000.

The Republican leaders do not concede this, but they are on the look-out for reductions below the high figures set at a late hour last night. They talk of improper manipulations, but they say that under the conditions of the campaign, and Ohio having been carried by the Democrats two years in succession, any majority is a triumph. Thus the leaders are watching for final returns.

COLUMBUS.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, October 15.—Interest in the election has not abated. Notwithstanding the Republicans kept crowds in the streets until daylight, there are still crowds, but of a different character. These are business men, who are discussing the results in the most animated manner. Nothing has been received to change the estimates made last night,

Complete returns are in from twenty counties. Reports were

NEVER SO PROMPT BEFORE.

This indicates few scratched tickets. A good deal of mystery surrounds the Prohibition vote. Upon this and the withholding of the reports from a few counties the Democrats base the hope of putting down the Republican majority below 15,000.

CLOSE IN THE THIRD

The contest for Congress in the Third District is very close, but as Morey, the Republican candidate, runs ahead of his ticket 132 votes in Clermont County, which makes a change of over 500 votes in favor of the Republicans, his friends claim his election.

TEMPERANCE SCRATCHERS.

The indications are that Johnson, Republican candidate for Supreme Judge, has a majority in Hamilton County of 3,000, and that he has run ahead of the other candidates, notwithstanding the opposition of the liquor interest. If this is confirmed, it will show that the temperance Democrats scratched their own candidate and voted for him.

Bulletins.

COLUMBUS, October 15, 1:15 p. m.—We have additional returns to change last night's figures, and will be able this afternoon to give a close estimate on the State. The Republicans have elected Congressmen in the First, Second and Twentieth districts. Johnson, for Supreme Judge, runs ahead of the State ticket in Hamilton County, and probably in the State.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, October 15.—The results in the Congressional districts are probably as follows:

THE DEMOCRATS

elect Lefevre in Fifth; Hill in the Sixth; Seney in the Seventh; Outhwaite in the Thirteenth; Wilkins in the Fifteenth and Foran in the Twenty-first.

THE REPUBLICANS

elect Butterworth in the First; Brown in the Second; Morey in the Third; Sink in the Fourth; Little in the Eighth; Cooper in the Ninth; Romeis in the Tenth; Holt in the Eleventh; Thompson in the Twelfth; Gosvenor in the Fourteenth; Hedges in the Sixteenth; J. Taylor in the Seventeenth; H. Taylor in the Eighteenth; E. B. Taylor in the Nineteenth and William McKinley in the Twentieth. Morey, Cooper and Grosvena run ahead of their ticket. The majority of the latter is claimed to be fully 5,000.

LATER RETURNS

may change the results in three of the districts set down to the Republicans.

The Pluralities.

CINCINNATI, October 15.—The total unofficial returns from Hamilton County show the following pluralities: State and Congressional ticket—Robinson, Republican, Secretary of State, 2,258; Johnson, Republican, Judge of the Supreme Court, 2,357; Flickinger, Republican, Board of Public Works, 3,147; Butterworth, Republican, First District, Congress, 1,536; Brown, Republican, Second District, Congress, 2,087.

DISTURBING ELEMENTS.

The Greenback State ticket averaged 97; the Prohibition vote averaged 84.

Two New Congressmen.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

COLUMBUS, October 15.—Hurd is defeated in the Tenth and Campbell is elected in the Third District.

Campbell Elected.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, October 15.—A dispatch from Hamilton, Ohio, says: Campbell, Democrat, is elected to Congress in the Third District by 418 majority.

Anderson Elected.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, October 15.—A later report from the Fourth District shows the election of Anderson, Democrat, to Congress over Sinks, Republican.

CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI, October 15.—Both the Democratic and Republican press this morning agree that yesterday's election in Cincinnati was the bloodiest ever held there. The Democratic papers assert that the thousand deputy marshals were employed mainly in intimidating honest voters, while the Republican press construes the conduct of the police force and deputy sheriffs in a similar manner, comparing it to the Mississippi policy. Following is a list of those injured in yesterday's outbreak:

Killed—Albert Russell (colored.)

Wounded—Joe Lowry, shot in the spine; fatal.

Bridget Hughes, struck in the breast with a bowlder; dangerous.

John Murphy, shot in the stomach; flesh wound.

Andrew Bennett (colored), shot in the side; not dangerous.

John Dalton, shot in the leg; not dangerous.

Sam Taylor (colored), shot in the side; serious.

Mike Gorman, policeman, shot in the back; dangerous.

Henry Sherlock, policeman, shot in the back; dangerous.

Henry Brown (colored), shot in the abdomen; fatal.

The last three were wounded in the affray at the corner of Sixth and Freeman streets late last night. Between 50 and 100 people

TOOK PART IN THE FIGHT,

which grew out of an attempt by Gorman to arrest a negro. Gorman was shot in the back by an unknown person and a general fusilade followed, in which 100 shots were fired. The riot alarm was sounded and the disturbance was quelled, after the two policemen and Brown had been shot.

WHAT THEY CLAIM.

The Republicans claim 20,000 majority in the State and the Democrats concede 10,000.

OF CONGRESSMEN,

both parties concede as follows:

The Republicans elected, in the First District, Ben Butterworth; Second, Gen. Chas. E. Brown; Fourth, John F. Sinks; Eighth, John Little; Ninth, W. P. Cooper; Twelfth, Alphonso Hart; Fourteenth, C. H. Grosevenor; Seventeenth, J. D. Taylor; Eighteenth, J. H. Tayior; Nineteenth, Ezra B. Taylor; Twentieth, William McKinley.

THE DEMOCRATS ELECTED.

Fifth District, Ben Lefevre; Sixth, W. D. Hill; Seventh, George E. Seney; Eleventh, E. F. Kilsberry; Thirteenth, Joseph Outhwaite; Fifteenth, Beriah Wilkins; Sixteenth, George W. Geddes; Twenty-first, M. A. Foran (doubtful).

The Third District is close. In the Tenth the chances favor Jacob Romeis, Republican.

IN HAMILTON COUNTY

96 out of 108 precincts give the following Republican majorities: State ticket—Secretary of State, James Robinson, 2,292; Judge of the Supreme Court, Wm. Johnston, 2,435; Member of the Board of Public Works, Leo Hickinger, 3,036.

Congressional ticket—First District, Benjamin Butterworth, 1,500; Second District, Charles E. Brown, 2,078.

Judicial ticket—Three Republican candidates, Peter Swing, J. M. Smith and Joseph Cox, elected.

County ticket—Sheriff, Samuel Beresford, 4,468; Probate Judge, H. P. Goebel, 2,282; County Solicitor, Rufus B. Smith, 3,464; Coroner, A. L. Carrick, 3,051; Commissioner, John Zumstein, 3,943; Member of the Board of Control, Morris Bauer, 4,305.

The remaining twelve precincts will not materially alter these majorities, which are all Republican. Beresford, for sheriff, ran ahead of his ticket, as did all the county officers, compared with the candidates on the State ticket.

Street Enthusiasm.

CINCINNATI, October 16.—Returns received from all parts of the State are uniform in showing an increased vote In many places the increase is very marked. Another feature shown is, that the people were more than ordinarily arrayed in the two great parties. Both the Greenback and the Prohibition vote are comparatively insignificant, and the vote was as distinctly marked as if the Presidential ticket had been before the people. A matter of great surprise is the large vote secured by the Republican candidate for

JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT.

The general belief was, that he would fall far below the rest of the ticket, owing to the disaffection among the saloon men, on account of his opinions on the Scott liquor law. On the contrary, it appears, he has been carried fully up with the remainder of the ticket, and here in Hamilton County, his vote is greater than that for Robinson.

Clarke County is estimated to give 2,800 Republican majority; Scioto County, about 700, with Judge Johnson leading the ticket; Athens County gives Grosvenor, Republican, for Congress, 1,600 majority; Bellaire shows a slight

DEMOCRATIC GAIN;

Galeon, Kent, Coshocton, Lancaster, Mansfield and Somerset also show small Democratic gains.

The Republicans here are jubilant. Crowds are on the streets and, upon the least provocation, are shouting and singing. A wagon which appeared with a band orran and flag was followed by a crowd of shouting people. The appearance of

BEN BUTTERWORTH.

Congressman-elect from the First District, near the post office attracted a large crowd. He was lifted up and carried some distance by his enthusiastic

supporters and was followed by a cheering crowd until he left the street.

CLEVELAND.

CLEVELAND, OHIO, October 15. Full election returns show that Robinson, Republican candidate for Secretary of State, received in this county 22,864 votes; Newman, Democrat, 20,646; Robinson's majority over Newman, 2,218.

Johnson, Republican, for Supreme Judge, received 22,946; Martin, Democrat, 20,729; Johnson over Martin, 2,217.

For Board of Public Works, Flickinger, Republican, 24,246; Benfer, Democrat, 20,444; Flickinger over Benfer, 2,802.

THE TWENTY-FIRST DISTRICT.

Martin A. Faron, Democrat, for Congressman from the Twenty-first District, a part of this county, received 19,215; C. C. Burnet, Republican, 17,914; Foran over Burnett, 1,301.

The wards and townships of

THE NINETEENTH DISTRICT

gave E. B. Taylor, Republican, 4,416; Horace Alvord, Democrat, 2,113.

The Republicans elect the entire

COUNTY TICKET,

including the Sheriff. For Probate Judge, D. R. Tilden, Republican, received 21,592; A. Zehring, Democrat, 20,910; Tilden over Zehring, 682. For County Clerk H. W. Kitchen, Republican, received 23,382; Edward Malony, Democrat, 20,225; Kitchen over Malony, 3,157. For Sheriff, C. C. Dewstoe, Republican, received 22,491; Ed Sawyer, Democrat, 21,061; Dewstoe over Sawyer, 1,430. For County Prosecuting Attorney, Alexander Hadden, Republican, received 23,021; John F. Web, Democrat, 20,349; Hadden over Web, 2,672. For County Commissioner, B. F. Phinney, Republican, received 23,076; J. W. Harper, 20,377; Phinney over Harper, 2,699. For Surveyor J. D. Varney, Republican, received 23,051; C. D. Bishop, Democrat, 20,587; Varney over Bishop, 2,128. For Justice of the Peace, C. G. C. Logervalle, Democrat, received 19,412; George Schindler, Republican, 16,352; Logervalle over Schindler 3,060. For Circuit Court Judges, G. R. Hayne, Republican, received 23,029; W. Upson, Republican, 22,493; C. C. Baldwin, Republican, 23,189; V. P. Kline, Democrat, 21,733; L. D. Stratton, Democrat, 20,367; J. T. Grover, Democrat, 20,383.

THE PROHIBITIONISTS

cast 368 votes for E. J. Morris, for Secretary of State; 375 for Rosebrough for Supreme Judge; 397 for Kirkendall for Board of Public Works. The average Prohibition vote was less than 400.

THE TENTH DISTRICT.

TOLEDO, OHIO, October 15.—The result in the Tenth Congressional District is still in doubt, both parties claiming the success of their candidate. The doubt hinges upon the majority which Ottawa County will give Hurd, and this cannot now be definitely ascertained. The result will be known in a few hours, doubtless.

Conceded to Romeis.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, October 15.—A dispatch from Toledo says that Hurd concedes the election of Romeis, Republican, to Congress in the Tenth District.

A Small Majority.

TOLEDO, OHIO, October 15.—It is generally conceded that Romeis, Republican candidate for Congress in the Tenth District, is elected over Hurd by 200 to 300 majority.

Campbell's Majority.

CINCINNATI, October 15.—Unofficial reports from the Third District elect Campbell, Democrat, to Congress over Morey, Republican, by a majority of 411, as follows: Campbell's majority—Butler County, 2,779; Morey's—Clermont County, 205; Preble County, 374; Warren County, 1,789.

The Estimated Gain.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, October 15, 2:30 P. M.—Forty-three counties in the State show a net Republican gain of 12,628. This includes Hamilton County, but does not include Cuyahoga, Franklin and Lucas Counties. Of the forty-five counties to hear from, twenty-one gave Republican majorities and twenty-four Democratic majorities for Governor in 1883.

A Republican Claim.

TOLEDO, OHIO, October 15.—The Chairman of the Republican Committee estimates the majority for Romeis in the Tenth District at 282, based upon the following figures: Sandusky County (official except four precincts), Hurd's majority, 276; Erie County (official), Hurd's majority, 78; Ottawa County, estimated majority for Hurd, 950; Lucas County, Romeis' majority, 1,586.

Unabating Interest.

TOLEDO, OHIO, October 15.—The interest in the election was so great that a vast crowd remained at the political headquarters nearly all night. Early this morning, when a Republican victory was ensured the enthusiasm found vent in various ways. Hundreds of men with tin horns, joined by others with torches, formed in procession and marched through the streets. The whole forenoon has witnessed no abatement of interest, especially in the result in the Congressional fight.

HURD CLAIMS A MAJORITY

of 200, while the Republicans claim Romeis' election by from 200 to 500. Returns come in slowly and it may take an official vote to settle the question.

Nothing has been heard from

COOK TOWNSHIPS,

in Ottawa County. The result in Lucas County seems to render certain the election of the entire Republican ticket, by a majority from 500 to 800, except Clerk of the Court, who has but about 300.

Wilson's election as Common Pleas Judge is conceded by the Democrats, but the other candidate is in doubt, as Lemmon, Democratic candidate, is extremely popular and may pull through. The Circuit Judgeships are all Republican.

DEMOCRATIC GAINS.

In Williams County the entire State and county tickets are reported Democratic, with the exception of two county offices. Newman's majority is placed at 97, a Democratic gain of 3, over Hoadly. Henry County gives Newman 1,400 majority, a Democratic gain of 200. Wood County elects the entire Republican ticket, except Sheriff, by 600 majority. Brown, Democrat, for Sheriff, has 400 majority.

WEST VIRGINIA.

Returns Thus Far Very Meagre and Unsatisfactory.

WHEELING, W. VA., October 15.—The Republican State Commitee concede the election of the entire Democratic State ticket by 3,000 to 5,000 majority.

WHEELING, W. VA., October 15.—The returns received are very meagre and unsatisfactory. Reports from Fairmont received at noon say: "Five hundred and three votes cast, 237 counted; Maxwell 150, Wilson 87." Complete returns from Pleasant County give Wilson 708, Maxwell 565. Incomplete returns from Ohio County indicate the election of the Democratic County ticket by 300 majority. Hancock County shows a Republican gain of fifty in the State ticket. In Preston County, three precincts which gave Garfield 144 majority, now give Maxwell 245 majority. It is estimated that Preston will give Maxwell 1,400 majority. In Piedmont County, Maxwell, 196; Wilson, 220. Cameron County, Maxwell, 97; Wilson, 112.

The News in Washington.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 15.—An excited and uneasy feeling prevalent throughout the executive departments of late, while awaiting the result of the Ohio election, has to-day given place to great satisfaction among thousands of Government employes in Washington, and the routine business is proceeding quietly as usual.

A number of prominent officials are still absent, however, and many clerks are already arranging for leaves of absence to go home to vote at the Presidential election. Political matters, therefore, continue to attract attention on all hands, and, although there is to-day no appearance of excitement, the November election is yet manifestly uppermost as a subject of interest.

CONSUMING FLAMES.

Destruction of a Row of Buildings in Norfolk—Other Fires.

NORFOLK, VA., October 15.—Fire broke out this morning in a row of buildings of Roanoke Square, occupied by Armistead & Benson, W. T. Sanders & Co., John H. Day & Co., Ethridge & Co. and Sandlin & Co., wholesale grocers and commission merchants, injuring the buildings and stock to the amount of $45,000; insured.

Spontaneous Combustion.

NEW YORK, October 15—Fire was discovered this morning in the hide and skin factory of H. H. Hollis & Bros. The flames spread so rapidly that the watchman had barely time to escape from the building. The firemen saw it was useless to hope to save the building and confined their efforts to saving the large mills surrounding. The hide factory was destroyed. Loss, $100,000. The fire was due to spontaneous combustion.

Fire in Prince Edward's Isle.

ST. JOHN, N. B., October 15.—The Franklin House, the Journal Printing office and the buildings on Central and Stephen streets, between First and Second streets, at Summerside P. E. I., have been burned. Lost $35,000.

Kentucky Towns Ablaze.

LOUISVILLE, October 15.—A Times Lawrenceburg, Ky., special says: This morning fire destroyed a good portion of the business part of the town. Loss $40,000; partially insured. A dispatch also states that Carrollton, Ky., is in flames.

Loss of a Saw-Mill.

WILMINGTON, N. C., October 15.—The steam sawmill of A. G. Wilson was destroyed by accidental fire to-day. Loss, $38,000; insurance, $15,000.

Tobacco Factory Destroyed.

LOUISVILLE, KY., October 15.—The Union Tobacco Works, Frederick Jansen proprietor, burned this morning. Loss, $30,000. Insured. Ninety people are thrown out of employment.

By a Falling Shed.

NEW YORK, October 15.— A shed at No. 5 Broadway, used as a carpenter shop by the Elevated Railroad Company, fell to-day. Cornelius Donahue, 50 years old, was crushed beneath it and instantly killed. John Dalay's skull was fractured and he will probably die. John Rumbord and John Dowley had legs broken.

GOVERNOR CLEVELAND.

His Trip This Morning From Albany to New York—An Ovation.

NEW YORK, October 15.—Governor Cleveland left Albany this morning, accompanied by Daniel S. Lamont, his private secretary, and Mayor Banks of Albany. It was the express wish of the Governor that no demonstration should be made in his honor along the route. At Poughkeepsie, however, the crowd was so large and enthusiastic that he was induced to introduce himself to the assemblage and, for five minutes, shook hands with all who reached him. At this point Senator and Mrs. Newbold boarded the train and the Governor chatted pleasantly with Mr. Newbold until Garrison was reached. Here Hamilton Fish got on board the train and entered the car occupied by the Governor. They greeted each other cordially and conversed together until the arrival of the train at the Grand Central Depot, at about 10:30. A committee, composed of Senator Barnum, Chairman Abram S. Hewitt, Senator Gorman of Md., ex-Mayor Grace, Senator Gwynne, J. W. James, C. D. Campbell, H. B. Lightes, J. B. Coleman, Eugene Kelly and Messrs. Green and Vanderpool, met the Governor at the depot, and after an exchange of greetings, escorted him to a carriage which he entered in company with Senator Barnum and Colonel Lamont.

THE OVATION IN NEW YORK.

A large crowd was assembled outside of the depot, and when Governor Cleveland made his appearance cheers were given which continued until the carriages departed. Large numbers of men rushed toward the Governor and held out their hands, which he smilingly grasped. Several times, after the carriage had started, the driver was ordered to stop his horses, so the Governor could satisfy the desires of those who wished to shake his hand. The party drove to the Fifth Avenue Hotel, where the Governor alighted and immediately proceeded to his rooms. Quite a crowd gathered outside the hotel and gave hearty cheers on the arrival of the Democratic candidate. The rooms of the Governor were immediately besieged by politicians and reporters, who were anxious to get a word from him or his secretary, but Governor Cleveland remained in his private room, to which only a select few could gain access.

KILLED BY THE CARS.

A Railroad Accident Near Baltimore Which Cost Three Lives.

BALTIMORE, October 15.—A day special from Elkton, Md., says: "A market wagon, containing William Prior and a little boy and girl named Katie Dusline and Robert Jones, while crossing the track was struck by the New York Express on the Philadelphia, Baltimore and Wilmington Road, and all three instantly killed. The wagon was smashed and the horses killed.

SHOT AND DROWNED.

A Double Tragedy on a River Boat Near Little Rock.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., October 15.—When the steamer Woodson was twenty miles below the city this morning a difficulty occurred between a colored man named Clay and the engineer, John Humes, in which Humes was shot and killed instantly. Clay leaped overboard and was drowned.

Important to Cattlemen.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., October 15.—The Secretary of the State Board of Agriculture, Mr. S. D. Fisher, received information to-day that Smith & Powell of Syracuse, N. Y., will exhibit some of their Holstein cattle at the Chicago fat stock show. This news is considered very important and interesting to stockmen for the reason that this firm are the largest importers and breeders of Holsteins in America, and have never before shown any cattle in the West.

Pacific Mail Steamship Company.

NEW YORK, October 15.—At a meeting of the directors of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, to-day, a dividend of 1 1-4 per cent was declared, payable November 1. The books will be closed October 25 and reopen November 3. The earnings and expenses for the quarter ended August 31, 1884, were as follows: Earnings, $1,238,000; expenses, $825,000; net earnings, $413,000; cash on hand, $1,270,000.

The Clements Nut Lock Company.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., October 15.—The incorporation of the Clements Nut Lock Company, with headquarters at East St. Louis, was certified to by the Secretary of State to-day. The incorporators are J. B. Clements, W. C. Morris and Charlie Shaw, and the amount of capital stock is $100,000.

Family Troubles.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

MACON, MO., October 15.—Judge Joseph Seates, a prominent citizen of Shelby County, attempted to commit suicide yesterday evening by taking an ounce of laudanum, but his life was saved by the timely aid of doctors. Family trouble is said to be the cause.

A Fair Thief.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

MEXICO, MO., October 15.—Grant Mickey (colored), a notorious character, was arrested here to-day for theft committed at the St. Louis Fair. He was detected with goods in his possession belonging to W. Sutton, Jerseyville, Ill., stolen in the Fair Grounds.

Fatal Ending of Play.

LOUISVILLE, KY., October 15.—A Times Harrodsburg, Ky., special says: "Dr. Dillon, a prominent physician, and Wm. Curry, in sport, began throwing water on each other. They soon became angry, and Curry struck Dillon on the head with a glass, killing him."

Heavy Failure.

CHICAGO, October 15. — Heidmeyer & Steiglitz, wholesale dealers in woolens, were closed by the Sheriff to-day to satisfy judgments by confession, amounting to $75,000.

Liabilities, $40,000.

BOSTON, October 15.—D. C. Dewell & Adams, grocers in this city, have made an assignment to Reuben Ring and Edwin F. Alkins. Liabilities, $40,000.

Kentucky Primaries.

LOUISVILLE, KY., October 15.—Returns from the Second District Democratic primaries, indicate the nomination of Hon. Polk Laffon over Hon. James Clay, the present incumbent.

Nominated for Senator.

HARTFORD, CONN., October 15.—The Republicans of the Second District have nominated M. S. Chapman for Senator.

Cut Down Their Expenses.

LAWRENCE, MASS., October 15.—Commencing Monday next, the Everett mills will run only forty hours a week.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Heavy Losses Sustained by the Chinese in an Engagement Friday.

The French Retire With the Loss of Thirty Men and One Officer—Nilsson Decides Not to Visit America This Season—Convention of the Church of England at Toronto—News From the Soudan.

PARIS, October 15.—Gen. De Lisle telegraphs from Chu, on the upper Loo Chuan River, under date of Monday, as follows: "Col. Donnier, after a brilliant engagement Friday, carried the heights commanding the fortress of Chu. The Chinese forces were very large and their losses during the engagement heavy. On Saturday they attempted to assume the offensive, but our artillery strewed the ground with Chinese bodies. After losing all their positions the Chinese fled towards Langson, halting near Phee-Tonong and Kharich. The French loss was twenty killed, including one officer, and ninety wounded. Two officers were wounded. Our troops were animated with the greatest ardor. The Chinese engaged were part of the best troops of the Empire, perfectly armed and maneuvered in European style. The Chinese losses were 3,000 killed, including their chief commander. The Chinese invasion of Tonquin has been arrested in the direction of Langson.

THE LOSSES AT TAMSIN.

Official advices to the French Government state that the losses of the French in the recent defeat at Tamsin were sixteen killed and forty-nine wounded.

Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, October 15.—The German Gazette asserts that Gen. Gourko will be made Minister of War; Pobodonosseff, Minister of Public Instruction, and Deljanoff, President of the Council of Ministers. The Czar in a telegraph despatch to the Grand Duke Alexis, on the occasion of the laying of Keels of the ironclads of Sebastopol, said: "I rejoice at new birth of the Black Sea fleet. God grant that the spirit of the old fleet may revive and render good service to the Fatherland."

England.

LONDON, October 15.—Nilsson will not go to America during this year.

The Soudan.

LONDON, October 15.—General Wolseley telegraphs the Government that he had been informed by a native, who saw the steamer aground in the Nile, a day's journey from Merawe, that no Europeans of importance were on board the vessel.

The Cholera.

ROME, October 15.—During twenty-four hours there were 235 new cases and 110 deaths from cholera in Italy; in Naples, 95 new cases and 49 deaths.

The Dominion.

TORONTO, October 15.—The half-yearly report of the Grand Trunk Railway Company has been issued. The net revenue balance for the half year is £114,192. The Great Western's proportion of this is £84,000.

THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

The second congress of the Church of England in Canada opened here to-day. A large number of clergymen are present, many of them from a distance. Among others are Dr. McMurray of Niagara, Bishop Potter of New York and the Bishop of Chicago, all of whom took seats on the platform.

MARRIED THIS AFTERNOON.

Wedding of Miss Ella Parker and Mr. C. G. Robinson To-day.

This afternoon Miss Ella D. W. Parker, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James H. Parker, was married to Mr. C. G. Robinson of Detroit, treasurer of the Peninsula Car Works. The ceremony took place at St. George's Church at 3 o'clock, Rev. Dr. Spiers officiating. There will be a reception at the family residence, No. 3029 Olive street, from 4 to 6 o'clock, when the young couple will leave for the East, to be absent a month, before going to their new home at Detroit, where the groom has purchased and fitted up elegantly a house, which is his gift to his bride. St. George's Church was well filled by 2 o'clock with friends of the young couple, and at 3 o'clock the strains of the wedding march gave notice of the entrance of the bridal cortege, Miss Clara Jacobs and Mr. Tom D. Lynch, Miss Marie Lynch and Mr. W. W. Parker, Miss Jula Perkiss, first bridesmaid, and Mr. George Robinson, the groom's brother and best man, followed by Mr. and Mrs. Will Garrison, who chaperoned the party. The bride's mother followed leaning upon the arm of the groom, and the bride, supported by her father. She wore an elegant robe of creamy white duchesse satin, with long court train falling in plain folds from the waist cut in deep squares around the bottom, finished with a cord, over a bolyeuse of lace. The fascade was of uncut velvet brocade cut in deep scallops at the bottom, finished with a triple cord, and edged with duchess lace, beneath which were narrow knife pleatings of the satin; at each side were deep plaitings of the satin extending from the waist. The corsage, pointed back and front, was cut square and finished with a Valois collar cut in deep squares and lined with duchesse lace, a narrow frill of lace forming the sleeves, best of velvet brocade closed with round pearl buttons, long kid gloves reaching above the elbows; handsome duchesse point handkerchief, the gift of Mrs. Colonel Stewart, completing the toilet, over which was worn a long tulle veil confined with pearl pins to the hair of the bride. Her bouquet was composed of Cornelia Cook roses, tied with a long satin ribbon. She wore no ornaments except the diamond solitaires presented by the groom.

Miss Clara Jacobs' dress was of white satin demi-train, the tablier trimmed with embroidery of crystal and pearls. The French panniers forming the draperies were edged with a deep fall of duchesse lace. The corsage was cut square and sleeveless, with finish of lace; diamond ornaments and bouquet of Marechal Niel roses.

Miss Minnie Lynch wore white satin, demi train over a petticoat of velvet brocade, with crystal trimmings corsage square and sleeveless, diamond ornaments and bouquet of Marechal Niel roses.

Miss Julia Perkins wore white satin, demi-traine, covered with tulle; corsage cut square and sleeveless, with garniture of Marechal Niel roses; diamond ornaments.

Mrs. Will Garrison, nee May Beard, wore her bridal robe of white duchesse satin, long court train over a petticoat richly embroidered with pearls and crystals, with side panels of deep pleatings trimmed with orange blossoms; corsage square cut and sleeveless, trimmed with crystal and pearl embroidery and duchess lace; with diamond ornaments.

Mrs. Parker, the mother of the bride, wore black gros grain made short, the skirt laid in box pleats; the draperies trimmed with jet; duchesse lace fichu, with topaz ornaments.

Mrs. D. Wilson, the grandmother of the bride, wore black satin, with draperies of satin brocade and corsage of black velvet; duchesse lace, and jet ornaments.

Mrs. Hadden, made short, with deep plaited skirt and full draperies; vest of duchesse lace, garniture of crimson satin poppies and diamonds.

Mrs. William Hull of Detroit, a cousin of the groom, claret-colored velvet with princess train, richly trimmed around the bottom and en tablier with gold-embroidered lace, duchesse lace and diamonds, with bouquet du corsage of Marechal Niel roses. A small bonnet of the velvet and gold lace combined will complete the toilet.

Mrs. Robinson, the mother of the groom, wore Lyons velvet, en tram, richly trimmed around the bottom and sides with black thread lace; point lace and diamonds, and a bonnet of velvet and lace completed the toilet.

Miss Lottie Carnes, cousin of the groom, wore pink satin, en train, with triple pleatings of satin around the bottom; long pointed draperies trimmed with Oriental lace; corsage cut square and filled with Oriental lace, lace sleeves; corsage bouquet of roses, and diamond ornaments.

Mrs. Hecker of Detroit, a ruby tinted satin, and brocade en traine, French panniers and vest of brocade; corsage bouquet of natural flowers, and superb diamonds; bonnet to match.

Mrs. Geo. N. Beard, black Lyons velvet en traine with trimmings of jet, point-lace and diamonds; bonnet of jet.

The family residence was handsomely decorated with flowers, the new married couple standing under a floral horse-shoe, with their monogram in flowers on each side. Refreshments were served in courses to the guests, an orchestra beguiling the time with a choice selection of music. Among the handsome presents received by the bride was a large chest of solid silverware presented by the officers of the Peninsular Car Works at Detroit.

Quarrelled With His Landlady.

Jacob Barnett is locked up at the Central District Police Station on the charge of disturbing the peace of Mrs. E. Comstock and Mrs. A. Manning of 1627 Washington avenue. He claims that because he refused to pay in advance for a room he was not permitted to remove his goods. On attempting it he was resisted and he struck one of the women. He claims that one of the ladies produced a revolver and that he was obliged to knock the holder down in self defense.

THE WILL SUSTAINED.

Rev. Mr. Barr's Bequest to Non-Ritualistic Divinity Students Must Be Carried Out.

Judge Woerner of the Probate Court rendered his decision to-day in the matter of the petition by Miss Mary Barr, daughter of the late Rev. Eglinton Barr, to set aside the clause in the will of the latter bequeathing $5,000 to be applied to the education of non-ritualistic aspirants to the Episcopal priesthood. It was claimed that the wording of the will, by reason of the rude divergence of opinion regarding what constituted ritualism, was void, but the Court decided to the contrary, and ordered the executor to invest the money in accordance with the testator's bequest, and the remainder in his hands to be paid to the heir-at-law.

CIVIL COURT NOTES.

Ida Salzgeber was appointed executrix of the estate, valued at $5,500, of the late John C. Salzgeber, without bond.

The will of Michael Slattery was to-day admitted to probate. He gives a leasehold at No. 1819 North Thirteenth street to his wife, $5 each to his daughters Mary and Annie and his stepson John Heffernan, and the remainder of his property to his wife.

The Bridal Bulletin.

Herman Schwanker, Old Manchester road, and Delia Parker, 34 Leonard avenue; Heinrich Dieckmann, 2600 Clark avenue, and Marie Ernst, 3429 Walnut street; William P. Samuel, 3519 Washington avenue, and Annie B. Wade, 3120 Lafayette avenue; Edward O'Brien, 1319 North Ninth street, and Sarah Cox, 1118 South Sixth street; George A. Gamache, 1705 Gratiot street, and Mary Neadrick, 1123 Chestnut street; Charles F. Stifel, 1901 North Fourteenth street, and Wilhelmina Klaibor, 3512 Market street; James S. Shaffner, 14 South Channing avenue, and Mary G. Dudley, 3202 Pine street; Henry W. Meckfessel, 1514 Montgomery street, and Annie L. Moenkamann, 1909 North Tenth street; Jacob Heindermann, Eleventh and Biddle streets, and Sophia Sachtong, Sixteenth and Benton; John E. Hargate, 1806 North Eighteenth, and Katie Hubbard, 1436 Sullivan avenue; Louis C. Haynes, 1333 Washington avenue, and Aithea Garrott, 3227 Chestnut street; Gustav Wenger, Fourteenth and Mullanphy streets, and Emma Hilmer, Jefferson avenue and Montgomery street; Ernst Harring, Eleventh street and Geyer avenue, and Clara Westel, 2014 South Eleventh street; Gilbert Sanderson, of Milton, Ill., and Belle Morton, Milton, Ill.; Otis E. Eledge, Milton, Ill., and Bettie P. Johnson, Bowling Green, Mo.; Fred. Militzer, Seventeenth and Dodier, and Carrie Altenbaumer, 1600 North Fifteenth; John H. Teckmeyer, Jefferson and Franklin avenues, and Philippine Wissler, 1009 North Eleventh; Herman Barth, Dauphin, Mo., and Mary Gesell, Rochester, N. Y.; Henry W. Vordenfeld, 1333 North Seventh, and Carrie Cramer, 916 Montgomery street, Harden P. Jones, 4806 North Twenty-first, and Margaret E. Thebeau, 1501 Angelrodt; Cassius G. Robinson, Detroit, Mich., and Ella D. W. Parker, 3029 Olive street; S. Alvin Finney, 2652 Pine, and Mary E. Barron, 17 South Twenty-second; George B. Barnes, 900 South Seventh, and Annie L. Pelham, 1813 Hoen; Ole Olsen, 1504 Pine, and Nellie Phillips, 1933 Morgan; Charles Rodermeyer, Alton, Ill., and Emma Arndt, 2620 Washington av.; John Slattery, 1017 North Twenty-third and Sophia Leviz, 1418 Poplar; Wm. Caffrey, Prairie avenue, and Lizzie Lohmann, Union avenue; John Ainsbaugh, 2704½ Chouteau avenue, and Alice B. Breson, same place.

Jack Bell's Gun Found.

Information was received from Mitchell, Ill., late this afternoon that John Bell's gun was found on the Mississippi River bank, two miles from Madison. It is thought that Bell, through some accident, fell into the river and was drowned. As soon as the result of the search party is heard from, if not successful, a reward will be offered for the recovery of Bell's body. Subscriptions will be taken on 'Change for the purpose of offering this reward.

To Meet Blaine.

A meeting of Republicans to consider an invitation of a committee from Evansville, Indiana, to participate in the demonstration on the event of the visit of Hon. James G. Blaine to that city on the 22d inst., will be held this evening at Parlor 22 of the Lindell Hotel. Representatives of the Central Committee from Evansville will be present to urge their claim upon the St. Louis Republicans on this occasion.

Grand Lodge Meeting.

The Grand Lodge A. F. & A. M. convened in its second day's session at 10 o'clock this morning. The only work of the morning was the reading of the Grand Treasurer and Grand Secretary's reports. At 12 o'clock adjournment was called until 2 o'clock this afternoon. The saloon question was called up for discussion this afternoon.

CARONDELET JOTTINGS.

A runaway team belonging to Wm. Heinrich of the Loughborough Place, broke down a lamp post this morning.

Sissie Sanderson, daughter of Dr. Sanderson, fell from the wagon of Mr. Sam Forder this morning. The wheels passed over her body twice. She sustained no serious injury.

A street car jumped the track last evening on Broadway and Robert street, striking a feed wagon belonging to H. Linstrath, throwing the driver and Willie Linstrath to the ground.

BELLEVILLE.

John O'Grady was bound over for the Grand Jury last evening on a charge of assault to kill preferred by Robert Allison.

John Wyley, colored, was struck in the head by a falling plank last evening while at work at Storck's door factory, receiving an ugly wound.

John Wetzlaw, the veteran actor, was buried this afternoon in Walnut Hill Cemetery. The remains were followed to the grave by a large circle of sorrowing relatives and friends.

Joseph Meyer and his wife were jailed yesterday on a peace warrant sworn out by Mary Schamble. They each furnished $50 bond to keep the peace.

Burned to the Water's Edge.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

RALEIGH, N. C., October 15—The steamer Defiance, of the Clyde line, burned this morning to the water's edge at Newbern. Five hundred bales of cotton aboard was burned. Loss on the cotton, $25,000; on the steamer, $25,000.

Fought in the Morning.

John Conell, a laborer, about 50 years of age, living at 3134 Division street, got into a quarrel with his stepson before he got out of bed this morning. The stepson jumped on the bed, and kicked the old man, inflicting serious injuries on his body. Conell's wounds were dressed at the Dispensary, and he was sent to the hospital.

Lincoln and Stephens.

From the Augusta (Ga.) Chronicle.

Our friend C. F. Gunther of Chicago, whose collection of valuable manuscripts we have already referred to, sends us a copy of the following letter from Abraham Lincoln, the original of which is now in his possession:

"WASHINGTON, Feb. 2, 1848.

"DEAR WILLIAM—I just take up my pen to say that Mr. Stephens, of Georgia, a little, slim, palefaced, consumptive man, with a voice like Logan's, has just concluded the very best speech of an hour's length I ever heard. My old, withered, dry eyes are full of tears yet. If he writes it out anything like he delivered it our people shall see a good many copies of it. Yours truly, A. LINCOLN.

To W. H. Herndon.

"There was always a bond of sympathy between Lincoln and Stephens, in spite of wide divergence of opinions and habits before and after the war. We do not know to what speech of Mr Stephens the strange and fateful man who wrote the above letter regerred to, but some of our older readers may identify it. The Logan to whom Mr. Stephens was compared vocally was a Judge Logan of Illinois, a pioneer of that State and a local celebrity.

A Limited Marriage Contract.

From the San Francisco Bulletin.

The 12 year-old mother Aggie Hilton, was married to Frank J. Strange, her seducer, Wednesday evening, according to civil contract, the form of which was drawn up by Attorney Hassett. The contract embraced a clause by which Aggie has the power to annul it at the end of two years, if she so desires. Her mother was one of the witnesses, and stipulated with Strange that he should not live with Aggie until the expiration of the two years.

SCHOOL HYGIENE.

Bad Light and Ventilation Considered To-Day.

Second Day of the Public Health Meeting—A Practical Theme—Lively Discussion—To-Night's Programme.

Last evening's meeting of the Public Health Association was given up to fraternal and congratulatory speech-making, in which Mayor Ewing, Governor Crittenden and Dr. E. H. Gregory took part. Dr. Eliot being sick, his address was read by his son. Dr. A. L. Gihon, president of the association, gave his annual address, in which he presented the sanitary responsibilities of the citizens.

The exercises of this morning began at 9:30 o'clock, with President Gihon in the chair. The political news of last night must have had a very depressing effect even upon the scientists, as only about fifty were in the hall at the hour of opening, and the number was not remarkably increased during the morning session. According to the announcements of the Committee of Arrangements made by Dr. Homan, carriages will be taken at the Southern this evening at 7:15 and a drive enjoyed through the brilliantly lighted streets. To get the full benefit of the illumination to-night's meeting will be called to order half an hour later, at 8:30. Invitations were read from Col. Isaac Cook to visit his wine cellars, and from the Fair Association to examine the various attractions of their grounds. The following were elected members of the association: Dr. John J. Green of the Pittsburg Board of Health; Dr. J. W. Craig, member of the Ohio State Sanitary Association, Mansfield; Dr. H. F. Hoyt, St. Paul; Dr. T. Griswold Comstock, St. Louis; Dr. S. C. Johnson, Hudson, Wis.; Dr. B. C. Reynolds, Lake Geneva, Wis.; Shipper Wallace, Burlington, N. J.; H. C. Townsend, St. Louis; Dr. T. B. Lerter, Kansas City; Dr. G. Hirt, St. Louis; Dr. E. H. Gregory, St. Louis; Wm. J. Evans, New York; Prof. L. Eddy, Danville, Ky.; Dr. G. M. Cox, Springfield, Mo.; Dr. J. C. Hearne, Hannibal, Mo.; Dr. H. F. Hereford, Kansas City; Dr. Albert Merrell, St. Louis.

Dr. Homan from the Committee on Compulsory Vaccination stated that the complete report of last year obviated the necessity of submitting anything further on that question. Dr. Stephen O. Richey, of Washington, D. C., being absent, his paper on "The Hygiene of Eyesight in School Children" was read by President Gihon. The writer gave some startling facts concerning the lamentable increase of myopia in the United States, and, in his opinion, steps should be taken at once to stop its spreading and growing to a national affliction. Excess of study produced bad results, like indulgence in the appetites. Out of

1,000 STUDENTS

examined by Agnew, the ratio of myopia increased with the grades. Poor light and unnatural positions are some of the common causes. He proposed a remedy by not allowing the children to attend school until the period of second dentition is reached. He thought the eyes of all school children should be examined every six months, and in this way the progressive features of myopia might be observed. Regarding a disputed question of slate or paper he thought more danger lies in reading than in writing. Prof. D. A. Sargent of Harvard University followed with the report of the committee on school hygiene, in which the recommendation was made that circulars should be sent to the school teachers throughout the country to secure data on the subject of school hygiene. The report was accepted and the committee continued after being increased to seven. Rev. John D. Bingless, chaplain U. S. Navy of Brooklyn, N. Y., read the paper on "Cottonseed Oil and Food," prepared by Prof. Charles E. Munroe, S. B., of the Naval Academy, Annapolis, Maryland. Dr. Felix Formento of New Orleans read a quite exhaustive treatise on "School Hygiene," giving an elaborate description of the details to which teachers should give their attention in order to realize the motto, "Mens sana in corpore sano." He depreciated the abstract teaching of to-day and thought it could be made more satisfactory by explanations. He dwelt upon the value of the disregarded calisthenics which should not be designed in any educational system to make acrobats of children but to give them a good general constitution. In Belgium, where an excellent school system is established, the weak scholars are given tonics of cod-liver oil, etc., by the school inspector with good results. Three or four languages, in his estimation, though a very difficult acquirement was excellent practice for the vocal organs. The lassitude of scholars was a thing that should engage the attention of all teachers. Sleep should not be less than nine hours. Singing and drawing should be learned in youth. Two months of vacation should be had in summer. Ideas and not words and names are the real end of education. The child needs above are good moral surroundings. The occupation of a teacher is a noble one. Dr. Formento, at the conclusion of his regular paper, presented a course of study modeled after that of Belgium, which is considered the best in the world, and a great part of which has been incorporated into the London schools. Children from 9 to 10 years should have only thirty hours of study a week; from 8 to 9, twenty-four hours.

Dr. E. S. Elder's paper on the "Sanitary Survey of the Schoolhouses of Indiana" was a clear presentation of

THE MANY DEFECTS

in the surroundings of the schools by the strict inspection authorized by the Legislature and heartily supported by the teachers. Forty-seven per cent of the schools are not fenced, and in fourteen per cent of the yards there are stagnant ponds. No arrangements are made in many cases for drying the clothing of children. In 30 per cent of the buildings there are no opportunities for ventilation. Stoves are in nearly general use, causing untold contamination of the pure air. No curtains are seen in many houses, and the blackboards, placed between windows and glossy, are injurious to the eyes. The poor supply of water is a crying evil, and the speaker noted that there were twelve school-houses in the State that depended for their water upon open ditches. The filthy condition of water closets is a subject of great importance, in view of the fact that in the State 85 per cent of the closets were never cleaned, and in many the inspector found dead animals, whose decay added to the polluting and diseasing stench. No child should be allowed to attend school until properly vaccinnated. In New York statistics show that 3,000 children annually lose their lives from foul air.

Although the Doctor started out by saying that his State's system was no worse than that of many other States, his startling statements concerning the foul water and air, the want of closets and the total lack of ventilation that prevailed in the best counties of the State caused the other delegates to look surprised at the thought that such a state of affairs might exist beneath their very noses.

The discussion of the subject of school hygiene as treated by the preceding papers was opened by Dr. Raymond of Brooklyn, N. Y., who dwelt upon the large number of children attending private schools, and the necessity of considering the welfare, also, of those schools. He was against allowing families to live in the school buildings as contagious diseases had broken out in them which swept through the entire number of scholars.

Hon. Erastus Brooks thought that sanitary education among children is as necessary as intellectual education. A sad picture had been presented from Indiana, but such facts are not confined to that State. In New York the school inspector, in his report to the Legislature, showed as bad a condition in some school districts as in Indiana. In Peekskill, the popular agitation aroused by the sanitarians resulted finally in the tearing down of a school house that had stood for fifty years, and was unfit for the occupancy of brutes, much less of children.

Dr. Pinckney Thompson of Danville, Ky., said he had never seen a school house in Indiana, New York and Kentucky that was properly ventilated. Wouldn't allow one of his children to step inside of such an institution, with such surroundings. He denounced the step climbing that children are subjected to in the high buildings. There are hundreds of women all over the country who are feeble and sickly to-day, just from the evil of stair climbing in their school days. In his own city he had seen girls taken out of schools repeatedly from the painful results of the ascent of stairs and the depressing influence of the

FOUL AIR.

It can be successfully withstood by the boys, but it is death on the girls. Dr. Reed of Mansfield, Ohio, gave an account of the manner of teaching in the olden time, and was followed by Dr. Gihon, who arose to emphasize the statements of Dr. Thompson regarding foul air, and said that he never entered a school house without recognizing the parotites air. Dr. P. H. Bryce, of Toronto, showed the value of ventilation in the statement that under his observation in May when the windows of the school were opened freely the cases of sickness among scholars fell 50 per cent. In November the number increased again and continued till spring again. Dr. A. N. Bell of New York, and Rev. D. C. Jacokes of Pontiac, Mich., continued the condemnation of the popular methods of ventilation. Mr. Lyndon A. Smith of the Bureau of Education, Washington, was invited to address the meeting, and gave a brief summary of some of the results of the Bureau's investigations. Dr. G. P. Conn of Concord, N. H., stated the leading principle of ventilation is that a cubic inch of fresh air must force out of the room an equal amount of air. Dr. Wm. Bailey of Louisville, Ky., spoke of the value of water traps, and Dr. Early of Indiana took the position that the American nation has the alarming notion that a child must enter a school as soon as it begins to toddle, an idea that is vicious in all its results. Dr. Fee of Kansas City said that there has been a discreet silence on the undoubted fact of infantile disease being because of myopia. He protested against saddling all the defective eyesight upon teachers and school boards. In his mind the average scholar has his school house better ventilated and lighted than his own abode. His objections to the trend of the previous debate was applauded. Dr. Gustave Devron of New Orleans said that nowadays rich mothers to escape the worry of the young send them to school and transform the teacher into a nurse. The other class is the mothers that send their juveniles to school too soon, that they can go out to work without their care. The discussion was continued until the hour of adjournment at 2:30. Owing to a mistake of the mails the paper forwarded by Prof. Ed. M. Hartwell, of Johns Hopkins University, on "Physical Training in American Colleges and Schools," was not received. Several other interesting treatises were laid over for later consideration.

TO-NIGHT'S SESSION.

To-night there will be one of the most interesting sessions to the masses. "The Food we Eat and the Adulterations to Which we Submit," will be treated by Hon. Erastus Brooks of New York; "The Hygiene of Sailors," by Surgeon Walter Hyman, United States Marine Hospital service; "Beer, its Adulterations and How to Detect Them," by Prof. H. B. Cornwall of Princeton College; "Cremation as a Safeguard Against Epidemics," by Rev. John D. Bengless, United States Navy; "Ultimate Sanitation by Fire," by Hon. J. M. Keating editor of the Memphis Appeal.

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Lot Plain Colored Trimming Velvets at $1 50; worth fully $2 00
Lot Plain Black Trimming Velvets at $1 25; richly worth $1 75
Lot Plain Colored Rhadames at $1 00; would be good value at $1 40

ELEGANCE AND COMFORT.

Lovely Novelties in Cloaks and Wraps for This Season.

In cloaks, wraps and other outer garments for cold weather there are numbers of pretty styles this season. The Newmarket holds its own to some extent as a favorite, but short cloaks will be popular, and are likely to supercede long garments in large measure. Lovely materials are offered, such as brocade plushes, velvets, silks and others. To get an idea of what beautiful cloaks and wraps are in the market the best place to go is B. Nugent & Bro's, 817-821 North Broadway. In their cloak department the largest, finest and most varied stock ever seen in St. Louis. All of the latest European styles and novelties in the most elegant materials are there and some marvels of beauty are shown. Nugent not only has the largest stock in the West, but owing to the extensive trade and enormous cash purchases of the firm the prices are the lowest.

The Weather.

From all stations beautiful weather is reported, and the indications all that it will continue so in this locality for the next few days. The readings to-day by Aloe, optician, were as follows:

8 a. m.	59
9 a. m.	61
10 a. m.	63
11 a. m.	64
12 m.	66
1 p. m.	68
2 p. m.	68
3 p. m.	69

Surprised.

Fifteen days ago Mr. R. G. Butler resigned the agency of the Pacific, United States, and Baltimore and Ohio Express Companies, to accept the position of superintendent of the western division of the Wabash Road. At noon to-day, while at the express office, he was suddenly surrounded by the 300 employes of the express companies and presented with a solid silver water set, champagne bottle and cooler. The affair was a pleasant surprise, coming as it did from his ex-subordinates.

The Illumination To-Night.

In order to give the members of the National Conference of Charities and Corrections, The American Health Association and The National Carriage Builders' Association a chance to view the grandeur of the St. Louis street illumination, and to see how light is made to predominate over night, all the jets will be lit this evening. The illumination will begin at 7 p. m. and all the lights will be extinguished at 10 o'clock p. m.

Mysteriously Missing.

E. N. Reaser, the assistant city attorney at the Second District Police Court, has not been seen nor heard of at the court since last Saturday. Judge Dennison has had to appoint other attorneys to try cases and his other work has been neglected so as to blockade the business of the court. The attention of Mayor Ewing has been called to the matter.

Arrested for Perjury.

This afternoon Gus Scheel presented himself to Judge Noonan as bondsman for Dr. Fitzporter, who was convicted in the Court of Criminal Correction this morning. After examining Scheel as to his property qualifications, the Judge ordered his arrest for making a corrupt voluntary oath.

Failed for $2,000.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEVADA, MO., October 15.—Urner & Prewitt, harness makers, have failed. Liabilities, $3,000.

EARNEST WORKERS.

The Third Day's Session of the Conference of Charities and Correction.

Interesting Papers and Discussion on the Management of Reformatories—Spirited Lady Debaters—Pen Pictures of Distinguished Delegates.

The third day's session of the Conference of Charities and Corrections opened this morning with a pretty full attendance of delegates. After prayer by Rev. J. L. Milligan, the honorary secretary, Bishop Gillespie made a few remarks, in which he referred briefly, but feelingly, to the death of William G. Dewing, a prominent member of the conference. Hon. A. E. Elmore of Wisconsin then offered a resolution instructing the committee on publication to procure suitable portraits of the ex-presidents of the conference, the present incumbent, Hon. W. P. Letchworth, and Rev. Fred H. Wines, to be bound, with the proceedings of the present conference. The resolution was adopted, and Mr. Elmore, as chairman of the committee on the organization and management of Reformatories and Houses of Refuge, took the chair. Ex-Gov. Anderson, of Kentucky, desired to read a paper on the management of prisons and penitentiaries, which, however, treated of the subject under consideration. Some objections were made, but finally, after a little discussion, the Governor, on motion, was permitted to read the document. It was prepared by Mr. Laverty, the principal keeper of the

NEW JERSEY STATE PRISON

and treated in a general way of such points considered necessary to thorough discipline, the saving of children from crime. The writer argued that for the successful conduct of a reformatory the essentials were: cleanliness, exercise under proper restraint, the separation of the youthful offenders from the older criminals, work for the inmates. The reading of this paper consumed a good portion of the morning session, and some of the delegates manifested some anxiety to begin the discussion on the subject. Before any motion could be made to that effect, Rev. Dr. Wines moved that Dr. J. D. Scouller, superintendent of the Reform School at Pontiac, Ill., be permitted to read a paper he had prepared, which, although not confined to the subject under discussion would prove very interesting. Some slight objection was made, but the motion being put it carried by a unanimous vote. The Doctor's paper treated of the more juvenile characters. It was replete with anecdotes, humorous and pathetic, and proved a rare treat. Many practical suggestions were made by the Doctor which were not lost on the audience. At the conclusion of the reading President Letchworth announced that Prof. Snow would give the delegates information during the afternoon regarding reduced railroad fares.

A lively debate was occasioned by the introduction of a resolution, afterward withdrawn, limiting the published proceedings of the conference to a book of 350 pages.

The discussion on the papers read was then begun, Mr. Bonsall of Pennsylvania being the first to speak. The suggestion of some of the male delegates regarding the introduction of female labor in reformatories to do the work of boys brought Mmes. Spencer, Hobbs, DeArcambie, Hoffmann, Wardner, and Sperry to the front and a spirited debate ensued, in which the ladies came out first best. At 12:30 o'clock the conference took a recess until 2:30 p. m.

The programme of this afternoon was the reading of reports, papers, and discussions on child saving work.

SKETCHES OF DELEGATES.

One of the most active and hard-working members is Prof. A. O. Wright of Madison, Wis., secretary of the conference and editor of the proceedings of the conference. The professor is secretary of the State Board of Charities of Wisconsin, and the author of a text book of the constitution of his State and the United States.

Ex-Gov. Charles Anderson, formerly Governor of Ohio, but now once more a resident of his native State, Kentucky, is perhaps the most venerable of the delegates present. He is not officially connected with any charitable or correctional institution, but is a volunteer, earnest worker in the cause. The Governor is a brother of Major Anderson of Fort Sumpter fame.

Hon. H. H. Giles is a member of the Wisconsin State Board of Charities and is one of the oldest and most active members of the Conference, being one of the organizers. He is a Prohibitionist and was formerly chairman of the State Central Committee of that party in his State.

Miss Zilpah D. Smith, the lady who took such an active part in yesterday's talk on charity organization in cities, is young and pretty, vivavious and a ready debater. She is registrar of the associated charities of Boston, and being wealthy, devotes her entire time to the cause without remuneration.

Frost in Virginia.

PETERSBURG, VA., October 15.—There was a heavy frost in this section last night, doing some damage to vegetation. The weather is very cold here to-day.

ALMOST A HORROR.

How the Bob-Tail Car Victims Narrowly Escaped Burning Alive.

A Broken Oil Lamp Adds to the Perils of Their Position—Miss Nash Still Living, but Unconscious—The Conductor-Drivers Complain They are Over-Worked—An Anti-Bob-tail Crusade Threatened.

"You had a good account of the bob-tail car catastrophe on Papin street," said Mr. Berger, one of the victims, to a POST-DISPATCH reporter, "but there was one point in connection with it which was overlooked. In the crash on the corner of Fourteenth and Papin streets, the street car lamp was thrown out of its box and broken into fragments, and the kerosene it contained was spilled all over the passengers. Thank God the light was extinguished when the lamp broke. Had the spilled kerosene ignited there would have ensued a scene of indescribable horror. I have a strong personal interest in the possibilities of the occasion as, when I managed to jerk myself free from the crowd of passengers who were dumped upon the sidewalk, I found that my clothes were saturated with the oil." Several other passengers were questioned on the subject and they all stated that they had been, more or less, sprinkled with the kerosene from the lamp. Comment on such a state of affairs as this is unnecessary. From a careful series of inquiries, it can be stated that the bob-tail car whose uncontrollable dash down-hill imperilled the lives of its passengers contained at the time of the accident not less than twenty people. Made to seat twelve passengers, it contained fourteen on the seats and at least six, possibly eight or ten, more were standing up. The driver, who made the dash through to the back of the car and jumped off to save their own lives had to throw the passengers aside as they did so. Just how frequently persons who use the Maxon blue-line bob-tail cars are in peril of a repetition of Monday night's disaster will be understood when it is stated that in the round trip the following grades are encountered: On Gratiot street, from Fourteenth to Sixteenth street; on Eighteenth, from Gratiot to Singleton; on Chouteau avenue, from Twenty-first street to Second Carondelet avenue, nearly four blocks; on Papin street from Sixteenth to Fourteenth, and a slight grade on the same street from Eighteenth street to Sixteenth street.

A reporter paid a visit this morning to the residence of Miss Maggie Nash, No. 801 Tayon avenue, and was informed by Mrs. Windegger, her sister, that she was still in a very critical condition.

THE CONSULTATION OF PHYSICIANS

had been held, and the result was a confirmation of the published diagnosis of Dr. Remme. The lady had only recovered consciousness once since the accident, and there was very serious trouble of the brain. On the way to the house the reporter had a chat with the driver of one of Mr. Maxon's blue bob-tails, who said that the real cause of the accident was a defective brake.

"I suppose you find it pretty hard work acting in the double capacity of conductor and driver?" the reporter asked.

"I should think we do," was the reply. "If we miss a nickel fare, like as not there'll be a spotter on the car to report us. Many's the time I'm worrying and fighting for a nickel when I ought to be giving my attention to the horse and the brake."

"Did you ever know a brake to refuse to act before?"

"Often sir, but never in such a tight place as that. There's only one brake on the bob-tails, and if that goes wrong, as it is apt to at any moment, the cars being old and many of them out of repair, there's only God's Providence stands between the car and a bust up. It's a funny thing, though, that when them brakes does go wrong, it's generally where it don't matter very seriously."

"But when it comes to a question between giving attention to the brake or the passengers, why don't you attend to the brake?"

"Sure a man's job depends more upon his looking after the fares than anything else. We can take chances about accidents, but we won't take any chances about our job."

"Don't you think that that driver ought to have given the passengers a chance to get off when there was danger instead of rushing off himself, the way he did?"

"Go driving a bob-tail yourself for $1 85 a day and see how you feel yourself on the subject. Whenever I have a brake bust on a down grade I'm going to look out for

MYSELF AND THE FAMILY

and let the passengers look out for themselves. If they can get off before me, it'll be because they find out what's the matter before I do."

Other conductor-drivers were seen and conversed with on the quiet, and the general opinion among them was that the accident was not due to any suddenly discovered defect in the brake, but as has been published in the POST-DISPATCH, to the fact that the driver's attention was occupied with the dispute about the fare until the car had gained such speed on the grade that the brake failed to work. They combined in saying that the only wonder was that accidents of the kind were not of more frequent occurrence. They argued that the division of a man's attention between the passengers, the horse and the brake involved a mental strain which deprived him from being able to perform any of his duties properly. When it came to a matter of selection the work of watching a passenger who had not paid his fare had invariably the preference over the care of the horse or the brake, and it had often happened with them that when danger threatened on a down grade they had come within a hair's breadth of having just such accidents as that of Monday evening. It is understood that that occurrence has aroused the patrons of the bob-tail lines throughout the city to a very spirited discussion of the question of why this go-ahead city should suffer from an infliction which Chicago banished ten years ago and whether a combined effort throughout the entire city would not accomplish the removal of these dangerous and uncomfortable affairs.

ABOUT TOWN.

JOHN PICKET and William Donahue, charged with larceny, are on trial to-day in the Criminal Court.

Two important cases of violating the vehicle license law were disposed of in the justices' court this morning.

The Board of Registration adjourned last evening till the 28th inst. The registration yesterday was not as large as was expected.

The city has taken an appeal from the recent decision of the Mount Vernon Appellate Court declaring John M. Sullivan City Treasurer. The case now goes to the Supreme Court.

ON account of his minority, G. Plemper Van Balen, charged with larceny, was sentenced to the Work House for thirty days from the Criminal Court. The original finding was for grand larceny.

GEORGE NEUBERT, a disabled soldier, and a member of Hassendeubel G. A. R. Post, has been appointed by Collector Whitney as watchman at the Custom House, in place of W. J. Dougherty, resigned.

BILLY FLORENCE presented Col. J. B. McCullagh with a live game cock this morning. Mr. McCullagh is going to have a coop built on the front porch of the G.-D. office, to let him crow until the November election.

In mentioning the nominations made for constable by the Republicans, a mistake was made in saying that Charles P. Weinel of the Fourth District was colored. Mr. Weinel indignantly denies the statement.

THE Board of Revision of Registration met this morning at 10 o'clock and elected James Bannerman vice-president. Without beginning work the Board adjourned to 3 o'clock, which will be the hour for the daily meetings.

The St. Louis Rowing Club, present champions of the Mississippi Valley, will hold a meeting to-morrow evening at the club rooms, Levee and Chouteau avenue, after which the members and their friends will join in a general jollification, celebrating their recent victory in the barge race with the Westerns. A big meeting is anticipated.

Grover's Taxes.

From the Springfield (Mass.) Republican.

The charge is made that Grover Cleveland never paid but $160 county taxes in his whole life. That does not include city taxes, and does not seem far out of the way for a man of moderate means. It is about as much, probably, as Mr. Lincoln or Gen. Grant paid before they were elected to the Presidency. But if it is a question of taxes quite likely Jim Blaine would take the cake. It does not appear that Mr. Cleveland has failed to pay any taxes rightfully due.

A Precious One.

From the Chicago Tribune.

"So you are the new girl," said the boarders to the pretty waiter lass; "and what name are we to call you?" "Pearl," said the maid, with a saucy toss of her head. "O!" asked the smart boarder, "are you the pearl of great price?" "No; I am the pearl that was cast before swine," retorted the pretty waiter. There was a long silence, broken only by the buzz of the flies in the milk-pitcher.

Didn't Count the Cost.

From the Philadelphia Call.

"That's a handsome suit you have on, Gus," remarked Gilhooly, admiring the new winter suit of his friend.

"Yes, it is a right nobby suit."

"How much does it cost?"

"I don't know. I've not been sued for it yet."

MORRISON RENSHAW, Conveyancer, Commissioner, Notary. H. W. SMITH, Jr., Practical Accountant.

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Financial correspondent for Eastern capitalists. Money loaned in any amount on city property at lowest rates.

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MONEY.

Wall Street.

NEW YORK, October 14.—Stocks opened strong and ¼@1½c higher; Lackawanna, Union Pacific and Grangers were the strongest shares; subsequently Lake Shore fell off 1c; general list declined ¼@¾.

NEW YORK, October 15.—Money 1@2. Bar silver 110¼. Stocks weaker. General decline in prices. Lackawanna fell off to 106¾; St. Paul to 79¾; Union Pacific to 57⅛. Pacific Mail to 55⅛. Threes 100; 4½s 112½; 4s 119¾; Pacific 6s of '95 125.

BOSTON, October 15.—Mexican Central 7s 74¾; bond scrip 70⅛.

Local Stocks.

Below will be found the latest buying and selling price, for local stocks in this market, corrected by James Campbell, 307 Pine street. Transactions light, however, and in some cases the price is nominal.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
BANK STOCKS.					
B'k of Com'rce	450	455	Laclede Bank	92	95
Boatmen's Sav	107	110	Lafayette	112½	..
Bremen Savings	100	..	Mechanics'	107½	110
Citizens' Saving	70	80	Merchants' Nat'l	93	95
Commercial	300	310	Mullanphy Sav	125	130
Continental	125	135	Northwestern Sav	135	..
Fourth National	200	225	Provident Savings	100	102
Fifth National	95	100	St. Louis Nat'n'l	122½	124
Franklin	140	..	State Savings	130	131
German Saving	175	180	Third National	85	87½
German American	140	150	Union Savings	50	55
International	90	95	Valley National	90	100
INSURANCE STOCKS.					
American Central	23½	24	Marine Ins. Co.	100	..
Citizens' Ins. Co.	120	125			
STREET RAILROADS					
Bellefontaine	104	109	St. Louis	55	57
Citizens'	95	100	Mound City	50	75
Lindell	..	145	Tower Grove	18	20
Missouri	130	..	Union	17½	20
People's	49	50¼	Union Depot	..	..
MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS.					
Bell Telephone	130	140	St. L. Cotton Com.	95	100
Belcher S. Ref.	40	50	St. L. Safe D. Co.	90	100
Carondelet Gas Co.	35	40	St. L. Ore & St. Co.	5	10
Fair Grounds	90	97½	St. L. Transfer Co.	70	72
I. M. Co.	500	600	U. R. W. & T. Co.	108	110
Laclede Gas Co.	80	86⅛	Union Depot Co.	..	..
St. Louis Gas Co.	325	350	Union Stock Y'ds.	100	105
St. Louis Elevator	95	100	Wiggins Fer. Co.	185	190

New York Closing Quotations.

Corrected daily by Tracy & Bell, bankers and brokers, 206 North Third street.

Stocks.	Opening	Height	Lowest	Closing
Central New Jersey	46	46	43⅝	44
Central Pacific	41⅜	41⅜	40⅝	40⅝
Chic., Bur. & Quincy	122	122	122	122
Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul	80¾	80⅞	78⅞	79⅛
Chicago and Northwest	92	92	89⅞	90⅛
Del. Lack & W	107⅛	107⅛	105⅝	105¾
Erie	14½	14½	13⅞	13⅞
Lake Shore	76⅝	76¾	74¼	74¼
Louisville & Nashville	26½	26½	26½	26⅛
Missouri Pacific	96½	96⅝	95½	95⅛
Missouri, Kansas & Texas	18¼	18⅝	18	18
Manhattan, Elevated	77¼	77¼	76	76
New York Central	95¾	95¼	93	93⅜
Northern Pacific	19¾	19¾	19	19
Northern Pacific pfd	44⅜	44⅝	42¾	42⅝
Oregon Transcontinental	13⅛	13⅛	13	13
Ohio & Mississippi	19	19¼	19	19¼
Ohio Central	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
Pacific Mail	56⅝	56⅝	55¼	55¼
Philadelphia and Reading	22⅛	22⅞	21⅝	22
St. P., M., and Manitoba	84	84	82	82
Texas & Pacific	11⅛	11¼	11	11
Union Pacific	58	58½	56¼	56½
Wabash, St. L. & P	5	5	4¾	4⅞
Western Union	65½	65½	64½	64½
West. Shore Bonds	43¾	43¾	42⅞	42⅞

Corrected daily by James Campbell, Banker and Broker 307 Pine street.

	When due.	Interest payable.	Bid.	Ask.
U. S. BONDS.				
3 ⅌ cent bonds		M. A. N. & F.	100	100⅛
4½ ⅌ cent bonds	1881	J. S. D. & M.	111⅝	111⅞
4 ⅌ cent bonds	1907	J. A. J. & O.	119¾	120⅛
RAILWAY BONDS.				
Mo. Pac. 1st m. 6's	1888	Feb. & Aug.	103½	104
Mo. Pac. Consols	1920	May & Nov.	90	92
Mo. Pac. 2d m. 7's	1891	Jan. & July.	105	107
Mo. Pac. 3d	1905	May & Nov.	100	102
No. Mo. 1st m. 7's	1895	Jan. & July.	110	111
K. P. 1st m. 6's	1895	Feb. & Aug.	106½	108
K. P. 1st m. 6's	1896	June & Dec.	106¾	108
K. P. D. Ex. 6's	1899	May & Nov.	107⅝	109
K. P. Consols	1919	May & Nov.	90	91
St. L. & M. 1st 7's	1892	Feb. & Aug.	110	113
ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.				
City 4's sterling, 10-20s	1902	May & Nov.	100	102
City 4's sterling, 10-20s	1908	Jan. & July.	100	102
City 5's sterling, 10-20s	1900	June & Dec	102	104
City 5's	1900	Jan. & July	106½	107½
City 6's currency	1886—87	Various.	103	104
City 6's gold	1893—93	Various.	108½	109½
City 6's sterling	1898	June & Dec.	113	116
City 6's water	1887	June & Dec.	103	104
City 6's water	1890	June & Dec.	106½	108
City 6's water	1892	April & Oct.	109	110
City 6's bridge approach	1892	June & Dec.	108½	109½
County 7's currency	1885	Feb. & Aug.	100	101
County 6's gold	1895—96	Jan. & July.	.....	113
County Park	1905	April & Oct.	116	118

*Interest to seller.

Clearings	$ 2,307,050
Balance	369,840

COMMERCE.

Closing Prices—1 P. M.

Grain—CHICAGO—Wheat—October 75½; November 76⅝; December 78⅜@78½; January 79⅛; May 85⅜. Corn—October 53⅛; November 51¾; year 42⅝; January 38⅛; May 40⅛. Oats—October 26¼; November 26⅛; December 26⅜; year 26¼; May 29⅛.

Provisions—CHICAGO—Pork—October $16 25; year $12 15; January $12 32½. Lard—October 7.22½; November 7.22½ b.; December 7.22½ b.; January 7.30; February 7.30. Short ribs—October 9.60; November 7.25; January 6.25.

TOLEDO—Wheat—October 74⅛; November 75⅛; December 74¼; January 79. Corn—October 58; year 42.

Afternoon Board—2 to 2:30 P. M.

Wheat and corn declined and were weak. Oats dull and nominal.

Wheat—October 77⅛ bid; November 78¾; December 81⅛@81¼ to 80⅞@81; year 77⅝@77⅛ b.; May 91¼@91⅜ to 91. Corn—October 48⅛ a.; November 41⅛@40⅞; year 35¾; January 34⅜ b.; May 37 and later 36⅞ a. Oats—October 26¼ b.; November 26⅛ b.; December 27⅛ a; year 26⅛ b.; May 29⅛ b.

Closing Prices—3 P. M.

Reported daily by REDMOND CLEARY & Co., No. 26 South Commercial street, St. Louis.

Grain—CHICAGO—Wheat—October —; November 76⅝; December 78¼; January 78⅞; May 85⅝. Corn—October 54; November 51⅝; year 42⅜; January 38⅛; May 40⅛@40¼. Oats—October 26⅛; November 26⅛; December 26⅜; year 26⅛; May 29⅛.

NEW YORK—Wheat—October —; November 88⅝; December 88⅛ b; January 90⅛; February 92⅛; May 97⅛. Corn—October 63; November 61; December 53⅛; January 49⅜; May 50. Oats—October 32⅛; November 32⅜; December 33⅜.

TOLEDO—Wheat—October 74⅛; November 75⅛ a.; December 76⅝ b.; January 78⅛ b.

BALTIMORE—Wheat—October 81⅜@82¼; November 83⅜@83¼; December 85¼@85⅛.

Provisions—CHICAGO—Pork—October $16 25; year $12 10; January $12 25. Lard—October 7.22½; November 7.20@7.22½; January 7.27½; February 7⅜. Short Ribs—October 9.60; November 7¼; January 6¼.

Cotton—NEW YORK — Futures closed steady; October 9.84; November 9.85; December 9.90; January 10.07; February 10.13; March 10.27; April 10.40; May 10.54; June 10.68; July 10.80. Sales 108,600 bales.

NEW ORLEANS—Futures at 1:05 p. m. barely steady. October nominal: November 9.58; December 9.69; January 9.73; February 9.99; March 10.04; April 10.19; May 10.35; June 10.50. Sales 37,800 bales.

Withdrawals from Elevators.

	To City.	To R. R.	To River.	Total
Wheat	20,230	30,469	—	50,699
Corn	7,363	3,363	—	10,726
Oats	2,382	—	3,901	6,283
Rye	1,500	—	—	1,500
Barley	414	—	—	414

Visible Supply of Grain.

	Oct. 11, '84.	Oct. 4, '84.	Oct. 13, 83.
Wheat	29,090,140	26,251,067	29,869,699
Corn	6,345,807	7,328,847	12,431,981
Oats	4,115,895	3,510,468	5,404,496
Rye	960,065	645,743	2,290,351
Barley	1,162,694	703,702	2,141,753

Stocks of Grain in Store.

	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Rye.	Barley
To-day	2,173,899	221,577	238,987	7,702	40,709
Yesterday	2,198,035	220,551	235,084	8,737	43,998

BY GRADE.

	No. 2 Red.	No. 2 Mixed.	No. 2.	No 2.
To-day	849,106	169,268	179,255	4,253
Yesterday	845,488	168,545	181,869	5,289

Movement of Wheat and Corn To-Day.

	Receipts.		Shipments.	
	Wheat.	Corn.	Wheat.	Corn.
St. Louis	50,291	8,259	20,480	7,061
Chicago	241,235	162,388	38,391	221,656
Milwaukee	57,010	1,440	—	—
Baltimore	64,562	6,796	84,176	—
Toledo	335,000	6,000	250,000	4,000
New York	348,975	13,498	152,292	982

CHICAGO INSPECTIONS—243 cars spring wheat, 60 cars winter wheat, 207 cars corn, 177 cars oats, 29 cars rye, 66 cars barley. By canal, 3,200 bu corn.

Grain Inspections.

INTO ELEVATORS—Wheat—4 cars No. 2 Mediterranean; 1 car No. 3 do; 1 car No. 3 hard winter; 36 cars No. 2 red winter; 14 cars No. 3 do; 5 cars No. 4 winter; 9 cars rejected do; 2 cars weevily; total, 72 cars. Corn—2 cars No. 2 mixed; 3 cars rejected do; total, 5 cars. Oats—11 cars No. 2; 5 cars rejected; 1 car no-grade; total, 17 cars. Barley—1 car No. 2 spring. 5 cars No. 3 do, total, 6 cars. Rye—1 car No. 2, 1 car rejected: total, 2 cars. Total in, 102 cars.

OUT OF ELEVATORS—Wheat—1 car No. 2 Mediterranean; 8 cars No. 3 do. 16 cars No. 2 red winter; 9 cars No. 3 do; 37 cars No. 4 red winter; 13 cars rejected do; 1car no-grade do; total, 85 cars. Corn—7 cars No. 2 mixed; 11 cars rejected; total, 18 cars. Total out, 103 cars.

Receipts and Shipments of Leading Articles for the Past 24 Hours.

Articles.	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, brls	4,273	10,907
Wheat, bu	50,291	20,480
Corn, bu	8,259	7,061
Oats, bu	17,505	4,135
Rye	1,100	—
Barley	19,930	—
Hay, tons	275	25
Pork, brls	29	118
Hams lbs	—	31,800
Meats, lbs	221,930	421,373
Lard, lbs	330	128,850
Grease, lbs	—	17,120

Commercial Notes.

The visible supply (New York compilation) shows an increase of 2,839,000 bu in wheat, 605,000 bu in oats, 315,000 bu in rye and 459,000 bu in barley, and in corn a decrease of 983,000 bu. For same week last year wheat increased 1,343,000 bu and corn decreased 983,000 bu, latter, it will be seen, exactly the same as this year. The difference between the Chicago and New York report on wheat is in part due to the former counting stocks at Minneapolis and St. Paul.—Bingham, the large New York exporter, says that Chicago wheat will be left out in the cold and will have to be carried over winter unless it drops 5 to 10c a bushel.—E. A. Kent & Co. of New York wire Thomas Akin: "Freight engagements yesterday about 5,000 bu; for past ten days about 2,500,000 bu, mostly at New York, for early shipments and for November loading and chiefly for the continent.—The gravest apprehensions are now felt among the Exchange members as to the safety of John Bell, the assistant Exchange caller. It is very much feared that he has met with a serious, perhaps fatal, accident. It is the earnest wish of all that Jack turn up safe and sound, but there is little hope of this.—Some of the new corn received in Chicago to-day graded No. 2.—There was a heavy break in October and November corn in Chicago this morning. The clique started to selling November and the crowd at once jumped in and hammered the market down rapidly.—"Old Hutch" was said to be selling November wheat at the lower rates today.—The Chicago Tribune predicted a 8c advance in wheat if Ohio went Republican, and wheat broke a cent. If West Virginia hadn't gone Democratic the Lord only knows how much lower the wheat market would have gone.—The committee appointed to arbitrate the September corn deal, after hearing the testimony of both sides, could not agree upon a price for settlement. The prospects are now that the small shortage still outstanding will be amicably settled by the longs and shorts without appealing to further arbitration.

The Markets.

FORENOON SESSION, CLOSING 1 P. M.

Wheat—The success of the Republican party in Ohio had a most depressing effect upon this market. To add to the weakness were dull and heavy cables, with red winter cargoes 6d. lower, liberal receipts in the markets of this country and an increase of 2,800,000 bus. in the New York report of the visible supply. Besides this the weather was magnificent, and the outlook favorable for a continued large movement from the country, and a furuher heavy increase in the visible. Reports from the seaboard were of large exports, but the markets East were weak and declining, while the West was badly depressed. In this market there was a feeble bluff made at the opening in an attempt to sustain prices, but there was too much for sale, and the general tenor of outside advices too bearish for the market to stand up under it. Prices went off 1@1½c and were weak until late. Then came a slight reaction, but the close was ⅝@¾c below yesterday's close. October sold at 77⅛ to 77½. November opened at 79¾ and declined almost steadily to 78⅝, late recovering to and closing at 79⅛. December opened at 81⅞ and declined to 80⅞@80⅞, then reacted to 81⅛, went off from this to 80⅞ and later advanced to 81¼ and closed at that. May sold at 91⅜ early off to 91 and back to 91⅜ at close. The market for cash was weak and No. 2 red sold ⅛@¼c below yesterday's lowest rate. Sales were rather slow and to the regular class of buyers; low grades were dull; No.2 red 77⅛@77 regular U,77⅝@77¼ E. side; No. 3 red 66⅝@67¼ this and 67⅛@67⅝ E. side; No. 4 60¼ in St. L., 62⅛ bid for V. and U.; rejected 54 bid for St.L.,56 for V. No. 2 Mediterranean 77⅛ bid for U.; No. 3 do. 67 in St. L. No. 1 do. 78⅛.

Corn weakened off in price, and the feeling locally was bearish. The clear cold weather, with the prospects of the good it would do the new corn, and its early advent, was too much for the markets. Even the decrease in the visible and the firmer cables failed to help any. Nearing the hour of noon came a serious break in the Chicago markets, October and November selling off to 51 and 50⅜ respectively, as the clique was thought to be unloading and the crowd sold heavily on the strength of this. Trading was light in the home market more through a lack of buyers than anything else. Late e' the session there was a stronger feeling and a recovery in price, but the close was at declines of 1½c for October, 1¼c for November, ⅛c for year, ⅜c for January and 1c for May from yesterday's close. October sold on noon call at 48⅛; November sold late at 41 to 41¾; year opened at 36⅛, declined to 35⅝ and closed at 35⅝ bid; January sold at 34⅝ to 34⅛. May brought 36⅝ on noon call. Cash No. 2 mixed declined ⅛, but was in order demand at the lower rates; other grades were scarce and firm. No. 2 mixed 48⅛@48⅜ regular, 48⅛@48⅝ in C., 49 E. side, 49⅛ in D.; No. 2 white mixed 60⅛ in St. L.; rejected do 55 bid for St. L.; rejected 47⅛ in St. L. No grade 43 bid for U.

Oats declined with the other cereals and were fully as weak, while the desire to sell was far ahead of any existing demand. October and year sold at 26⅛, and May from 29⅞ early down to 29⅛ late. November had 26⅝ bid early and December 27¼ bid, but later the former was offered at 26⅝ and December at 27⅛@27⅜. Cash grades were lower and slow; No. 2 26¼@26⅛ in St. L., in E. rejected 23 in D. 23¼ in St. L. and A. no grade 20⅛ bid for St. L.

Rye—Nominal. Bids on Call for No. 2 were 50 for regular and 51¼ for E. side; 48⅛ for rejected E. side.

Barley—Dull and unchanged. Quotations are as follows: Rejected 40; No. 3 47½@50; prime and strictly prime 50@55; choice 58@68; fancy 70@75.

Flour—No new features were developed in the market today. The demand from all sources was very light and the general trade of small proportions, values, however, remaining unchanged at the annexed quotations. We quote: Fine, superfine and x nominal at $2@2 25; xx $2 15@2 35; xxx $2 40@2 50; family $2 70@2 80; choice $3 20@3 30; tancy $3 70@3 80; extra do $3 95@4 10; patent $4 50@4 90. These prices are for lots on arrival at depot and levee; favorite brands 15 to 25c more and order lots higher.

Cornmeal—Unchanged at $2 60@2 65 on orders; pearl meal and grits at $3 50@2 75.

Rye Flour—Steady at $3 40@3 60.

Hay unchanged, only prairie and the best grades of timothy being sought after. Quotations are: Prairie $9 50@10 for prime to choice: mixed $7@10 for low to choice; timothy $10@12 for prime $13@14 for choice to fancy.

Provisions were quiet and steady. The demand was moderate and for small lots only, bacon being chiefly sought after. There is no speculative demand and buyers will not purchase any large amount, receipts of 22,000 hogs in Chicago, with 15,000 left over from yesterday, checking any bullish feeling that might have prevailed. Pork was dull and unchanged at $16 50 for old and $16 75 for new mess. Prime steam lard nominal at 7⅛@7¼. Loose dry salt sold on spot at 9.40 for partly-cured longs and 9⅜ for c'ribs; boxed shoulders at 6⅛, longs at 9⅝, c'ribs at 9¾@9⅞ and shorts at 10¼. Packed bacon shoulders sold at 7⅛, longs at 10⅞ to 11@11⅛, c'ribs at 11⅛ and shorts at 11⅜, and loose shorts at 11.40@11⅛. Hams 12¼@13⅛. Breakfast bacon 13@14. Beef—Family $10@12 ⅌ brl, according to brand: on orders higher, $6@7 ⅌ ½-brl; dried 12@13, selected 15; smoked tongues $5@5 50 ⅌ dozen. Tallow—Prime in oil barrels 6½c; do in irregular packages ¼c less; No. 2 5¾@6; tallow grease 5½. Grease—Brown 4½@4¾; yellow 5@5¼; white 5½@6. Salt—Domestic $1@1 10 per brl as in size of lot; ground alum $1 10 ⅌ sack—small way higher.

Highwines — Local market steady at $1 12; sales 66 brls. Cincinnati steady at $1 11. Chicago unchanged at $1 13. Peoria $1 11.

Lead quiet and unchanged. The large sales lately made have well supplied local dealers and there is little demand. Refined and common are held at $3 50.

Grass Seeds—Offerings small but the market firm. Timothy in demand at $1 25@1 30. Clover firm $4 75@5 00. Red top steady at 30@33. Sales 15 sks clover at $4 95; 24 sks timothy at $1 27; 3 sks do at $1 20.

Flaxseed—Very firm; good car lots quoted at $1 32, and small sacked lots at $1 31.

Castor Beans—Prime in demand at $1 90.

Cotton-Belt Bulletin (Latest).

WAR DEPARTMENT SIGNAL SERVICE U. S. ARMY. ST. LOUIS. October 14, 1884, 3 P. M.

Division of telegrams and reports for the benefit of Commerce and Agriculture.

DISTRICT	Max. Temp.	Min. Temp.	Rainfall
1 Wilmington	80	62	.00
2 Charleston	81	61	.00
3 Augusta	82	61	.00
4 Savannah	93	62	.00
5 Atlanta	85	62	.00
6 Montgomery	88	61	.00
7 Mobile	89	62	.00
8 New Orleans	88	64	.00
9 Galveston	87	62	.00
10 Vicksburg	86	61	.00
11 Little Rock	85	58	.00
12 Memphis	81	61	.00
Means	85.4	61.4	.00

Posted in St. Louis, Mo., at 9 a. m. October, 15, 1884.

G. A. WEBER, Corporal Signal Service, U. S. A.

Cotton.

Advices were not very favorable to-day, and both spots and futures were without strength, New York being 1-16 lower for spots, and five or six points off for futures, while New Orleans remained unchanged and quiet for spots, and lower for futures. Speculative trading was increased at the decline, but still was only moderate. Local trading was quiet and the sales for the day below 600 bales; tone was easy and values declined 1-16 on white.

LOCAL SPOT QUOTATIONS—Low ordinary 6⅛; ordinary 8⅛; good ordinary 9; low middling 9¼; middling 9⅝; good middling 9¾; middling fair 10⅛. Stained—Low middling 9 15-16; good ordinary 8 3-16; middling 9 3-16.

RECEIPTS, SHIPMENTS AND STOCK.—Gross receipts to-day 1,945 bales, against 1,799 bales last year; since September 1, 1884, 23,792 bales against 32,227 same time last year; shipments to-day 1,301 bales against 1,254 bales last year; since September 1, 1884, 16,355 bales against 20,928 bales same time last year; stocks in compresses and warehouses to-day 8,939 against 16,187 bales.

LIVERPOOL.—Uplands 5 9-16d; Orleans 5⅝d. Sales 10,000 bales. Futures closed steady. October and November 5 32-64d; November and December 5 33-64d; December and January 5 34-64d; January and February 5 37-64d; February and March 5 41-64d; March and April 5 45-64d; April and May 5 48-64d.

Wholesale Store Prices.

ALCOHOL—We quote at $2 22 ⅌ gal.

BAR LEAD—4¼c ⅌ ℔.

BROOMS—We quote common to medium $1 50@1 75; fair to prime $2 25@2 50; extra $2 75@3 15 ⅌ doz.

CANDLES—Star 12c; solar sperm 19c ⅌ ℔.

COFFEE—Ordinary to fair Rio 10@11; prime and choice 12½@13; golden Rio 13½@14½; Java 21@27; Arbuckel parched 15½.

CORDAGE—Sisal 8¼@9¼c.

COTTON YARNS, ETC.—We quote St. Louis cotton yarns 18½c ⅌ ℔; twine 19c; rope 16½; warp, white and colored, 18½@24c; candle wick 20; batting 10½@12½.

DRUGS, ETC.—Alum ⅌ ℔ 3@4c; aloes, cape 20c; blue mass 45c; borax, refined 12@16c; blue vitrol 8@10c; brimstone, roll 3¼@4c; do flour 4@5c; bal. copaiba 55c; cantharides $1 75, Chloriform $1 00; copperas 2@3¼c; cream tartar 20@40c; camphor 25c; calomel 75@$1 00; Epsom salts 3@3¼c; glue 15@25c; gum arabic 25@60c; iodine $2 50; iodide patassium $1 40; ipecac $1 25; indigo 70@80c; jalap 40c; logwood 4@5c; lunar caustic 85c; liquorice 30@35; madder 13c; magnesia carb. 25@35c; morphine ⅌ oz. $3 30; oil bergamot $2 25@2 50; opium $4 22; oil lemons $2 00; peruvian bark 85@$1 50; quinine $1 05; cinchonidia sulphate 40@45c; rhubarb $1 00; sal soda 2@3c; soda, bi. carb. 4@5c; saltpetre 6@11c; tartaric acid 50c.

FISH—We quote: No. 1 white, half barrels, 100 ℔s, $6@7, quarter barrels at $3 30@3 70; No. 1 trout, half barrels at $5; quarter barrels $2 80. Columbia River Salmon—New catch, 200 ℔ brl $15; 90 to 100 ℔ half brl, $7 25@8; quarter brl $4 05. Herring—Labrador 200 ℔ brl $4 50; 100 ℔ half brl $2 75; Potomac Roe half brls $6 50; Halland 75; codfish, boneless 4½@7; selected Georges 8½; smoked halibut 15.

Mackerel	Brls 100 ℔	Hfs. 100 ℔	Hfs. 90 ℔	Qrs. 50 ℔	Kits. 15 ℔	Kits. 12
No. 1	11 50	6 25	5 70	3 20	1 00	85
No. 2 Shore	9 00	5 00	4 55	2 55	88	74
No. 2 Large	10 00	5 50	5 00	2 80	95	80
Fat Family	5 50	8 25	3 00	1 68	62	53
Tinkers	5 50	3 25	3 60	1 68	62	53
No. 1 Bay	15 00	8 00	7 25	4 00	1 35	1 10
No. 1 Extra	18 00	9 50	8 60	4 80	1 55	130
No. 1 Shore	20 00	10 00	9 50	5 30	1 70	1 40
No. 1 Shore Mess	22 00	11 50	10 40	5 80	1 85	1 50
No. 1 Ex. Shore	25 00	13 00	11 75	6 55	2 10	1 70
No. 1 Ex. Shore Mess	28 00	14 50	13 00	7 30	2 30	1 90
Bloaters	30 00	15 50	14 00	7 80	2 45	2 00
Bloater Messed	33 00	17 00	15 35	8 55	2 70	2 20

FRUITS, ETC.—Repacked oranges $2 50@3 ⅌ box; cocoanuts $4 50 ⅌ hundred; raisins, layers $2 50, Muscatelle $2 70, London do $2 90 ⅌ box; Valencia new 7½ ⅌ ℔; figs 16 ⅌ ℔; citron, candied, 25@26; prunes 6½; almonds 20@22 ⅌ ℔; filberts 15@16; pecans, Texas 10, Western 8c.

GLASS—(60 ⅌ cent off). Single thick A: 6x8 to 10x15 $8 00; 11x14 to 16x24 $8 50; 18x22 to 20x30 $10 50; 15x36 to 24x30 $10 75.

LEATHER—Oak sole 38@41 ⅌ ℔; do in rough 20@28; hemlock 24@28; harness, finished, 30@38; skirting, finished, 36@40; bridle, finished, $40@60 ⅌ doz; do in rough $26@30; upper $28@45; kipskin, finished, $36@90; do in rough $33@60; calf finished $30@45; do in rough $20@30; linings $10@11; roans, assorted colors, $9@12; pad skins $5@10.

LIME, ETC.—Lime 90c@$1 ⅌ brl; plaster Paris $2@4; cement $1 30@1 50; Portland do $3 60@4 50; land plaster $1 40@1 60 ⅌ brl, $10@12 ⅌ ton in sks; bone meal $1 75@2 ⅌ 100 ℔s; hair 30@35c ⅌ bu.

MOLASES, &c.—Golden syrup in brls 38; half brl 40; kegs 42; half kegs 47; Sugar-house syrup molasses in brls 30; half brls 33; kegs 38; half kegs 43. Corn syrup in brls 31 ⅌ gallon; wood bound kegs $1 55; iron bound kegs $1 65. Plantation molasses 50@60; centrifugal 35@40.

OILS—Carbon, 112 test, 10¼; 150 10¾; 175, 14¾; Linseed raw 50, boiled 53c. Lard, winter 66; neatsfoot 74@85; tanners' 52@55 ⅌ gal; castor, No. 3 at 17; No. 1 at 18 ⅌ ℔. White lead 5¾.

OYSTERS, SARDINES, ETC.—Oysters, choice brands, 2-℔ $1 85@1 90; do 1-℔ $1 00@1 10; light weight, 2-℔, $1 00@1 10; do 1-℔ 60c; Lobsters, 2-℔, $2 75@2 85; do 1-℔ $1 75; Salmon, 2½-℔, $3 00; 2-℔, $2 50; 1-℔, $1 40@1 60; Sardines 13@22 ⅌ half box; 6@12 ⅌ quarter box.

PICKLES—Gherkins, gallons, per dozen, $4; half gallons $2 75; quarts, $1 65; pints, $1 10. English quarts, assorted, $6@6 50; English pints, $3 50. In bbls 30 gallons; medium, $5 75; small, $6 75; gherkins, $7 75; half bbls medium, $3 50; small, $4; gherkins, 4 50.

POWDER—Rifle $3 25 per keg; mining $1 90@2.

RICE—We quote Louisiana 6@6½c; Carolina 6¾@7c per lb.

REFINED SUGAR—Cubes 8, fine powdered 8, powdered 8, granulated 7. Standard A 6¾, off A 6½, extra C —, standard C —, yellow C —. Louisana open kettle 6@6¼, pure white 7, refined yellow —.

ROSIN, etc.—Rosin: N $4 75; M $4 00; K 4; I $3 50; H $3 00; G $2 75; F and E $2 40@2 50. Pine tar $3 50; Navy Pitch $3 50@3 75 ⅌ brl. Spirits Turpentine 32 ⅌ gal.

SACKS—Gunnies, 2½-bu improved 11½; seamless cotton 18@24, burlaps oat, 4-bu, 9¾; 5-bu do and wheat 10½; flour, cotton 8½; wool 28@35.

STARCH—Pearl 3¼@3½c. Corn 6¾@7c ⅌ ℔.

SOAP—Palm 3¼; extra family and olive 4¾; German, mottled, 5¼@6; castile cakes and bars 9@9½; imported castile 11@12 ⅌ ℔.

TEA—Imperial 40@75; gunpowder 60@90; young Hyson 40@81; black 25@75; Japan 30@75 ⅌ ℔.

WOODENWARE—Pails, 2-hoop $1 65 ⅌ doz; 3-hoop $1 90; Tubs, 3 in nest $1 85; do 5 $2 20, do 8 $2 65; Tubs, No. 1 $8 ⅌ doz; No. 2 $7, No. 3 $6; churns, oak grained, No. 1 $9 50, No. 2 $8 50, No. 3 $7 50, No. 4 $6 50; plain 50c less.

Country Produce.

APPLES—Steady, and unchanged in price. There was a fair demand for good shipping and fancy eating fruit, but soft, small, knotty, wormy and inferior stock rule as dull as ever. We quote: Choice (sound and well-packed) at $1 75@2; fair to good $1 40@1 60, and common at $1@1 25 ⅌ brl.

DRIED FRUIT—In good request and firm. Apples—Prime bright quarters at 4¼@4⅜, fair to good do 3¾@4¼; common and mixed 3@3½, peelings and cores 1@1½; evaporated 7@8. Peaches—Choice halves 7; good to prime do 6½@6¾; quarters and mixed 6@6½; blackberries 8@9.

POTATOES—Large supply and light demand: weak at 30@33 ⅌ bu.

ONIONS—Firm, higher and in demand. We quote choice Iowa red at 95c ⅌ brl and 40c ⅌ bu in sks.

BUTTER—No change to note in the general tone—Offerings continue liberal, demand only fair from the local trade, and market quiet and barely steady. We quote: Creamery—Choice and fancy 25@28; selections 29@30. Dairy—Choice to fancy 20@22, to 23@24 for selections: prime 15@18; fair 12@14; low 6@8. Near-by make at 8 for low to 13@14 for choice.

EGGS—Slow sale at 14c for fresh; inferior stock less.

LIVE POULTRY—The demand was good for both old and young chickens at steady rates; sales ranged: Old chickens—Cocks at $2 25@2 40, mixed $2 50@2 75, and hens $3@3 25. Springs—Small and thin $1 25@1 50, fair to good sized $1 75@2 25, and choice large $2 50@2 75; ducks $2 50@2 75; turkeys $4@7; geese $3@4 for plucked, and $5@5 50 for feathered.

GAME—Grouse steady and in fair demand. Ducks and deer slow sale. Quail sold well at $1 50 for large; small and thin (mainly of receipts) not wanted. Pheasants quiet at $5. We quote: Selected grouse at $4 50. Duck—Common mixed $1 25; wood and teal $1 50, and mallard $2 50; snipe $1 50; woodcock $4; wild turkeys 12½c ⅌ ℔; venison saddles 10@12½, and deer carcasses 5@6 ⅌ ℔.

WOOL—Quiet and easy. We quote: Tub washed—Choice 29; fair 27; dingy and low 23@25. Unwashed—Choice medium 20½@21; fair medium 18@19; selected light fine 17@18; good 16@17; heavy 14@16; choice combing 20@20½; combing, lower grades 15@17. Kansas—Choice bright medium 17@18; good do 14@16; light fine 15@16; heavy 13@14; low and coarse 11@12, Texas—Choice 12-months' growth 20½; fall clip 15½; heavy Western 11@13, black 2@5c less, and burry, cotted, etc., 3@10c less. Southern burry 8@10.

HIDES—Unchanged. We quote: Dry Flint 16½; damaged 13½; dry salt 12; No. 2 10; bulls or stags—Flint 10; salted 9; glue stock 5. Green—Salted 9; damaged 7; veal calf skins 11½; bulls or stags 6; green (uncured) 7@7¼; damaged 5¾; glue 3.

SHEEP PELTS—Dull. Quote: Large green 55@65; do dry 45@55; green shearlings 15@30; dry do 5@25.

DEER SKINS—Quiet and steady at 18 for prime dry.

FEATHERS—Lower. We quote: Prime live geese 49 in large sks and 50 in small; unripe, quilly, etc., 40@47; mixed 10@35; tare 3 and 10 ⅌ cent.

BEESWAX—Scarce and in demand at 28 for choice.

ROOTS—Ginseng $1 80@1 85; Seneca 33@37½; snake 13; blood 2½; may apple 3; golden seal 12½; black 6; angelica 4; pink 14.

LIVE STOCK.

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.	Horses & Mules
Receipts	3,877	8,902	2,607	167
Shipments	285	191	—	24

CATTLE—The receipts to-day were the largest for many a week. During the morning, when business was mostly local in character, the market was no better and no worse than that of the day before, and considering the liberal offerings which amounted to fully 160 car loads, a large part of which had been carried over from yesterday, and the number of undesirable stuff offered, prices were remarkably well sustained, and the sales made were at figures fully as good as were current yesterday in many instances. There was but one load of really good natives among the arrivals, the fresh receipts consisting of range cattle, a large proportion of which were common. Doubtless the market will be lower, and especially on the poorer descriptions, as buyers, outside of local traders, did not appear very anxious to take hold, the morning's business being entirely on local account. The feeling was not too strong and many salesmen looked for lower prices before the close.

RULING QUOTATIONS—Exporters $6 35@6 65; good to heavy steers $5 50@6 20; light to fair steers $5 10@5 50; common to medium native steers $4 25@4 90; fair to good Colorado steers $4 00@4 75; Southwest steers $3 00@4 40; light to good stockers $2 75@3 50; fair to good feeders $3 75@4 00; native cows and heifers, common to choice $2 65@3 50; grass Texas steers $3 25@4 00; Indian steers $3 25@4 25; scalawags of any kind $2 40@3 00; milch cows and calves $23@45; veal calves $6@13.

REPRESENTATIVE SALES. National Stock Yards.

No.	Description.	Av.	Price.
11	Texas butchers	775	$3 00
31	Indian butchers	797	3 35
27	Texas butchers	816	3 25
5	Texas butchers	835	3 25
22	Texas butchers	728	2 75
12	native cows and heifers	899	3 37½
16	Texas bulls	1,002	2 85
22	Indian butchers	976	3 80
10	Texas butchers	748	3 10
21	Texas butchers	906	3 55
40	Texas butchers	805	3 10
22	Texas butchers	859	3 50
50	Indian butchers	956	3 70
15	Indian butchers	918	3 70
44	Texas butchers	863	3 12½
22	Indian butchers	991	3 85
19	Indian butchers	1,006	3 85
28	Indian cows	832	3 30

REPRESENTATIVE SALES. Union Stock Yards.

No.	Description.	Av.	Price.
16	native heifers	861	$3 60
10	native steers	880	4 00
17	native feeders	976	4 00
20	native cows and heifers	860	3 50
22	native cows and heifers	824	3 50
26	Southwest cows and heifers	724	3 30
22	Southwest mixed	874	3 60
10	Southwest stockers	476	2 62½
16	fair native steers	1,051	4 37½
10	Texas steers	863	4 00
10	Texas steers	727	3 70
10	Indian steers	1,044	4 20
10	Kansas steers	1,028	4 25
10	Indian heifers	670	3 85
10	mixed butchers	928	4 12½
23	light Southwest mixed	616	2 75

537 retail from $1 75 to $4 50.

HOGS—Quite a liberal run was had this morning, but, notwithstanding this and the unfavorable reports from other markets, prices here bore up wonderfull well and the movement was active under a brisk and at times urgent demand from shippers and packers. Indeed the desire to purchase was so great that the offerings were largely reduced at an early hour, and sales men who had disposed of their stock were confident that as many more could have sold. Shipping orders were liberal and large sales were made in Yorker weights at $4 75@4 85, but mostly at $4 75@4 80. Packers were well represented and the first to take hold and the last to leave, sales to them being made at $4 75@5 00 for strict packing grades and $5 10@5 15 for those of a butcher's description. The demand from butchers was not very great, but prices were steady and sales made at $5 05@5 10; choice being salable at $5 25.

REPRESENTATIVE SALES. National Stock Yards.

No.	Ave.	Price.	No.	Ave.	Price.
41	195	$4 80	39	266	$4 90
47	215	4 90	37	258	4 95
28	188	4 80	51	309	5 00
55	240	4 87½	56	204	5 10
62	247	5 00	50	230	4 90
81	204	4 85	94	230	4 85
70	192	4 85	63	251	4 85
24	206	4 85	30	287	$4 95
55	192	4 80	26	260	5 15
56	135	4 80	53	246	4 90
62	195	4 85	67	230	5 05
47	190	4 80	28	176	4 75
82	169	4 75	65	182	4 80
40	176	4 80	60	177	4 80
22	238	5 10	60	522	5 00
111	218	4 90	36	249	5 00
173	185	4 80	62	260	5 10
15	300	5 00	26	162	4 85

REPRESENTATIVE SALES. Union Stock Yards.

No.	Ave.	Price.	No.	Ave.	Price.
54	205	$5 20	20	190	$5 12½
12	202	5 25	62	203	5 10
23	213	5 10	22	230	4 90
15	192	4 70	12	212	4 85
67	238	4 90	55	268	5 00
52	245	4 95	57	246	4 90
47	223	4 80	40	225	4 80
50	219	4 00	50	235	5 00
17	274	5 10	58	274	5 00
15	265	5 10	59	185	4 60
42	235	4 90	16	310	5 15
21	299	5 15	25	206	4 70
57	195	4 85	14	260	5 00
43	242	5 00	48	227	4 80
59	196	4 85	60	203	4 65
64	238	4 90	60	206	4 80
54	216	5 00	41	260	4 75
39	227	5 15	29	263	5 00
11	182	4 60	19	251	4 90

SHEEP—Without important change in any respect. Supply small and trading quiet at unchanged rates. Good to choice salable at $3 50@3 75; fair to medium $3 00@3 35; common and thin $1 70@2 50; lambs 2@4.

REPRESENTATIVE SALES. Union Stock Yards.

No.	Ave.	Price.	No.	Ave.	Price.
73	88	$3 10	83	98	$2 65
85	92	3 75	40	97	4 00
105	70	2 25	99	90	3 60
30	99	3 50	93	81	3 00
100	86	2 85	42	72	3 00
20	each	1 25	65	93	2 65
98	88	3 00			

Horses and Mules.

Quotations by Croswhite, Patton & Rubey.

HORSES—Heavy draught, extra, $150 to $200; heavy draught, good, $125 to $140; streeters, extra, $125 to $140; streeters, good, $115 to $125; Southern horses, extra, $125 to $160; Southern horses, good, $90 to $110; saddle horses, extra, $150 to $200; saddle horses, good, $125 to $150; plugs $35 to $65.

MULES—13½ hands, 4 to 8 years old, $65@75; 14 hands, 4 to 8 years old, $90 to $95; 14½ hands, 4 to 8 years old, $100 to $110; 15 hands, 4 to 8 years old, $115@125; 15½ hands, 4 to 8 years old, extra, $165 to $175; 16 to 16½ hands, 4 to 8 years, extra, $200 to $225.

Live Stock Markets by Telegraph.

KANSAS CITY, MO., STOCK YARDS, October 15.—Receipts—Cattle 2,100; natives and feeders firm: Texans steady at unchanged prices. Hogs—Receipts 9,000; slow, 10 to 20c lower, selling $4 00 to $5 00; bulk sales at $4 60 to $4 80.

CHICAGO, October 15.—Hogs—Receipts 22,000: market fairly active: 5@10c lower; light $4 50@5 10; heavy packing and shipping $5@5 50. Cattle—Receipts 9,000; market slow and weak; exports $6 50@6 90; good to choice $6@6 60; common to fair $4@5 50; Texans $3 30@3 75. Sheep—Receipts 2,800; steady; common to choice $2 25@4 40.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, October 15.—Flour—Receipts 24,000 brls; sales 18,000 brls; in buyers' favor; moderate and active. Wheat—Receipts 384,000 bu; opened ¼ higher, subsequently ruled easier and declined ¾@1, leading to more activity; No. 1 white nominal; sales 480,000 bu; No. 2 red November at 86¾@87; 1,296,000 bu December at 88⅛@89⅛; 648,000 bu January at 90⅛@91; 48,000 bu February at 92⅛@92⅞; 40,000 bu March at 94@94⅞. Corn—Receipts 13,000 bu; early months ¼@1 better, later ⅛@1¼ lower; mixed Western spot 60@66; futures 49⅞@64; sales 248,000 bu. Oats—Receipts 107,000 bu; lower; Western 42@48; sales 45,000 bu. Beef—Quiet and unchanged; new extra $12. Pork—Dull and heavy; new mess $17. Lard—Dull and lower; steam 7.50. Butter—Firm; Western 9@30. Cheese firm at 11@12¾. Sugar quiet and unchanged. Molasses dull. Petroleum easy. Rice steady. Coffee dull. Freights steady. Turpentine firm at 30½. Rosin steady at $1 25@1 30. Tallow firm at 6¼. Western eggs steady at 22½@23.

BALTIMORE, October 15.—Flour quiet and steady; Howard street and Western super, $2 25@2 75; extra $2 90@3 50 family $3 75@4 35. Wheat—Western steady; No. 2 winter red spot 81⅛@83¼; October 82@82¼; November 83⅜@83⅞; December 85¼@85⅛. Corn—Nominal. Oats—Fair demand and steady; Western white 33@34. Rye—Nominally steady at 62@63. Hay—Fair demand. Provisions—Quiet and easy; mess pork $17 50; bulk meats: shoulders and clear rib sides packed 7¾@10¼; bacon—shoulders 8½; clear rib sides 11¾; hams 15¼@16½. Lard—Refined 9¼. Butter—Firm for choice Western; choice to fancy 20@22. Eggs—Firm at 19@20 for Western. Petroleum dull and easy; refined 7⅜@7¾. Coffee dull and steady; Rio cargoes ordinary to fair 9¼@10¼. Sugar quiet, A soft at 6¼. Copper—Refined quiet at 12¼@12½. Whisky steady at $1 18@1 19. Freights to Liverpool per steamer firm; cotton 3-16d, flour 1s; grain 4@4½d. Receipts—Flour 2,100 brls: wheat 65,000 bu; corn 7,000 bu; rye 4,500 bu. Shipments—Wheat 84,000 bu.

KANSAS CITY, October 15.—The Daily Indicator reports wheat receipts 42,282 bushels; shipments 29,152 bushels; in store 633,936 bushels; lower; No. 2 red cash 51⅛ bid, 55 asked; November sales at 56⅛@56½: December sales at 58 @58⅛; No. 2 soft cash sales at 61⅛@61⅛. Corn receipts 10,200 bushels; shipments 19,039 bushels; in store 51,736 bushels; lower; No. 2 mixed cash sales at 40; October 38⅛ @39; November 31; year sales at 28⅛; January 28 bid, 28⅛ asked; May 28 bid, 29⅛ asked; No. 2 white mixed cash 46⅛ bid. Oats—No. 2 cash 25⅛ bid, 24 asked. Rye—No. 2 cash sales at 41⅛. Eggs, butter, hay and provisions unchanged.

NEW ORLEANS, October 15.—Flour dull and easier; fancy $4@4 15; choice $3 75@4 00; extra fancy $4 30@4 40. Cornmeal firm at $2 70@2 75. Corn easy; mixed 68; yellow nominal; white 69@70. Oats easy at 34@36 for choice. Bran easier at 75. Hay quiet at $15 50@16; prime $12 50@15. Pork easy at $16 50. Cutmeats quiet; shoulders 6¾; sides 9¾. Bacon quiet at 7½@10.70; l. c. s. 10.70@10.75. Hams dull at 13@14. Lard quiet: refined 7¾; prime steam 8. Whisky steady at $1 14@1 15. Exchange on New York 50 discount; sight 100 premium. Cotton—Spot quiet at 9¾. Net receipts 7,890 bales; gross receipts 9,061 bales.

CHICAGO, October 15.—Wheat easier at 75⅛ cash and October; 77⅛ November; 78⅜@78½ December; 79⅛ January. Corn ruled almost panicky at times; market for time ruling $4 under yesterday for near futures, but recovered slightly toward the close; 53⅛ cash and October; 51¾ November; 42⅜ year; 40⅛ May. Oats lower; 26⅛ October; 23⅛ November; 26⅜ December. Rye lower at 53@56⅛. Barley nominal at 60. Flaxseed strong at $1 37. Whisky $1 13. Pork firmer at $16 25 for October; $12 15 for year; $12 32½ January. Lard generally firmer at 7.22½ October, November and December.

CINCINNATI, O., October 15.—Flour steady and unchanged; family $3 40@3 85; fancy $4@4 30. Wheat dull at 82. Corn quiet; No. 3 mixed at 53@53½. Oats in fair demand at 28½. Rye firm at 57@58. Barley steady and unchanged; extra No. 3 fall 70. Pork dull at $16 25. Lard dull and lower at 7⅛@7¼. Bulk meats dull and drooping. Bacon dull and unchanged at 7, 10½, 11. Whisky steady at $1 11.

MILWAUKEE, WIS., October 15.—Wheat steady; No 2 73⅜; October 73⅜; November 73⅝; December 77¼; January 78¼; receipts 57,000 bu; shipments none. Corn dull; No. 2 nominal. Oats easier; No. 2 26¼. Rye dull; No. 1 54; No. 2 52. Barley steady; No 2 56½; extra No. 3 44½; receipts, 22,000 bu; shipments 9,000 bu.

DETROIT, MICH., October 15.—Wheat dull; 78¾ cash and October; 79¾ November; 81 December; No. 2 red 82 cash October and November; No. 3 red 73¾ asked; No. 2 white 75; long berry 84; receipts 67,000 bu. Corn—No. 2 55½. Oats—Light mixed 28½; No. 2 white 29¾ asked, No. 2, 27 bid.

TOLEDO, OHIO, October 15.—Wheat dull and steady: No. 2 cash and October 74⅛; November 75⅛; December 87¼; January —; No. 2 soft 82¾; No. 3 do 72½@75. Corn—Held firm; nothing doing. Oats dull; No. 2 cash and October 27 @27½; year 27 bid. Clover quiet and firm; prime $4 80.

PITTSBURG, PA., October 15.—Oil active; opened at 62, advanced to 62⅛, broke 61⅛, rallied to 62⅛ and at 1 o'clock 62⅛. Christy well doing 185 barrels per hour; Phillips' well 78 barrels per hour.

BUFFALO, N. Y., October 15.—Wheat nominal; 83 bid for October; 83⅛ asked for No. 1 hard spring. Corn nominal. Oats—4 cars white No. 2 Western at 33⅛. Freights—Canal—Wheat 5c ⅌ bu.

NEW YORK, October 15, 11 A. M.—Wheat opened a shade better: later weakened and declined ⅜@⅝; moderate business.

CLEVELAND, OHIO, October 15.—Petroleum easier; quotations unchanged; S. W. 110 7¾.

Foreign.

LIVERPOOL, October 15.—Wheat arrived dull. Corn arrived no business. Wheat to arrive dull. Corn to arrive quiet. Mark Lane wheat dull and corn not much doing. Weather in England wet. Country markets firm. Red winter wheat to arrive declined 6d. Wheat dull and heavy: wheat 6s 7d@6s 9d; red winter 6s 7d@6s 11d; No. 1 California 7s 2d@7s 5d; No. 2 do 6s 9d@6s 11d. Mixed Western corn firm at 5s 3d. Demand from United Kingdom and Continent dull and neglected for wheat and moderate for corn.

LIVERPOOL, October 15, 2:30 P. M.—Lard—Prime Western dull at 38s. Turpentine steady at 22s 2d. Corn—New mixed firm at 5s 1½d.

LONDON, October 15, 2:30 P. M.—Turpentine steady at 22s 6d

THE RIVERS.

Height of water above low water mark 20 ft. 3 in. Fall in last 24 hours 0 ft. 1 in.

ARRIVED—Mattie Belle, Peoria; Eagle with one barge rock, Grafton; City of Vicksburg, Vicksburg; Calhoun, Naples; C. W. Anderson, Peoria; Spread Eagle, Grafton; Bald Eagle, Clarksville; Gem City, Keokuk; Pauline, Chicago.

DEPARTED—Dolphin and one barge, Alton; Eagle and one barge, Missouri River; City of Baton Rouge, New Orleans; Calhoun, Naples; Mattie Belle, Peoria; C. M. Anderson, Peoria; Sidney and one barge, St. Paul; Spread Eagle, Grafton; Hudson, Ohio River; Bald Eagle, Clarksville; Gem City, Keokuk.

Local Weather Bulletin.

ST. LOUIS, MO., October 14, 1884.

Local Time.	Ther.	Wind. Dir.	Wind. Vel.	Weather.
2:07 a. m.	52.7	NE	9	Clear.
6:07 a. m.	50.0	E	6	Clear.
10:07 a. m.	60.4	SE	10	Clear.
2.07 p. m.	66.9	SE	5	Clear.

Maximum temperature, 67.1.

Minimum temperature, 50.0.

River stage, 20 ft. 4 in. Fall of 1 in.

Rainfall, 0.00 inches.

G. A. WEBER, Corpl. Signal Service U. S. A.

Indications.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 15.—South Atlantic States—Fair weather with brisk northeasterly winds, becoming gales on Carolina coast; slight fall in temperature; higher barometer. Frost probable in northern portion to-night. West Gulf States—Continued cool and clear weather; temperature falling in northeastern portion; fresh easterly winds. Ohio Valley and Tennessee—Continued cool, clear weather, winds generally from east; conditions favorable for frost to-night. Lower Lake Region—Continued cool, fair weather; variable winds, becoming northwesterly; lower barometer; conditions favorable for recurrence of frost on southern lake shores to-night. Upper Lake Region—Fair weather, brisk southwesterly winds, becoming gales in northern portion; slight rise in temperature; lower barometer. Upper Mississippi Valley—Fair weather; south, veering to west winds, except variable in extreme southern portion; slight rise in temperature; lower barometer; frosts are probable in southern portion to-night. Missouri Valley—Fair weather; south to west winds, veering to northwest in extreme northern portion; nearly stationary temperature; frost probable in southern portion to-night. Cautionary signals continue on Lake Superior at Escanaba, and ordered for Lake Michigan at Alpena.

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D. C. YOUNG, - Manager.

Weather Bulletin.

WAR DEPARTMENT, SIGNAL SERVICE U. S. ARMY. WASHINGTON, October 15, 1884, 6:07 a. m.

The following observations are taken at the same moment of time at all stations:

STATIONS.	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Direction wind.	Rainfall in past 24 hours.	State of Weather.
Vicksburg, Miss	30.24	59	N	..	Clear.
Fort Smith	30.34	54	......	..	Clear.
Galveston, Tex	30.15	72	NE	..	Clear.
New Orleans	30.12	72	N	..	Clear.
Little Rock, Ark	30.32	56	N	..	Clear.
Shreveport, La	30.25	61	NE	..	Clear.
Cincinnati, Ohio	30.50	46	E	..	Clear.
Indianapolis, Ind	30.46	42	E	..	Clear.
Louisville Ky	30.44	45	E	..	Clear.
Memphis, Tenn	30.31	53	N	..	Clear.
Nashville, Tenn	30.34	49	NE	..	Clear.
Pittsburg, Pa	30.48	35	NW	..	Clear.
Chicago, Ills	30.44	45	E	..	Clear.
Cairo, Ills	30.43	50	NE	..	Clear.
Davenport, Iowa	30.43	48	SE	..	Clear.
Des Moines, Iowa	30.43	48	S	..	Clear.
Keokuk, Iowa	30.43	45	E	..	Clear.
La Crosse, Wis	30.33	51	S	..	Clear.
Moorhead, Minn	30.01	58	SW	..	Clear.
St. Louis, Mo	30.42	50	E	..	Clear.
St. Paul, Minn	30.39	54	S	..	Clear.
Springfield, Ills	30.49	47	SE	..	Fair.
Leavenworth, Kans	30.36	50	SE	..	Clear.
Omaha, Neb	30.34	56	S	..	Clear.
Yankton, Dak	30.19	62	W	..	Clear.
Bismarck, Dak	30.15	52	W	..	Clear.
Fort Buford, Dak	30.21	47	W	..	Clear.
Ft. Assinniboine, Mont	down	..	......	..	....
Deadwood, Dak	30.31	54	SW	..	Clear.
Fort Custer, Mont	30.35	40	SE	..	Clear.
Denver, Col	30.30	52	S	.02	Smoky.
Dodge City, Kan	30.32	60	SE	..	Clear.
Fort Elliot, Tex	30.35	59	......	.05	Clear.
North Platte, Neb	30.24	60	S	..	Clear.
Ft. Stockton, Tex	30.27	53	S	..	Clear.
Salt Lake City	30.24	54	SE	..	Clear.
W. Las Animas	down	..	......	..	....
El Paso, Tex	30.24	55	......	..	Clear.

Dash (—) indicates rainfall inappreciable.

G. A. WEBER, Corporal Signal Corps, U. S. A.

Water Stage.

SIGNAL SERVICE, U. S. A., ST. LOUIS, October 15, 1884.

Daily report of the stage of water, with changes in the 24 hours ending 2 p. m., Washington time.

STATIONS.	Above Low Bench-Mark.	Fall.	Rise.
St. Louis	20 ft. 4 in.	0 ft. 1 in.	0 ft. 0 in.
Kansas City, Mo	8 ft. 6 in.	0 ft. 0 in.	0 ft. 0 in.
Hermann, Mo	11 ft. 8 in.	0 ft. 9 in.	0 ft. 0 in.
Peoria, Ill	8 ft. 11 in.	0 ft. 4 in.	0 ft. 0 in.

G. A. WEBER, Corpl. Signal Service, U. S. A.

River Telegrams.

CAIRO, October 15.—Arrived: Annie P. Silver, New Orleans, 7 a. m.; Minnie, below, 7 a. m. Departed: Silver, St. Louis, 9 a. m. Weather clear and cool.

LOUISVILLE, October 15.—River rising; 2 feet 11 in canal; 9 inches on falls. Business dull. Weather clear and pleasant.

PITTSBURG, PA., October 15.—River 11 inches and stationary. Cloudy and cool.

MEMPHIS, TENN., October 15.—River falling. No arrivals or departures. Clear.

CINCINNATI, October 15.—River 5 feet and stationary. Clear and cool.

Marine.

NEW YORK, October 15.—The steamer America arrived off Kinsale at 7 o'clock this morning; time of passage to that place, 6 days 16 hours and 14 minutes.

QUEENSTOWN, October 15.—The National Line steamer America from New York, October 8, arrived here at 8:05 o'clock this morning.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR UPPER MISSISSIPPI.

DIAMOND JO LINE.

Elegantly Equipped Passenger Steamers for Hannibal, Quincy, Keokuk, Muscatine, Rock Island, Davenport, Dubuque, McGregor, La Crosse, Winona, Red Wing and St. Paul.

SIDNEY .... Best, Master, Leaves Wednesday, October 15, at 4 p. m.

For freight, passage or information, apply to ISAAC P. LUSK, Agent. Wharfboat, foot of Washington avenue.

St. Louis and St. Paul Packet Company.

Fine Sidewheel Passenger Steamers.

For Clarksville, Louisiana, Hannibal, Quincy, Warsaw and Keokuk.

GEM CITY .... Asbury, Master, Leaves every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4 p. m.

Str. WAR EAGLE .... T. L. Davidson, Master. Leaves every Tuesday, Wednesday and Saturday at 4 p. m. For Burlington, Muscatine, Davenport, Clinton, Dubuque, La Crosse and St. Paul

For freight or passage apply on wharf-boat, foot of Olive street. J. F. BAKER, G. F. Agent.

JENKINS & SASS, Agents.

FOR ALTON AND GRAFTON.

Str. SPREAD EAGLE, Henry Leyha, Master, leaves daily at 3 p. m.

JENKINS & SASS, Agents.

LOWER MISSISSIPPI.

St. Louis and New Orleans Anchor Line.

UNITED STATES MAIL AND BONDED LINE.

Packets for Natchez, Bayou Sara, Baton Rouge and New Orleans leave Wednesdays and Saturdays.

CITY OF BATON ROUGE .... Bixby, Master, Will leave Wednesday, October 15, at 5 p. m.

Packets for Cape Girardeau, Cairo, Hickman, Memphis, Helena, Greenville, Arkansas City and Vicksburg leave Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

CITY OF VICKSBURG .... Hy. Keith, Master, Will leave Thursday, October 16, at 5 p. m.

Packets for Ste. Genevieve, St. Mary's, Chester, Wittenberg and Grand Tower.

Str. E. C. ELLIOTT .... Lennox, Master. Leaves Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at 4 p. m. JOHN W. CARROLL, Agent.

St. Louis and Miss. Valley Trans. Co.

FOR NEW ORLEANS.

Str. Oakland and barges leaves Saturday, Oct. 18, at 4 p. m. For freight rates to New Orleans and Texas apply to JAMES P. BURDEAU, Agent.

MISSOURI RIVER.

For Sandy Hook, Providence, Wolf's Point, Rocheport, Arrow Rock, and intermediate points.

VIA MO. PACIFIC R. R. AND BOONVILLE.

For through rates and bills of lading apply to Contracting Freight Office, 100 North Third street. JOHN J. O'CONNOR, Commercial Agent.

RAILROAD TIME-TABLE.

Arrival and Departure of Trains at the Union Depot (St. Louis Time).

On and after October 13, 1884, trains will run as follows

*Except Sunday; †Daily; ‡Except Saturday; ‡Except Monday; §Sunday; ¶Monday.

	Depart.	Arrive.
CAIRO SHORT LINE RAILROAD.		
New Orleans and Memphis Exp	† 7:50 pm	† 10:05 pm
Texas Express	† 7:50 pm	† 7:00 pm
Cairo and Nashville Ex	† 7:35 am	† 7:00 pm
Way Express and Fast Mail	* 3:25 pm	* 9:45 am
CHICAGO, ALTON AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.		
Chicago Express Mail	* 7:30 am	8:35 pm
Kansas City Mail	* 8:50 am	7:05 pm
Chicago Through Ex.—Daily	4:30 pm	10:45 am
Jacksonville Accommodation	* 6:00 pm	10:45 am
Chicago Lightning Express	† 7:55 pm	7:55 am
Kansas City Night Express	† 8:45 pm	7:00 am
CHICAGO, BURLINGTON AND QUINCY RAILROAD.		
Rock Island, St. Paul, Omaha Express	* 8:55 am	* 5:10 pm
Rock Island, Dubuque, La Crosse and Des Moines Exp	† 8:00 pm	† 7:35 am
ST. LOUIS AND CAIRO RAILROAD.		
Murphysburg Accom'n	5:00 pm	9:35 am
Mail	8:00 am	6:30 pm
ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD.		
Chicago Express	† 7:00 pm	† 7:30 am
Day Express	* 8:00 am	* 7:30 pm
ILLINOIS AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.		
Belleville Accommodation	† 8:20 am	† 8:00 am
Belleville Accommodation	† 11:00 am	† 10:40 am
Belleville Accommodation	† 2:50 pm	† 2:05 pm
Belleville Accommodation	† 5:30 pm	† 5:15 pm
INDIANAPOLIS AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.		
Day Express	† 7:35 am	† 6:45 pm
New York Express	† 7:45 pm	† 8:00 am
Mattoon Accommodation	* 4:00 pm	* 10:15 am
LOUISVILLE, EVANSVILLE AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.		
Louisville Mail daily	† 7:45 am	† 7:55 pm
Louisville Express daily	† 7:50 pm	† 8:00 am
LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE RAILROAD. (St. Louis Division.)		
Nashville Mail	† 7:45 am	† 7:55 pm
Belleville Accommodation	* 10:50 am	* 1:30 pm
Nashville Express	† 7:50 pm	† 8:00 am
Mt. Vernon Accomodation	* 4:55 pm	* 10:10 am
MISSOURI PACIFIC.		
Local Express, daily	7:05 am	6:25 pm
Kirkwood, except Sunday	8:00 am	7:22 am
Pacific Accomd'n, Sunday only	8:10 am	6:25 pm
Day Express, daily	9:00 am	6:00 pm
Creve Cœur Lake, daily	9:30 am	8:20 am
Kirkwood, except Sunday	9:52 am	12:30 pm
Kirkwood, Sunday only	1:00 pm	9:46 am
Kirkwood, except Sunday	3:17 pm	10:00 am
Creve Cœur Lake, daily	5:00 pm	4:35 pm
Washington, except Sunday	5:25 pm	7:36 am
Kirkwood, except Sunday	6:20 pm	5:07 pm
Through Express, daily	8:20 pm	7:00 am
MISSOURI, KANSAS AND TEXAS RAILWAY.		
Houston and Galveston Express	† 9:30 am	† 6:00 pm
San Antonio Express	† 8:30 pm	† 6:50 am
OHIO AND MISSISSIPPI RAILWAY.		
Through Accommodation	* 6:50 am	* 7:35 pm
Day Express	† 8:00 am	† 6:30 pm
Salem Accommodation	* 5:00 pm	* 8:40 am
Louisville Express	† 7:00 pm	† 9:00 am
Cincinnati Express	† 7:10 pm	† 7:30 am

ST. LOUIS, IRON MOUNTAIN AND SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Mail and express passenger trains start from Union Depot and do not stop at Fourth and Chouteau Avenue Depot to take on passengers and baggage.

	Depart.	Arrive.
Nashville and Atlanta Express	† 7:30 am	† 7:30 pm
Texas Pacific Express	† 9:10 am	† 8:30 pm
Houston and Galveston Express	† 8:30 pm	† 7:00 am
Mobile and New Orleans Ex	† 8:40 pm	† 6:25 am
Arcadia Accommodation	† 3:45 pm	† 9:45 am
De Soto Accommodation	* 5:25 pm	* 8:00 am

Fourth and Chouteau Avenue Depot.‡

KEOKUK AND ST. LOUIS LINE.

ST. L., K., AND N. W. RAILWAY.

Departures	Arrivals
Hannibal & Quincy Exp., except Sun. 7:00 am	St. Louis Express, daily 6:20 am
St. Paul, Omaha & Lake Minnetonka Mail, except Sun. 10:00 am	St. Louis Mail & Express, exc. Sunday 5:00 pm
Quincy, Burlington, Des Moines and Spirit Lake Exp., daily 8:15 pm	St. Louis Mail and Exp., except Sun. 9:05 pm

	Depart.	Arrive.
ST. LOUIS AND SAN FRANCISCO RAILWAY.		
Rose Hill Accommodation	* 8:25 am	* 10:50 am
Day Express	† 8:45 am	† 5:45 pm
Rose Hill Accommodation	* 12:10 pm	* 2:25 pm
Pacific Accommodation	* 5:20 pm	* 7:50 am
California Express	† 8:25 pm	† 6:35 am
BRIDGE AND TUNNEL R. R.		
Stock Yard Accom	* 6:20 am	6:35 pm

TEXAS AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY.

Departures	Arrivals
Arkansas Express †7:50 am	Texas and St. Louis Through Express †7:00 am
Arkansas and Texas Through Express †7:35 pm	St. Louis Express †10:05 pm

	Depart.	Arrive.
VANDALIA LINE.		
Cincinnati and Louisville	* 7:30 am	* 7:30 am
New York Express	† 8:00 am	† 7:30 pm
Effingham Accommodation	* 5:30 pm	* 8:30 am
New York Express	† 7:00 pm	† 5:00 pm
WABASH, ST. LOUIS AND PACIFIC RAILWAY. EASTERN DIVISION.		
Atlantic Express	† 7:15 am	* 7:20 pm
Chicago Express	* 8:00 am	* 8:40 am
Decatur Accommodation	* 5:00 pm	* 10:50 am
Lightning Express	† 6:40 pm	* 8:00 am
Chicago Express	† 8:00 pm	* 8:00 pm
WESTERN DIVISION.		
Ferguson Accommodation	* 8:25 am	† 8:00 am
Ferguson Ac'n, Sunday only	§ 1:15 am	§ 10:10 am
Mail and Express	† 9:10 am	† 6:15 pm
Ferguson ac'n, except Sunday	1:25 pm	1:20 pm
Centralia Accommodation	† 4:20 pm	* 10:10 am
Ferguson Accommodation	* 6:20 pm	* 6:00 pm
Pacific Express	† 8:25 pm	† 7:00 am

TOLEDO, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS.

East Bound—Mail and Express, 'bus leaves office, 405 N. 4th st., 4:00 p. m.: train leaves depot East St. Louis 4:20 p. m. Local freight leaves East St. Louis 4:00 a. m.

West Bound—Mail and Express, arrives at East St. Louis, 11:20 a. m.; arrive at St. Louis 11:50 a. m. Local freight arrives at East St. Louis at 7:20 p. m.

All trains except Sunday.

In effect February 10.

WEST END NARROW-GAUGE RAILWAY.

Depot on Olive street one block west of Grand av.

Trains Going East—Week days—Leaves Florissant: 6:00 a. m., 7:00 a. m. 8.35 a. m., 12:15 p. m., 4:20 p. m. 5:45 p. m. Arrive at St. Louis: 7:05 a. m., 9:05 a. m., 10:15 a. m., 1:25 p. m., 5:15 p. m., 6:50 p. m.

Trains Going East—Sundays—Leave Florissant: 7:30 a. m., 9:10 a. m., 11:15 a. m., 1:10 a. m., 3:15 p. m., 6:00 p. m. Arrive at St. Louis: 8:40 a. m., 10:20 a. m., 12:25 p. m., 2:30 p. m., 7:35 p. m.

Trains Going West—Week Days—Leave St. Louis: 7:00 a. m., 8:10 a. m., 10:20 p. m., 4:15 p. m., 4:50 p. m., 7:00 a. m. Arrive at Florissant: 9:00 a. m., 11:25 a. m., 3:25 p. m., 5:20 p. m., 6:45 p. m., 8:15 p. m.

Trains Going West—Sunday—Leave St. Louis: 9:00 a. m. 10:25 a. m., 1 p. m., 2:35 p. m., 4:00 p. m., 7:30 p. m. Arrive at Florissant: 10:10 a. m., 11:35 a. m., 2:10 p. m.; 3:40 p. m., 5:20 p. m., 8:20 p. m.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch,

PUBLISHED BY

THE DISPATCH PUBLISHING CO.

JOSEPH PULITZER, President.

[Entered at the Post Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second-class mail matter.]

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

One year, postage paid	$9 00
Six months	4 50
Three months	2 25
One month	85
One month (delivered by carrier)	65
By the week (delivered by carrier)	15

Subscribers who fail to receive their paper regularly will confer a favor upon us by reporting the same to this office by postal card

THE WEEKLY.

One year, postage paid	$1 00
Six months, postage paid	60

All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed. POST-DISPATCH, 515 and 517 Market street.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1884.

THE idea of claiming Ohio before the returns are all in was tried last year.

THE defeat of FRANK HURD in Ohio is not a good omen for WILLIAM MORRISON in Illinois.

BILL MORRISON is a sanguine man. He expects to be elected even though the *Republican* still supports him.

OLD *Republican* seems to be greatly exercised over BILL MORRISON. Would it kindly inform us what platform MORRISON is running on?

IF MORRISON were as strong in his district as his organ claims his organ would not be so unhappy over the mere suggestion that he might be defeated.

THE Democratic ticket in Ohio ran as well as could be expected, considering that it was crippled by a tariff issue. It has three weeks in which to work off this clog.

THE roosters on parade at the head of the *Globe-Democrat* columns this morning were the same birds that went off half-cocked and crowed so lustily over the alleged election of FORAKER in 1883.

TWO YEARS ago FRANK HURD was elected to Congress from the Toledo District as a Free-Trade Democrat by a majority of 1,044 votes. Yesterday he lost more than a thousand votes on that Free-Trade issue.

THE *Republican* will confer a favor on decent politics if it will quit sniveling about our treatment of MORRISON, and come out from behind its nose with a statement as to whether it is a free trade paper or not.

IS THIS a crow which we see before us in this morning's *Globe-Democrat*? Yes, it is the same old crow which that great religious journal picked and threw to the dogs when the spring roses were blowing.

WE beg to call the attention of the Municipal Assembly to the sad case of Miss NASCHE, who now lies at the point of death, as the result of attempting to ride in an unsafe and dangerous car, licensed and chartered by the city of St. Louis.

THE very emotional reception of the news from Ohio by the Republicans shows how lively is their appreciation of a mere reprieve granted by a State that has given large majorities for every Republican candidate from FREMONT down.

MR. MCMANUS has introduced his ordinance to protect the youth of St. Louis from cigarettes. If Mr. MCMANUS will ignore the merely offensive cigarette and concentrate his energy on the deadly bob-tail car he will earn the thanks of the city.

MR. O'NEILL has made a prompt, manly and temperate denial of the charge that he is a Free Trader, and has defined his position on the tariff question. If Mr. MORRISON would do the same thing he would gain more credit than he can get from the hysterical shriekings of his hebetudinous organ.

HATTON's appointment as Postmaster-General may be construed as a reward for the bitter condemnations and denunciations of BLAINE with which his Washington organ and his Burlington *Hawkeye* have teamed in times past. Or, as they are now for BLAINE, it may be regarded as a recognition of Mr. HATTON's pronounced antagonism to the Civil Service Reformers.

THE Kansas City *Star* undertakes to state the facts about the retirement of DORSHEIMER from politics in New York City. We do not pretend to know the inside history of the affair, but we cannot help remarking that some light is thrown on it by the *Star's* statement that DORSHEIMER "has enlightened views on the tariff question, and is not afraid to express them." We notice that Democratic statesmen with enlightened tariff views are showing a retiring disposition just now.

A VOTER, who calls it "flinging mud" at the Hon. WM. R. MORRISON, to designate him by the graphic, descriptive, handy and euphonious appellation of "Horizontal Bill," says that MORRISON is only five or ten years ahead of the times, and that it is "only a question of time till his or similar views of the tariff will be adopted." This is an intimation that Mr. MORRISON still clings to his Free-Trade heresies, and, though it comes from one of his friends, it is an accusation which we should not be willing to make until Mr. MORRISON himself gives us authority to do so.

IN his speech at Philadelphia LOGAN said: "Up to 1861 there never had been manufactured a family carriage in America." He said this in a city where large carriage-making establishments were in operation scores of years before he was born. One Philadelphia firm took the premium on carriage harness and another Philadelphia firm took the premium on carriages at the Paris Exposition in 1852. About that time Gen. LOGAN had probably never seen a carriage, and it seems that, when he went to Washington as a Free Trade Democrat later on in the fifties, he labored under the delusion that the carriages he saw there were all imported from foreign manufactories.

THE RESULT.

The polling of the customary Republican majority in Ohio and of the customary Democratic majority in West Virginia does not decide the Presidential contest. As yet the majorities in both States are mere guess work and fuller returns may or may not lend to the result a significance which is not now perceptible. The States which will decide the November contest, New York, New Jersey and Indiana, are in the habit of opposing rather than following Ohio in Presidential elections. The Mother State of GRANT and HAYES and GARFIELD has been barely saved to GARFIELD's political chum and heir by a tremendous concentration of Republican money and men on that one State. Henceforth Mr. BLAINE's line of battle will have to stretch over seven or eight States so closely contested that he cannot mass on any one of them the preponderance of money and means which enabled him to hold his own in Ohio. His success there will teach his opponents how formidable his resources as an election manipulator are. They now know what they have to contend with; there is nothing in the outlook to discourage them, and the probability is that they will make his financial backers very tired of buying States before he captures any of the States that are relied on to elect CLEVELAND.

LOGAN'S WRATH.

It is said that the indications that CULLOM and FARWELL are arranging with BLAINE for the permanent retirement of LOGAN from the Senate have not escaped his notice, and it is shrewedly suspected that he will withdraw from the ticket if its defeat is anticipated and enter the race for the Senatorship again. He considers it a sufficient sacrifice for him to have allowed the use of his name to bolster up the weakness of BLAINE, and has no idea of permitting himself to be retired to private life, either by the November election or by four years of powerless seclusion in the position of Vice-President. He is too old a campaigner not to know that there was a full understanding with BLAINE and CULLOM as to the Illinois patronage and the use that was to be made of it for the joint benefit of FARWELL and CULLOM, before FARWELL threw that $250,000 into the Ohio election. When Mr. BLAINE called for that money only last week, he was hard up, and there is no room for a rational doubt that in the conference with FARWELL and CULLOM he pointed out the channels in which he could make himself useful to them. The promptness with which the amount was raised makes it certain that FARWELL's election to succeed LOGAN and CULLOM's re-election four years hence were both "nominated in the bond." That means a long farewell to LOGAN's greatness, if he submits to it. It must occur to him that a re-election to the Senate as a leader of the opposition to a Democratic Administration would make his horizon far brighter. No wonder he left Ohio in such a huff that he spat in the face of a home-spun mountaineer who offered his hand with a rough jest in West Virginia. The tail may yet plant its fatal sting in the head of the ticket, if the scorpion should find itself begirt with fire by the returns from the October elections.

WARNER AND GRAVES.

The efforts of the Kansas City *Times* to reconcile the wronged majority of the Democratic voters of the Fifth District to the means by which Mr. GRAVES was foisted on them as the party nominee, are liable to intensify their disgust.

A large majority of the Democratic voters of the district live in Jackson County. They did not want GRAVES two years ago and said so by a huge majority, but he was foisted upon them. This time they did not even recognize him as a candidate in their primaries, and divided their votes between two Jackson County men, with the clearly expressed understanding that her whole vote was to go to her favorite and nominate him, unless the support received by her second choice from the other two counties should suffice to nominate the latter. In spite of this understanding, the committee and the *Times*, in open defiance of the voice of the people at the primaries, proclaimed Mr. GRAVES the nominee of the party, when he had received no votes in Jackson County, and not one-third of the district vote.

The processes by which more than half of the Democratic voters of the district were disfranchised in their own party were as outrageous, as lawless, as wanting in good faith and fairness as the disfranchisement of Jackson County by the Republican State officials in 1868. It was so outrageous that public opinion and the Democratic State Central Committee, of which the editor of the *Times* is a member, refused to sustain it, and a new primary had to be ordered. For this second primary the district committee appointed such a set of judges and managers that Mr. WALLACE refused to take part further in such a contest, and Mr. GRAVES is to-day the nominee of a minority of his party, depending on voters who where disfranchised by their own party organization, to elect him over WARNER.

Under the circumstances the *Times* should say very little about WARNER's accepting the office of Prosecuting Attorney in 1868. He submitted to the decision of the State authorities and accepted the commission they gave him as the result of their official canvass of the returns. The wronged voters were not of his own party, and laws had been enacted for their disfranchisement. But Mr. GRAVES has accepted an alleged Democratic nomination, obtained by a practical disfranchisement of the Democrats of Jackson County at a time when there is no law warranting or affording an excuse for such disfranchisement. If Democrats choose to submit to the wrong and elect him it is their own affair. But if they can vote for GRAVES they have no right to make much fuss about WARNER's election in 1868.

STOLEN LANDS.

THE report of the Commissioner of the General Land Office for the last fiscal year is not only a remarkable but a startling document. He is so sick of seeing the land laws violated with impunity, that he asks for their repeal!

He had formerly reported that the pre-emption law, the timber culture law, the desert land law and the homestead laws that were made to favor the acquisition of the public domain by actual settlers, were unscrupulously and fraudulently used by land thieves who were monopolizing the land to the exclusion of honest settlers. Congress accordingly gave him a large force of special agents to bring the rascals to justice, and proofs of guilt in many cases of fraud and violations of law were provided in abundance. But he now says that the combinations are so strong and the machinery of justice so feeble that they have not been and cannot be punished. Therefore he asks that the laws enacted to promote the occupation and cultivation of public land by honest settlers be repealed to save it from the clutches of thieves. Otherwise he thinks the time is near at hand "when there will be no public lands to invite settlement or afford citizens of the country an opportunity to secure cheap homes."

Doubtless a few more years of Republican administration, of the ascendency of railroad land grabbers and great combinations of capital, aided by powerful partners like ELKINS and DORSEY and BLAINE and BUTLER in their schemes for robbing us of our land, will leave nothing but worthless tracts for the *bona fide* settler. But the repeal of those laws would exclude the settler as well as the land-grabbers; it would punish him for their crimes while they go unpunished and undisturbed in the possession of the vast tracts they have stolen; it would be a confession that our administration has already become too corrupt to protect the public domain, the heritage of the people, from spoliation, and cannot be trusted to execute the most wholesome laws without permitting them to be perverted to the uses and ends of robber combinations.

Perhaps a new deal at Washington, a new set of influences in the Departments, a break-up of the old rings and combinations that have ruled so long and with such immense profit to themselves, would put a different face upon the matter, and give us executive officers willing and not afraid to enforce the laws against Star-Routers and land thieves. As it is, the spoilers have trained too long in the retinue of the men in power, and have bound them by a network of partnerships and mutual liabilities that fully account for the impunity vouchsafed to conspiracies against the public treasury and the public domain.

WE learn from the *Republican* that two years ago Mr. MORRISON made the tariff an issue, and was elected on that issue. That was good for MORRISON, but bad for the party. There are people wild enough to believe that if there had been less Tariff and less MORRISON in Congress at the last session there would have been more votes cast for the party in Ohio yesterday.

Blaine and Josiah Caldwell.

From a Boston Herald.

The following facts have come to us from a man of character, who was personally cognizant of them: After the Little Rock and Fort Smith affair, Josiah Caldwell went to England, and, to further his speculative schemes there, he sought the aid of Mr. Edwards Pierrepont, the United States Minister, to obtain a presentation to the Court of St. James. Mr. Pierrepont applied to a Bostonian of acknowledged integrity who was then visiting London, and was told that Boston business men considered Mr. Caldwell dishonorable. He thereupon refused to present Caldwell at Court. Shortly after this, Mr. Pierrepont received a cable message from Mr. Blaine, saying that Caldwell was an honorable man and his intimate friend, and asked as a favor that the presentation be made. Caldwell was then presented, and by means of prestige thus obtained he went among the nobility and other prominent persons in England and victimized them by enticing them into his disastrous speculations. Caldwell's subsequent failure in London carried with it the failure of his English friends, who were led into his clutches solely by the indorsement of Blaine. It is this fact that causes London merchants to-day to oppose Blaine on the ground that he is dishonest and unscrupulous. Mr. Caldwell went to London, leaving behind an unsavory record, and Blaine knew it, yet vouched for him as a highly respectable and thoroughly honest man.

Ohio Congressional Nominations.

Following is a complete list of the Democratic and Republican nominations for Congress in Ohio:

	Democrats.	Republicans.
1.	John F. Follet.	Benjamin Butterworth.
2.	Adam A. Kramer.	Charles E. Brown.
3.	James E. Campbell.	Henry L. Morey.
4.	C. M. Anderson.	John F. Sinks.
5.	Benjamin Le Fevre.	W. W. Davies.
6.	William D. Hill.	Hiram C. Glenn.
7.	George E. Seney.	Daniel Babst.
8.	Jas. W. Denver.	John Little.
9.	E. F. Poppleton.	William C. Cooper.
10.	Frank H. Hurd.	Jacob Romeis.
11.	W. W. Ellsberry.	Alphonso Hart.
12.	Leo Ebert.	A. C. Thompson.
13.	J. H. Outhwaite.	Allen Miller.
14.	John L. Vance.	Charles H. Grosvenor.
15.	Beriah Wilkins.	Elijah Little.
16.	George W. Geddes.	Henry C. Hedges.
17.	A. J. Warner.	Joseph D. Taylor.
18.	J. H. Wallace.	Isaac H. Taylor.
19.	Horace Alvord.	Ezra B. Taylor.
20.	David R. Paige.	William McKinley.
21.	Martin A. Foran.	Charles C. Burnett.

The Color Line in Halifax.

From the Montreal Gazette.

Until recently separate schools were maintained in Halifax for colored children, but by an amendment to the School act, which came into force September 29, colored pupils capable of passing a certain examination are allowed to enter schools attended by white children, where the teaching is more advanced than in the colored schools. Some days since a highly intelligent colored girl, against whose character and those of her relatives nothing could be alleged, passed the qualifying examination and was admitted into the Brunswick street school, though some little time had yet to elapse before the amended act was to come into force. The result was that nearly all the white pupils in the higher department left the school, and their parents signed a petition to the School Commissioners, urging upon them the advisability of again excluding the children of negro parentage from schools attended by white children; otherwise they said they would not allow their children to attend. The School Commissioners have, however, stuck steadily to their guns, and it is the general opinion that they have done well in abolishing an invidious class distinction. The negroes as well as the whites are taxed to maintain the public schools.

Price of Gas.

From the Boston Herald.

In view of the recent unsuccessful attempt to start a competing gas company in Boston, the following statement of the cost of gas in different cities in the last ten years will be read with interest. In 1874 the price in Boston was $2 50; in New York, $2 75; in Chicago, $3; in Philadelphia, $2 30; in Baltimore, $2 75; in Brooklyn $3; in St. Louis, $3 09. In 1879, Boston, $2; New York, average price, $2 27; Chicago, average price, $3 09; Philadelphia, $2 20; Baltimore, $2; Brooklyn, average, $2 55; St. Louis, $2 50 In 1882, Boston, $2; New York, with seven companies, $2 25; Chicago, $2 25 to $3; Philadelphia, $2; Baltimore, $1 90; Brooklyn, also with seven companies, $2 to $2 50; St. Louis, $2 50. In 1884, Boston, $1 50; in New York, $2 25, but a consolidation of all the companies has recently been arranged and a reduction to $1 75 is promised; in Chicago, where there is a fierce competition, $1 to $1 25; in Philadelphia, $1 90; in Baltimore, where there has been another gas war, the price was reduced to $1, but neither company could earn a dividend, and they have now combined and put the price up to $1 60; in Brooklyn the price is $2 to $2 50.

West Virginia Candidates.

	Dem.	Rep.
Governor	E. W. Wilson.	Edwin Maxwell.
Treasurer	W. T. Thompson.	S. W. Sturin.
Att'y-Gen'l	A. Caldwell	J. A. Hutchinson.
Auditor	P. F. Duffy.	J. H. Burtt.
Sup't Pub Schools	B. S. Morgan.	J. N. Kendall.
Supreme Court Judges:	A. C. Snyder.	W. H. H. Flick.
	Samuel Woods.	P. H. Brown.

Following are the candidates for Congress in the several districts:

	Dem.	Rep.
1.	John Branson.	Nathan Goff.
2.	W. L. Wilson.	L. M. Reynolds.
3.	C. P. Snyder.	J. W. Davis.
4.	Enslow Gibson.	A. R. Barber.

Life in a Cleveland Pole.

From the Philadelphia Record.

At the intersection of Forty-seventh street and Lancaster avenue there stands a hickory pole, to which is attached a Cleveland banner. The pole was cut eighteen months ago, and lay as a log for a long time. It was purchased by the Jefferson Democratic Club, and was planted about six weeks ago. To the surprise of all there are now sprouts from the hickory about six inches long, the Club taking it as an auspicious omen.

MEN OF MARK.

THE Hon. Samuel J. Randall was 56 years old last Friday.

THE only thing an Arab won't steal is another man's religion.

ISIDOR COHNFELD has declined an offer of $40,000 for his fast horse, Maxey Cobb.

IT is said that Vanderbilt's household expenses foot up $250,000 per year, and we don't question the statement.

SENATOR BECK has hunted everywhere, it is said, in the United States and Scotland. Senator Wade Hampton's specialty is fishing.

HENRY IRVING insists upon saying, in "Hamlet," "the dog will have his bay," instead of "his day," as usually rendered.

WHEN Sir Moses Montefiore contemplates his 311 grandchildren he smiles at the old ditty, "Where, oh where are the Hebrew children?"

MR. SPURGEON employs six secretaries—two at the parsonage study, two at the Tabernacle and two at the College. One is a short-hand reporter.

A PIANO player and namesake of the great Rubinstein recently committed suicide at Lucerne because he could not become a great composer.

BISMARCK's salary as Chancellor of the German Empire is $18,500 a year. He has a further income from his estates, and gives generously to charitable causes.

THE Duke of Westminster rents 120,000 acres of shooting preserves in Scotland. The whole of this vast area consists of land which is quite incapable of cultivation.

JOHN PHILBRICK, of Seabrook, N. H., who is 98 years old and blind, shaves himself with the only razor he ever owned, and which he bought seventy-five years ago.

UNCLE NED GRAVES, of Montgomery, Ala., is 70 years of age, and is said to be the oldest locomotive engineer in America, having served forty-five years in that capacity.

MINISTER JAMES RUSSELL LOWELL is coming home in time to deliver the oration at the quarter millennial celebration of the settlement of his native town, Newburyport, Mass.

OSCAR WILDE has evolved a new style of hat, which he hopes will supersede the prevailing stove-pipe shape. It bears a strong resemblance to a flower-pot set bottom upwards.

IT is a noticeable fact that very few wealthy hotel keepers live at their hotels themselves. Proprietor Willard of the Ebbitt House in Washington has rented an expensive residence in that city for himself and his family.

RICHARD HOODUM, a poor man who resides in Westmoreland County, on the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad, found a package of money three years ago. He advertised it, but it was never called for, and a few days since he opened and appropriated it. The amount is said to be about $25,000.

CHARLES READE once wrote of Dion Boucicault; "Among his brother dramatists Boucicault holds the first place. Like Shakespeare and Moliere, the beggar steals everything he can lay his hands on, but he does it so deftly, so cleverly, that I can't help condoning the theft. He picks up a pebble by the shore and polishes it into a jewel. Occasionally, too, he writes divine lines, and knows more about the grammar of the stage than all the rest of them put together."

WOMEN OF THE WORLD.

MRS. CONSTANCE FENNIMORE WOOLSON is writing a new story for Harper's Magazine.

A BELVA LOCKWOOD battalion has been formed in Boston. The members carry brooms instead of guns.

MRS. LOCKWOOD has a scheme to offer her private recipe for mince pie to every woman who shall fetch her one vote.

DR. ALFRED TAYLOR says that every girl ought to know how to make good coffee, for bad coffee has made many bad men.

IT is said by an authority that instead of being lank and lean as heretofore, American women are growing round and buxom.

MME. RISTORI receives 40 per cent of the gross receipts in her American tour, This is the highest ever paid a star by a manager.

THE mother of Senator Jones of Nevada is blind, owing to excessive weeping over the loss, many years ago, of a beloved son.

THE Queen of Belgium is described as ugly looking, her small eyes, retreating forehead and prominent turned up nose giving her an idiotic expression.

THE Empress of Russia, who has the finest tea in the world, has an amber tea service—cups and saucers, cream jug and sugar bowl—out of which to drink it.

THE women who write the puffs for Parisian face powders get from $1,500 to $2,500 a year salary. And yet we are told that honesty is the best policy

A CHICAGO chap squeezed his girl's hand so hard as to crush one of the finger joints, and as he was rich and a good catch, she never uttered a groan until he had left the house.

THE mail on one route in Cape Breton is carried by a small girl, who takes the bag on her shoulders Some days she fails to come to time, and then she is found in a tree picking gum.

MRS. MARY B. SPELLMAN has presented to Baltimore a picture of her great-great-grandfather, Philip Jones, as he appeared when laying out the town of Baltimore on January 12, 1730.

MLLE. EMMA NEVADA is to be the leading singer at the Norwich Musical Festival, which is to begin on Tuesday. She is considering an offer by Mr. Mapleson of an engagement for a tour of the United States.

MISS GLEN, the English representative of the bifureated dress movement—visiting this country—is reported as saying to an interviewer: "You know the reformers split into two sections on the trousers question."

THE Baroness Burdett-Coutts and her husband after a brief run through the County Wicklow went to Rockingham, where they were the guests of Col, King-Harman, and Mr. Ashmead Bartlett-Coutts will aid in the pheasant killing. The executive of the Midland and Great Western Railway placed a handsome saloon carriage which was built for the Empress of Austria at the disposal of the Baroness and her party.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

Our Ineffective Militia.

ST. LOUIS, October 10, 1884.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

Every fair-minded person will admit that parades and maneuvres of militia troops cannot be judged the same as of regular soldiers, yet in view of the fact that our boys are constantly clamoring for increased public recognition and State subvention, they should certainly do more to gain the former and make themselves more deserving of the latter. Now, I think, and thousands will do the same, that, considering the extensive preparations and large advertisement received, the parade on last Friday night was a very poor exhibit, both of military punctuality and skill of our First Regiment. Instead of the promised large attendance there were but about 350 men in line, inclusive of those little boys on horseback, and their marching and bearing in general was certainly giving but little satisfaction, even to a non-exacting public, the unlimited commendations of the newspapers notwithstanding. This fact must have been recognized by the boys themselves, or our splendid new pavement would not have been used as an excuse for the unsteady appearance in marching.

Really, Mr. Editor, you and your colleagues would serve the interest of our militia much better in pointing out to them where amendments seem imperative instead of pouring immoderate praises into their ears and apparently getting into ecstacies over the grade of perfection in which all their movements excel.

A FRIEND.

Grogan Speaks for Himself.

ST. LOUIS, October 14, 1884.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

I desire to thank you for the free advertisement received in yesterday evening's edition of your valuable and widely read journal. Your description of my audacity and mental capacity is accurate and admirable, and the dynamite part of it embellished the whole beautifully. When you have time give me some more in the same style—it will serve to keep my bumps from swelling with self-esteem. From obscurity you have lifted me handsomely into political notoriety, and rounded my qualifications up with a master's hand. This is the way to keep such creatures as myself, for instance, from becoming presumptuous. Let your readers have some more when convenient.

JOHN GROGAN, Candidate for Congress.

Prepare for the World's Fair.

ST. LOUIS, October 13, 1884.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

Not knowing who have been appointed local managers of the World's Fair, to be held in St Louis in the year 1892, please allow me to address to them, through your columns, the suggestion that a large plat of ground be at once selected and purchased or leased for the purpose of such Fair. In eight years from now land in that part of the city where the Fair should be held may be five or six times more valuable than now. It would be well to secure part of Forest Park, if possible; if not, high, commanding land in its vicinity, and secure such before the land be built upon or cut up with streets and alleys. The buildings for the World's Fairs in London, Paris and Philadelphia are located in or near great parks.

CITIZEN.

Whooping Up Morrison.

HARRISONVILLE, ILL., October 13, 1884.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

I saw in your issue of the 11th inst., where you allude to Col. Wm. R. Morrison as "Horizontal Bill." It is not the first time you have thrown mud at the gentleman. Why you should persist in doing so I cannot see. Every Democrat will admit that it is only a question of time till his, or similar, views of the tariff, will be adopted. He is only ahead of the times some five or ten years. We are going to help him make this Needles harder to find after the 1st of November than the traditional needle in the hay-stack.

A VOTER.

A Last Appeal.

ST. LOUIS, October 14, 1884.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

As this is the closing week of the great Exposition, I beg space to request the directors to continue it over Sunday next, and call the day workingmen's day. Surely, gentlemen, you can stretch your consciences just for one Sunday, and if it would lessen the load any, let the workingman and his family be admitted free, you know, or donate the proceeds of the day, which I guarantee will be large, to some charitable purpose. What say you, gentlemen?

REBURG.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

W. H.—Illinois is the chief whisky producing State.

THOMAS—We never heard of Eccles before, but we suppose that there is such a man.

INQUIRING READER—The residence of Samuel J. Tilden is No. 15 Gramercy Park, New York.

CONSTANT READER—Folding the card is a declaration that the card was left by the visitor in person.

SUBSCRIBER—No one can challenge your vote in this State if you are a resident of this State. The question is, have you resided a year in the State?

A DEMOCRAT—Proof that you have made the proper declaration of your intention to become a citizen, not less than one year nor more than five years before offering to vote, qualifies you to vote in Missouri. But you need your final naturalization papers if the declaration was made more than five years ago.

The Widow's Mite.

From the Philadelphia Call.

Dick—How old are you?
Joe—I'm goin' on three.
Dick—Oh, that ain't much; I'm eight.
Joe—Well, you needn't be so stuck up about it. My ma says I can be eight, too, after she gets married again.

Garters Done For.

From the Chicago Tribune.

The latest thing in stockings does away with garters or supporters from above. The hosiery is kept in its place by lacing from under the knee to the upper bulge of the calf. Thus the circulation of the blood in the limbs is not impaired.

No Jewelry for the Beaux this Year.

From the Providence Journal:

Little or no jewelry will be worn by fashionable men, and even watch chains are to be discarded. The nearest thing to a watch chain is a plain gold thread, which goes around the neck and comes out through one of the buttonholes.

Pulse Beats.

From the Philadelphia Call.

A healthy man's pulse beats about seventy-four when he is standing. When he sits it beats about seventy. When he lies down, about sixty-four. When he gets down on his knees before a young lady, about 860.

Observation on Election Bets.

From the Pittsburg Dispatch.

Election bets are the device of the times for the enrichment of the hat merchants and the impoverishment of fools.

Suggestion from Texas.

From the Houston Post.

Texas would like to loan Ohio 30,000 or 40,000 Democrats next Tuesday.

VARIOUS VIEWS.

New York Editors on the Returns From Ohio and West Virginia.

Showing How Differently the Same Statement of Facts may Impress Different People—While the "World" Claims a Substantial Democratic Victory in Ohio, the "Tribune" Thanks God That the Country is Saved From Out of the Hands of Its Enemies—And More of the Same Sort.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, October 15.—The WORLD says: "The result of the election in Ohio yesterday is a drawn battle, with a slight advantage to the Democracy. The Republicans, although cautious in their estimates during the last few days, felt confident of a majority far exceeding the October majority of 19,000 in 1880. They had some ground for their confidence. They used more than $1,000,000 illegitimately in the State. Blaine's 'magnetism' was believed to be good for 20,000 votes. They repeat their victory of twenty-eight years in the State, but their majority is reduced and they have the disturbing element of St. John's spirited canvass threatening them next month. Blaine is shown not to be the true heir of Garfield. Despite the money of Jay Gould, Huntington, Morton, Field, Sage and Star-Route expectants, he has probably only about half the majority of the Garfield year. The result is what the WORLD expected and predicted."

THE SUN.

The Sun says: "The Republicans carried Ohio yesterday by a majority sufficiently decisive to dispel, in a great measure, the uncertainties which have of late clouded the campaign. So far, the returns which have been received indicate that this majority will be not less than 16,000, and it is not probable that the complete count of the vote will materially offset this estimate."

THE HERALD.

The Herald says: "The Democrats have no reason to be discouraged at the result of yesterday, but on the contrary. The Blaine men have spent their strength on a blow which hurts them far more than it does their antagonists."

THE TIMES.

The Times says: "After a canvass altogether unprecedented in the history of American politics, a canvass which has placed the full strength of their case before every voter in Ohio and left no appeal unused, no enticement untried, the Republicans have carried Ohio by a majority 6,000 less than that given to the Republican ticket in the October election of 1880. If the supporters of Mr. Blaine can derive any comfort from this result, they are welcome to it. If in the Ohio returns they can find new reasons for indulging the pleasing delusion that their candidate will secure a majority of the electoral votes of the country in November, we would not rob them of that fleeting joy, for to do that would be both cruel and useless. As for those whose sympathies in this great contest are with Mr. Blaine's opponent, they will see little cause for discouragement in the election of the Republican candidate for Secretary of State in Republican Ohio by a majority of 13,000 votes."

THE TRIBUNE.

The Tribune says: "The people of Ohio have done well their part to shape the history of the next twenty years. Thanks to God, who hath again given the victory to justice and right; thanks to the true men of Ohio, who have not forgotten the sacred graves on their soil, or the cause for which many heroes, from the martyred President to the private soldiers who died of wounds in war willingly gave their lives: thanks to the men of other States, who have met the forces of Democracy concentrated on this, its chosen battlefield, and have helped in the argument before the people to win the glorious triumph which the nation now hails with joy."

THE VERY MADNESS OF LOVE.

The Youth Cowley and His Insane Ravings After his Frequent Flames.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

LANCASTER, PA., October 15.—The terrible tragedy of Monday night continues to be the all-absorbing theme here, almost overshadowing the election in Ohio. Miss Benson, the wounded 14-year old girl, spent a restless night, suffering great pain, but her condition is not considered serious. Cowley lies at the County Hospital in a critical condition and his dissolution may occur at any time from hemorrhage. That the young man is insane on the subject of what he conceives to be his love, there can be no doubt. He has proposed to scores of other girls and, in February last, was placed under bonds here to keep the peace towards his aunt and a young lady named Clara Fagan. He had proposed to the latter and, on being refused, threatened her life. He even made overtures to his aunt, with whom he lived in Philadelphia and, after having been sent by her to his mother's home, which was then in this city, but is now in Philadelphia, wrote letters to the aunt making the grossest proposals to her, all of which was developed during the trial in February last. To show what a "mad lover" he is, the following letter, sent to Miss Benson, the wounded girl, may be of interest.

"PHILADELPHIA, August 18, 1884.

"MAMIE, angel, love, how can I live without you? When I lived in Lancaster I was always eager to see your angelic form, but now, as I cannot see you, the torture is worse than death. Oh, Mamie, little angel, how can you be so cruel—never answer my letters when I love you so? Was human being ever so cursed with the bitter curse of love? So tortured to love so with love unreturned is a bitter curse. Angel that you are, do you delight in my torture? Mamie, do you remember the first morning you spoke to me? Then I fell in love with you; then I vowed to God that I would win your love or die, and I will. Before I knew you I was trying to lead an honest and good life. The first two weeks of your acquaintance I was as happy as a bird, but now the change! I am changed into a spirit of wickedness and of sin. It was my mad love that changed me, and unless you return my love I am ruined. You wanted to know what I meant by being ruined. Now you know my love has drove me mad. I am dashing on to death and ruin at lightning speed and, unless you help me, I may at any minute dash into the rock of ruin and eternity. Oh, dear Mamie, won't you please save me, for a fate worse than death awaits me? If you was in danger I would die to save you. Perhaps you never look at my letters. Perhaps you read them and then turn to laugh, but, oh God, if I only dare tell you, you would never laugh at me. Oh, Mamie, I would have left Lancaster long before I did if I had not made your acquaintance. Mamie, I have bright prospects before me, a chance to learn the best paying trade in the world. It is all about electricity. My boss gets $60 a week, but I shall dash all these from me unless you save me. Mamie, dear, I never threatened to harm you, but God only knows what despair may bring on me. I haven't much desire to live on this earth without you. It is as bad as torment. Mamie, dear, you will be my little wife and save me from awful crime, ruin and disgrace. I feel that if you were my wife, I could live a happy, honest life. My desire is to do good. Mamie, I love you with all my heart, and, for God's sake, do answer this—any kind of an answer. Yours Truly, S. CAWLEY,

"108 South Third street.

"Unless you be my wife before another month I will stand face to face with God."

STILL NO TIDINGS.

The Fate of Assistant Caller Bell Still Involved in Mystery.

The mystery that surrounds the disappearance of John D. Bell, one of the Merchants' Exchange callers, has not yet been solved. A telegram this morning from his brother Will states that a search party, consisting of seven men, accompanied by two blood hounds, started out this morning to make a thorough and searching examination of the woods around Long Lake. It is said that Mr. Bell did not use his boat at the lake, which lends to the belief that he was not drowned, but had been shot accidentally, perhaps, while hunting. There are, however, fears entertained that he has met with foul play. When he left the Exchange Saturday, Mr. Bell had $50 on his person, besides carrying a handsome gold watch. His gun, too, was a fine one. It is thought he may have displayed his money and watch and the sight excited the cupidity of some person or persons, who waylaid and killed him. The greatest interest is naturally felt in Bell's fate by the Exchange members, with whom he was a great favorite. It has been proposed that the Exchange offer a reward for the recovery of his body, and this will probably be done. There are some who still think Bell was drowned in the lake. He could not swim and weighed down by his heavy hunting suit and rubber boots, besides the cartridge belt he wore, he would have sunk at once if he had fallen into the lake.

AT THE EXPOSITION.

THE feminine idea of economy is, in some respects, very peculiar. Of course I do not assert that it applies to all women, but with some a pound is wasted to save a trifle. I had a strange illustration of this at the Exposition last evening. Walking behind a couple of ladies and a gentleman I overheard one of the former exclaim, "Why, Henry, I don't think it costs much to come here. Besides the pleasure it affords us, we have made money."

"Made money," queried the gentleman in unmistakable surprise.

"Of course. It cost us each, Mollie and I, twenty-five cents to get in, but it was really only twenty cents each, for both of us got a spool of thread worth five cents."

Henry did see, and learned a practical lesson in economy.

I THINK the approaching close of the Exposition has served to stimulate an interest in it among citizens who care very little for that class of entertainment. Last evening there were more people present who since the opening had not visited the Exposition. A pleasant feature of last evening's attendance was the family parties. These formed the major portion of the attendance, although there were many young people present in couples.

THE latter were in ecstacies when, with beating drums and martial tread, the brave boys of Company L, First Regiment, National Guards, marched into the building. The company came to a halt in the grand corridor fronting on Olive street, and gave a very excellent drill, which, had it not been fatiguing, would, I am sure, have been repeated in response to the generous applause awarded to the boys by the spectators, especially the ladies.

I NEVER like to tell a secret, and I won't in this instance, but I should like to suggest to several of the Exposition officials to be on their guard. There is a surprise in store for them which I think they will appreciate.

APROPOS of the military drill last evening, I heard some unjustifiable complaint on the part of some of the boys. One of them criticized the management regarding the complimentary admission granted by the directory to every member of the military organizations who desired to visit the Exhibition accompanied by one lady. The fault-finding soldier claimed that he had been obliged to pay for the admission of the lady accompanying him. This I investigated and found to be a mistake. The order was positive to admit members of the military in full uniform accompanied by one lady.

SATURDAY night will positively be the last of the present season, rain or shine, and the great building will then be closed until next year. From certain observations I made and words I overheard last evening, I think that a novel entertainment is being prepared for the last night. The matter is in the hands of the exhibitors and employes. What it is has been kept secret. I asked Secretary Johnson, but he was completely in the dark, but strongly suspected that it might be some sort of jollification.

Amusement Notes.

"Romany Rye" is booked for Pope's, and follows "Excelsior."

"Happy" Cal Wagner and his excellent minstrel company will occupy the boards at the Peoples' next week.

The Standard Theater Company are backing Harry Watson and his funny "Wrinkles," and this year's season has been a success so far.

The Olympia Quartette, at the Casino next week, is said to be the greatest in their line ever seen here. They are four military dudes, and are instrumental as well as vocal artists.

Broadway & Treyser's Dime Museum has a fine bill this week. Mons. Gerard Leon, the clown, and his performing donkeys have made a hit. Chemah, the Chinese dwarf, is attracting a good deal of attention. The theatorium performance continues to draw.

Gregory's Dime Museum is furnishing a fine entertainment, and the popular place is drawing big crowds. Gen. Carver, the midget, and Mlle. Carver, the mammoth lady, and Sprague, the skeleton, are among the attractions, An excellent entertainment is given in the theatorium.

"The Irish Minstrel" gives its last performance this afternoon at the Peoples', and W. J. Scanlan, the clever Irish comedian, will present his strong play of "Friend and Foe" the balance of the week. He has been drawing splendidly, and his popularity is attested in his excellent singing being encored nightly. "Friend and Foe" is full of dramatic fire.

"The Silver King," with its intense melodramatic interest and superb cast, is doing a very good business at the Grand Opera, last night's house being well filled. Frederic De Belleville, Eleanor Cary the charming actress, and John Jennings, one of the best old men on the stage were the recipients of a good deal of the applause and enthusiasm displayed.

Mr. Ernest Albert, the well-known scenic artist, is host for the next meeting of the Salmagundi Club which takes place to-morrow. The subject for illustration is "The Beautiful in Nature," and he presents his compliments in a rich and exquisitely designed wooded scene, embellished by graceful hanging of drapery, the idea being appropriate for a drop curtain.

"The Romany Rye," the celebrated spectacular melodrama, will be the next attraction at Pope's Theatre, commencing Sunday next, October 19th. "The Romany Rye" is a great popular success, always having been favorably received by the public. It will be produced with new and beautiful scenery, and all the great scenic and mechanical effects. The cast is said to be a strong one.

The Casino had a fair house at the matinee and a big attendance at last evening's performance, and the favorites were at their best. Nellie Parker, Florence French, the "only" Lottie Elliot, otherwise known as the lady of endurance, Prof. Parker and his performing dogs. DeWitt Cook, the king of clubs, Prof. Wallace and Mlle. Eugenia are among the best features of this excellent variety performance. A matinee will be held to-morrow.

The Standard was comfortably filled last evening and "Wanted—A Partner" was heartily well received. As usual, Bob Graham carried off the honors in his inimitably funny impersonation of noted characters of the day—particularly at present slightly-disfigured-but-still-in-the ring dude. There are a number of strong specialty features which do not fail to "catch on." Henry Irving and Lawrence Barrett will hold nightly receptions throughout the week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Florence repeated "Facts" last evening, and they scored another triumph. The attendance was large, and the very warm and hearty manner in which "Facts" was received is indicative of its excellence as a bright, clean comedy. Mrs. Florence captivates her audiences, and she appears in rich and tasteful attire. To-night, Thursday and Saturday matinee, "The Mighty Dollar" will be played. Friday and Saturday evenings will witness the last performances of "Facts."

"Excelsior" with each performance at Pope's reaches a higher plane of splendor and gorgeousness than ever before attained in the spectacular. Its charm and beauty is attractively displayed in the constantly changing scenes, producing a succession of rich and effective climaxes at least novel and original. The transition from Darkness to Light produces wonderful scenic effects. Miss Findt, the American artiste, and Sig. Conti were well rewarded with applause last evening.

Frank McKee and F. D. Bowers representing respectively "The Pavements of Paris" and "The Wages of Sin" came near decorating the pavements of St. Louis with gore on a dispute arising from a wager of beer, yesterday. The timely interference of George Heuer prevented any serious damage. They have been bucking against one another in billing the town pretty heavily, and when aroused, they are bold, bad men. The one regretful feature of the fray was George Heuer's interference in advance.

NO DECISION.

The Committee on the September Corn Deal Fail to Agree.

The case of the September corn deal was tried yesterday afternoon before a special committee, consisting of M. McEnnis, J. W. Carter and F. B. Chamberlain. Evidence was produced by both sides to establish the price of corn on the last day of September, and arguments were made in favor of their respective sides by J. C. Ewald and D. R. Bartlett. This morning the committee met, but after some time spent in considering the case, found they were unable to agree, and so notified Secretary Morgan. It is expected that the case will now be settled by special agreement upon the price between the longs and shorts.

Making Fun of the Colonel.

From a German Paper.

Not long ago the drill sergeants of a certain German regiment drew up the following order of the day: "To-morrow morning, by order of the Colonel, there will be an eclipse of the sun. The regiment will assemble on the parade ground, where the Colonel will come and superintend the eclipse in person. If the sky is cloudy the eclipse will take place in the drill shed."

MR. W. C. STEIGERS

Will call on merchants wishing to contract for advertising in the Post-Dispatch.

FOUR DAYS LEFT.

The Closing Days of the Exposition Marked by Good Attendance.

What Will be Done There This Evening—Drill by the Tredways—The Floral Competition—Musical Attractions—Interesting Displays.

Only four days are left in which to visit the great Exposition and its impending close is stimulating the interest of those who, from habitual procrastination, have put off from day to day the pleasure of seeing the show. The attendance is mainly from the city now, although there is always on hand a fairly large representation of holiday-makers from abroad—well-to-do country people who have waited until the rush and excitement of Fair week is over to take their annual city pleasuring. The art halls are being largely patronized in the mornings now, lovers of the beautiful selecting the quiet hours of the early day in order that they may enjoy a careful study of the paintings undisturbed by the jostling and chatter of the unæsthetic crowd. Yesterday there was a capital attendance, the attraction provided by the military visitors bringing thousands of their admirers into the building during the evening. This evening, the ever-popular Tredways will attend the Exposition and give an exhibition of their famous drill, a feature which will not fail to draw out the ladies in large force, that crack company being, above all others, enshrined in the hearts of the fair sex of the city. This evening, at 5 o'clock, the exhibition of cut flowers by local florists who have kept displays on hand since the Exposition opened will be ready for inspection by the public. The competition for the prizes offered by the management promises to be very keen, and the exposition of floriculture will surpass anything of the kind hitherto seen here. The ladies and gentlemen forming the committee who are to judge of the respective merits of the displays and award the premiums will meet in Secretary Johnson's office to-night and make arrangements for a joint examination of them to-morrow morning, in order that they may be ready with their decisions to-morrow evening. It will be a matter of prospective interest to learn that the Ballantyne refrigerator is now in operation and that, when the hot weather comes along during the Exposition days of September and October, 1885, the management will have on hand a big store-room filled with atmosphere at a temperature of 37, whose distribution throughout the building will counteract the effect of any undue heat. The musical attractions continue undiminished, the reappearance of the popular cornetist Liberati proving a very good move on the part of the management. He will make two appearances during each of the concerts to-day, and will play at each some new pieces. The programme for the regular Arsenal Band Concert this evening will be as follows:

1. March—Monte Christo..........George Wiegand
2. Potpourri—Pleasant Memories..J. H. Wadsworth
3. Overture—Fairy Tales..........C. Kerssen
4. Waltz—Love's Rejoicing.......Dr. Eng. Voerster
5. Song—The Palms—Sung by Jos. Saler, accompanied by full band.
6. Gasoter—Viola..........Jerome Hill
7. Aria and Chorus—From Deserter..........Conant
8. Overture—Stradella..........Von Flowtow
9. Musical Panorama..........A. Conrades
10. Galop—Fedora..........Wm. G. Dietrich

The Bollman concerts, which have proved so popular since their inception, will come to a close this evening, when the following farewell programme will be performed:

1. Piano Duo—Operatic Fantasie..........Epstein
George Enzinger and Otto Bollman.
2. Clarionet Solo—Stabat Mater..........Rossini
(Arranged by Livarani.)
Mons. L. Brun.
3. Vocal Duet—Life's Dream is Over..........Ascher
Adolph Bolins and Oscar H. Bollman.
4. Baritone Solo—Bizarre Polka..........Thomas
George Mullen.
5. Piano Duo—Pesther Waltzes..........Lanner
August Halter and George Enzinger.
6. Grand Fantasie for Clarionet—La Fille du Bonemien..........By L. Brun
Mons. L. Brun.
7. Piano Duo (Overture)—Light Cavalry..........Suppe
George Enzinger and Otto Bollman.

The east nave concerts will continue until the close of the Exposition, the following being this evening's programme:

1. March—Schuetzen..........Willemsen
2. Fantasia—Moisi..........Rossini
3. Waltz—Freudengruesse..........Strauss
4. Fantasia—Semiramide..........Rossini
5. Selections—Carmen..........Bizet
6. Polka—Die Schaikhafte..........Strauss
7. Fantasia—Freischuetz..........Weber
8. Potpourri—Faust..........Gounod

LEARNING FROM ST. LOUIS.

A party of fifteen representative citizens of Cincinnati, commissioners of the Exposition and Music Hall, will arrive in the city to-night and will stop at the Lindell. The commissioners are sent here to inspect the St. Louis Exposition, and will be shown everything connected with it during their stay.

THE FAIRBANK SCALES.

The display of scales by these well-known manufacturers is one of the most attractive in the Exposition. Thousands of visitors have had their avoirdupois settled on the handsome platform scale, and while some of them have been surprised at the result all have been delighted with the extreme beauty and variety of the exhibit.

T. B. BOYD & CO.

The enterprising spirit of more than one business firm has been determined by the promptness with which it responded to contribute to the success of the great Exposition by making an exhibit of its line of goods. Some whose articles were not of that sort to make a brilliant and dazzling display by rich and varied hues, were more or less embarrassed, but conscious that the quality of their goods would be admired, they made their exhibits. Among these is the firm of T. B. Boyd & Co., who make a complete and neat display of gents' furnishing goods at the north end of the first floor and almost opposite the nave. Five large show cases are required for the articles shown, which comprise a complete and assorted line of gents' furnishing goods and underwear. The finest make of shirts, collars, cuffs, silk and linen handkerchiefs, ties, scarfs, gents' hosiery, dressing and smoking gowns, etc.

WHERE THE LADIES CONGREGATE.

It would indeed be difficult to find any lady who loves a beautiful and comfortable home that has failed to stop and admire the magnificent display made by the well-known carpet firm of Coon, Beck & Marshall, at the Exposition. Not only the ladies, but all who have visited the Exposition to see the fine exhibits there of St. Louis' commercial and industrial progress, have gone into ecstasies over it. In its general arrangement it is unique and artistic, no efforts having been spared to so place the goods that they appear to the best possible advantage. The display is clearly designed being, divided into two handsome rooms. The first, devoid of furniture, exposes to the view a few samples of carpets, rugs, oil cloths, and tapestry. The finest article shown in this room, however, is the Flemish tapestry, a magnificent specimen of that class of work, extremely artistic and valued at the enormous sum of $1,030. Thick, soft rugs, velvet, brussels, ingrain, and other carpets of various designs are included among the articles here shown. The next apartment is more luxurious in its furnishing and displays of an equally varied but richer class of articles. At two windows hang beautiful silk and lace curtains of varied colors, but of the costliest material and exquisitely finished. The walls and ceilings are samples of fine interior wood work. Window shades of every design and quality, trimmings etc., complete the display of one of the leading carpet houses.

WITHMAR, GRAY & KAMINSKI.

It is doubtful if any among the thousands that have visited the Exposition since it opened failed to give a few moments to the display of this well known firm. The Fourth street china bazar enjoys a reputation that may well be envied by older established houses in the same line of business. Young, active and enterprising men compose the firm, and their rapid strides to the front speaks volumes for their success. Their display, situated at the extreme northwest end of the first floor, is large and open. The queensware and other articles are well exposed to the public view and can be closely scrutinized. The apparently negligent and pell-mell arrangement of the articles is truly artistic, and at once arrests the attention of all. All the goods displayed are of the finest quality and finish, and are simply samples of the extensive and varied stock carried by this progressive and enterprising firm. Do not fail to see it.

TROBLICHT & DUNCKER.

This firm, regarded for many years as one of the leading carpet houses in the West and known throughout the entire Mississippi Valley, had it considered an exhibit as a mere advertisement of its goods, might easily have refrained from making a representative display at the finest permanent Exposition in the United States. But they are too thoroughly imbued with an energetic and enterprising spirit, and consequently contributed one of the largest and finest displays of carpets and curtain goods at the Exposition. Of the artistic arrangement and gorgeous ensemble of this exhibit, column after column might be written and still not do it justice. It is situated near the north end and faces the east nave, most advantageously exposed to the general view and occupying sufficient space to permit the visitor to see every article. The display is in three distinct parts and comprises samples of the fine goods carried by this popular house. At the north end is the exhibit of carpets of every [illegible] and pattern from the finest Turkish to the [illegible] ingrain, spread out so that [illegible] examined by the visit- [illegible] on of colors makes a [illegible] roll upon roll of fine [illegible] of every quality and [illegible] the very best. But the [illegible] display is the elegant drawing room scene, wherein is shown the curtains and draperies. It is really gorgeous and baffles description. To be appreciated it must be seen. The ladies never fail to admire it for it promotes their love for the beautiful and comfortable.

S. J. BRITTAIN & CO.

The handsomest display at the Exposition is not necessarily an indication that the goods are the same or that their quality is of the best. With this firm, however, it is different, its reputation being a sufficient guarantee that the goods it sells are fully up to the standard of those exhibited to please the ladies and excite their genuine admiration. The display made by S. J. Brittain & Co. is a most novel one and universally conceded to be one of the most attractive. At least such is the verdict of thousands of ladies who have admired it. A large and handsome show-case contains the goods arranged for the exhibit. The design is a ship, which occupies almost the whole interior of the case. It is entirely made of ribbons, artificial flowers and other material used in the millinery trade, and its faithful resemblance to a sea-faring vessel is certainly a compliment to the artist who designed and made it. The ship, of course, is the main feature of the display, but there is, in the same case, an extensive assortment of other millinery goods. None of these were selected for the special purpose of being exhibited at the Exposition, but are from the extensive and complete stock carried by the firm. A careful examination of the goods composing the display will satisfactorily prove that S. J. Brittain & Co. deal in the best goods in that line.

WELL WORTH SEEING.

The double display of the Simmons Hardware Company, famed throughout the entire Northwestern, Western and Southern States, has, since the opening of the Exposition, excited the most genuine surprise and admiration. Daily and nightly thousands have crowded around the exhibits of this well-known business house. Citizens, familiar with its standing and the class of goods it handles have, nevertheless, found much to surprise them in the magnificent displays. Strangers have simply been astonished, and well they might, for, as repeatedly described, the arrangement of the displays is unique and novel and a tribute to the skillful ingenuity which designed and constructed it. The finest and best articles in which the Simmons Hardware Company deals are shown, and the exhibit is very complete. Only a few days remain for the public to visit the Exposition, and those who have not already been there should not fail to go and see the magnificent exhibit made by this house. Every article in the hardware line and everything embracing the ornamental and useful for the household can be seen. The Simmons Hardware Company needs no fulsome praise. It is regarded as the leading house in the hardware line and household goods west of New York, and in the quality of its goods are beyond question. What is shown at the Exposition might be considered merely samples of the vast quantity of wonderful things that fill the Company's mammoth establishment on Ninth and Washington avenue.

SCRUGGS, VANDERVOORT AND BARNEY.

The verdict of the thousands who during nearly forty days past have visited the Exposition daily and nightly is certainly worth more serious consideration than the most fulsome self praise or that commendation which money so easily buys, and when the former is freely accorded it is but a just tribute to enterprising merchants. Among the finest displays and certainly the best one in the dry goods line is that made by Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney. Situated in the center aisle at the north end of the main floor it occupies one of the most conspicuous positions in the magnificent building, and is so placed that it can be well viewed from all sides. No matter whence the visitors come, whether from the Fourteenth street nave, the east side or the aisles leading from the Olive street side, the eyes of the visitors are at once attracted to rich colored goods of this truly magnificent exhibit. It must have required all the skill and taste of an artist familiar with the relative combination of colors to arrange the goods with such beautiful effect, and yet the ensemble is simple enough. Of course the rare and rich quality of the goods contribute largely to the general effect secured. The entire display is placed in a large splendid ebony case, divided into several compartments. The south side shows a lavish display of rich fabrics, arrayed in folds on tiers. On each of the latter are wrought in bright colored goods the sign, "Retailers, importers, manufacturers." The east side contains ready-made garments of the latest and most stylish patterns. The north side of the case is filled with a splendid assortment of dress goods and the west side represents a handsome bridal display. The exhibit is worthy of this popular and well-known dry goods house.

JOEL SWOPE,

who leads in the trade for fashionable foot wear, has no competition worthy of note at the great Exposition. Although enjoying the reputation of being the foremost dealer in shoes, Mr. Swope did not fear to submit his claim to a critical public test, aside from an extensive and deserved custom among our best citizens which itself is sufficient proof, and made not only a creditable but a thorough display of goods. The display located at the north end of the first floor is advantageously placed, and has not failed to attract general attention. The goods exhibited are nicely arranged in a handsome and large show case. While it is not novel or original, it is very attractive by reason of the quality, beauty and variety of the goods. For ladies' wear especially, it surpasses anything similar ever before shown in a store or public exhibit. Among the different goods comprised are slippers, house shoes, street and riding boots, dancing and bridal slippers, in fact, footwear of every description for the ladies. There is also shown a full line of goods, boots and shoes, for gentlemen, the assortment and quality being excellent. Besides the goods in the big case, there are two small cases containing a half dozen pairs of dainty satin shoes made many years ago, and which, it is claimed, took the prize at the Crystal Palace Exposition at London, England, in 1850. Those who have not yet examined this beautiful display should not fail to do so before the Exposition closes.

A SPLENDID SHOW.

The Belding Bros. & Co.'s display of silk goods has become the most famous of all at the Exposition. Much has been said in its praise, and deservedly so, for popular verdict is in its favor. The ladies particularly are attracted by the extensive exhibit of silken goods that fills the large and commodious show cases. Among the goods shown are spool silk, silk fabrics, mittens, hosiery, linings, etc. The quality of the articles is world renowned and can compare favorably with the best manufactured silken fabrics of Europe. This, of course, speaks volumes for the American enterprise and workmanship. This firm has no less than four factories, one being in Canada. In its special line of goods it has not been equaled, much less surpassed. Messrs. Browning & Coyle have faithfully promoted the interest of this celebrated silk manufactory.

A NEW FEATURE.

In the main vestibule a new feature which attracts attention is the exhibit which Scholten, the photographer, makes of transparent photographs set in frames of stained art glass, commonly known among the æsthetic as cathedral glass. These pictures, which are hardly less gratifying to the artistic observer than the paintings in Art Hall, are arranged with consummate taste, and the universal opinion of those who examined the exhibit was that, if there is anything new to be had in the line of photographic art Scholten is sure to get it, and that where improvements in this branch of the graphic are concerned the old man is hard to beat in his role of a pioneer.

Ingalls' clock display on second floor draws a crowd. Ingalls has goods to please all.

You Will Never Get This Chance Again.

Boys' elegant heavy underwear that was 50c, now 25c; men's nice underwear from 50c to 25c; percale shirts from $1 to 50c. Damaged by water, but good as ever. 605 and 607 North Fourth street.

GOLDEN EAGLE.

In the fancy-goods department of Barr's exhibit all the embroidery work is done with the unequaled Corticelli silk.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

William Brookings and C. H. Long, Rolla, Mo., are at the St. James.

A. W. Farquhar and wife, York, Pa., are registered at the Lindell.

S. J. Mason and wife, Ft. Madison, Iowa, are stopping at the Laclede.

J. A. Clegg and wife and W. H. Miller and wife, Peoria, are at the Planters'.

D. M. Tucker, Fulton, and J. T. Wilson and wife, Brownsville, are at the Planters'.

William Howard Neff and Miss Isabel Howard Neff, Cincinnati, are at the Lindell.

H. C. Filler and wife, Columbia, and C. C. Wagner and wife, Vandalia, are at the Laclede.

H. T. Wilson, Dallas; J. R. Homer, Denver, and B. E. Orr, Columbus, are at the St. James.

E. E. Seixas and V. E. Austin, Galveston; Sam H. Barr, Ravenden, Ark., and H. H. Wittmer, Mill Spring, are at the Hotel Barnum.

Edward Craig and wife, Albion; J. F. McWilliams and wife, Mexico, Mo.; R. S. Pearson, Vandalia, and L. F. Casey and wife, Centralia, are at Hurst's.

J. A. Hess, New Madrid, Mo.; R. Jackson, Gainesville, Ark.; B. Hutchinson, Chicago, Ill.; George C. Leathers, Indianapolis, Ind., and E. C. Alexander, Detroit, Mich., are at Barnum's.

J. W. Puryear, Chicago; R. S. Raney and wife, Carthage, Mo.; Judge Thomas Boyd and family, Mound City, Ill.; W. E. Clayton, Washington, D. C., and R. E. and F. P. Carter, Mexico, Mo., are at Hotel Hunt.

From the Republican.

The marvelous and artistic crazy quilt in J. A. Schultz's exhibit brings forth from the ladies all the adjectives in the dictionary. They pronounce it the most gorgeous, exquisite and beautiful specimen of woman's art in the building. All the figures are worked with the unequaled Corticelli silk.

THEY WANT A CHANGE.

The Voters in the Eighteenth Illinois District.

How "Horizontal Bill" Treated His Constituents with Neglect and Indifference—His Apathy and Opposition to River Improvement and Mail Facilities—His Free Trade Tendencies Disgusting the Laborers—Why Bill Morrison Will be Defeated in November.

A short trip yesterday by the POST-DISPATCH representative through a portion of St. Clair County was the means of obtaining a good many points on the present campaign and some of the reasons which seem to account for the closeness of the fight for the Congressional representation. The principle of the stern-chase being a long one is seen in the difficulty of overtaking and displacing a man who led his district for the number of years that Mr. Morrison has, and who has induced the people to consider it but natural that he should represent their interests and plead their causes in Congress. This year, however, as before intimated, and as one old-timer was overheard to say: "Tom Needles is after him about as hot as any man we've had."

Mr. Morrison's strength as a canvasser is seen in the skill with which he picks out the vulnerable points in his opponent's position and the vividness with which these weaknesses are exposed to the voters. In most of the campaigns preceding the present one there have been causes which not only made all the Democrats of the district solid for Morrison, but disaffected many of the Republicans, who simply staid away from the polls and allowed the opposition to be elected rather than swallow their objection to the Republican nominee. This case was seen two years ago, when Judge Kueffner ran against Mr. Morrison. In 1881, the State Legislature, which was Republican, passed a bill making the liquor license $500, and $150 for beer only. The Germans thought this was a move toward prohibition, and in view of their dislike for this system, and of the fact that at the same time the temperance question was being agitated violently in Iowa and other States by the Republicans, their interests were so deeply concerned that it was impossible to vote for a Republican Congressman. A visit to the district around Freburg, Marissa and New Athens showed that the Democrats were in a large majority, and that there had been many conversions from the Republican ranks during the last year or two. Enquiries into the cause of this unanimity revealed the fact that the Wildy brothers of Lenzburg conceived the idea that they had been specially delegated to organize a temperance crusade and enforce the Sunday law. They went about the country making a great deal of noise and causing much inconvenience to lager-loving Germans. Their creed was the Republican one, and consequently the feeling of opposition to them took shape in large conversions to the Democratic faith.

WHEN THE GERMANS

looked around and saw that all the prohibition enthusiasts were among the Republican ranks they lost no time in leaving such unsympathetic neighbors. In the present fight Mr. Needles occupies a very favorable position on this temperance question. When in the Senate he voted against the high license law and Hind's temperance bill and worked against the Harper bill which is now in force. It seems that at Belleville there is a

CLIQUE OF ARISTOCRATIC GERMANS

who compose the upper ten and who are dubbed by the people, the Latiners. These three dozen worthies are they whose worldly condition allows of sitting around the principal hotels, and while sipping the best Rhine wines, discuss the local politics and determine which way they will cast their influential votes. In 1872 they followed Gus Koerner over to the Democratic side, and now as each election time comes around they come forward with the positive statement that this year they feel it necessary to desert the Republican side and cast their lot among the Democrats. It is this annually repeated cry of desertion on the part of a few that sends forth the idea that the Germans of Belleville are changing their political opinions. The fact is that there are 12,000 Germans who are all Republicans and who intend to vote for Needles. There are thirteen organized companies who can turn out a thousand men in line at any time, and the Republican organization is 30 per cent stronger than it has ever been before. Another reason that contributed to Judge Kueffner's defeat was his action in 1880 in regard to the Grant movement. The district contained a great many stalwarts who could not forgive Kueffner his anti-Grant feelings, and preferred remaining away from the polls to voting for a man who differed so radically from them on a Presidential question. Reasons of this kind which seem to account for the past defeats of the opponents of Mr. Morrison are almost entirely wanting this year, and the contest will be decided by the relative strength of the two parties. This fact makes the Needles men have great hope for their candidate, because the district showed its Republican tendency when it gave Garfield 583 majority. St. Clair and Madison Counties have been at loggerheads for a number of years, and as the last three opponents of Mr. Morrison—Hay, Baker and Kueffner—were all St. Clair men, the bad blood between the two counties showed itself in the marked indifference with which the Madison people worked for the Republican candidate. This year, however, Mr. Needles hails from Washington County, and this fact will prevent any Republican support being wasted on account of local disagreements. As far as can be understood the position of the different counties of the Eighteenth District is about as follows:

MONROE COUNTY,

which is the home of Mr. Morrison, is conceded to be his beyond any dispute. Not only have all Democrats supported him enthusiastically, but there have been some 400 Republican votes that have been cast for him at each election. However, the tariff question is going to reduce his big majority by no small amount. The chairman of the county convention took exception to Mr. Morrison's horizontal bill and endeavored to exercise some influence against him. The dispute that followed the attempts of Mr. Morrison's friends to have the chairman ruled out has left some little feeling against the usual candidate, and a good deal of silent working is going to undermine his customary majority at home. The Needles men claim that the Republican majorities of Bond and Washington Counties will more than counterbalance that of Monroe County, and, therefore, this narrows the contest down to Madison and St. Clair. As just stated, there is no cause for dispute this year between these two counties and no reason why the full vote should not be polled. Madison county is legitimately Republican by about 200 majority, and there are several reasons which lead the Needles men to believe that this entire vote will be cast for their favorite. The feeling there against Mr. Morrison is very strong because of his inactivity in urging such river improvements as will prevent the annual overflow of their rich and valuable fields. Last spring one of the local papers reported very high water and an overflow at Quincy, and then went on to tell how a party of land owners of that district, after having saved their lives by means of a raft, paddled to a piece of high land which was not submerged and there passed resolutions of thanks to Mr. Morrison for the river improvement measures which his efforts had pushed through Congress. In a political meeting at Saline, Madison County, recently, the postmaster told how he

HAD ADDRESSED A PETITION TO MR. MORRISON

to have three mails a week at that place; how this gentleman had replied that he could do nothing in the matter and then how a direct application to the Postmaster-General brought about the desired service, notwithstanding Mr. Morrison's indifference. These little facts all go to indicate the feeling and would seem to promise a change in the voting toward the new candidate. A glance at the situation in St. Clair County leaves the impression that a similar change of feeling is being enacted, and that Needles stands a very good chance of overtaking Morrison in a district where heretofore he has had his own way. St. Clair County only gave Hancock a majority of 80, and this must be considered rather than the result two years ago, because it is now Presidential year, and there are issues before the people which did not figure then. Notable among these is the protection question, and it is this that is working so much harm in the centers like East St. Louis, Belleville and Alton that have supported Morrison so heartily heretofore. On this issue Needles has made great gains among the rolling-mills, machine-shops and factories, and in East St. Louis will reduce very largely the usual Morrison majority of 800. If he succeeds in doing this he may well have cause for rejoicing, because, with the gains he is reported as making in other parts of the county, and Madison County's favorable attitude, he is almost sure of victory. An instance of the tariff question's influence among the factory hands is seen in the conversion of an organized Democratic body of men from the Belleville Nail Company, who this year are going to support Needles in preference to a free-trader, which they claim Morrison to be. Many other conversions are being constantly heard of throughout the county, and this, together with the fact that the Republican ticket is a good one, augurs well for the success of Mr. Needles next month. Thus, with the favorable attitude of St. Clair and Madison Counties, and the balancing of Monroe by Bond and Washington, the outlook is certainly very favorable for a change in the congressional representation and the election of the Republican nominee.

Municipal Assembly.

The City Council met last night, with President Parker in the chair and all the members present. The contract of the Union Press Brick Company and also the contract let to the Fulton Iron Works were both approved. The bill to pay disabled firemen during the time they were laid up was rejected by a vote of 6 to 5. The $30,000 bond of the St. Louis Transfer Railway Company, with D. R. Francis, Alex. Huntington and John D. Perry as securities, was approved. The Council then adjourned, to meet again next Friday.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

Speaker Walsh called the house to order, and they immediately proceeded to business. A large number of ordinances were submitted by the Board of Public Improvements for the consideration of the Assembly. A bill providing for seats for the use of female employees in manufacturing establishments was introduced by Mr. Harris. Mr. Walsh introduced a bill providing for a Plumbing Inspector. A bill providing for the appointment of an assistant engineer and fireman at the House of Refuge was introduced by Mr. Dunn. A bill, in which the St. Louis Grain Elevator Company asks for the lease of a portion of the Levee at the foot of Ashley street, was introduced by Mr. Cornelius. Mr. McManus also introduced his bill for the suppression of the vending of cigarettes to minors. Several minor bills were also introduced for the action of the Assembly, and, upon motion, the House adjourned.

'Tis Always Thus.

VISITATION CONVENT, ST. PAUL, October 12, 1884.

DEAR SIR—In reply to your favor just received we are happy to state that all the embroidery silk used in the quilt which received the first premium at the St. Louis Fair is "Corticelli." We use it extensively and with great satisfaction. Yours most sincerely,

SISTERS OF THE VISITATION.

FITZPORTER FINED.

A Jury Charges Him $500 on Most Serious Charges.

His Accomplice, Mrs. Mary Burke, Mulcted in the Sum of $50—Evidence of the Prosecuting Witness—A Terrible Case.

Dr. John L. Fitzporter, Dr. Morehead and Mrs. Mary Burke occupied the defendant's chairs in the Court of Criminal Correction yesterday, on trial before a jury on charges of criminal malpractice. Dr. Fitzporter, the principal defendant, is a middle-aged, well-developed man with large, slumbrous grey eyes and a full, black beard. In dress he is neat and tasty. He sat behind his counsel, Maj. Loring and Mr. Peabody, and while prompting them or administering consolatory advice to the co-defendants, he kept a general lookout on Judge, Jury and Prosecuting Attorney. Dr. Morehead sat beside Fitzporter during the preliminary arrangement for the trial, but when it was stated that the case against him would be pressed against him on a second warrant which conjointly charged him with the woman he retired to the ante-room. Morehead is a tall sallow man of about 32, wearing a double-breasted Prince Albert suit and an unpolished stove-pipe hat. During the Fitzporter hearing he sat in the ante-room calmly puffing a cigarette daintly held in one hand while the other lightly tapped the floor with a cane, expressive of the fact that he was decidedly bored. "Let me down light" was the cool request he made of a reporter. Mrs. Mary Burke, the woman charged as an accomplice, was the center of observation. She is a young woman about 26 years of age. Yesterday she appeared in court dressed in a very modest brown suit. Her brown hair was brushed back in a roll. Now and then a lock that strayed from its lodgment to her cheek was replaced by a hand modestly ornamented with a plain gold marriage ring that would quickly be accepted as a voucher for so honest a face. The scrutiny of the crowd brought a blush to her cheeks, which were innocent of paint or powder. Every few minutes she pressed the back of her hand against her burning cheek to cool the fever. A pair of

TRUSTING GREY EYES

wandered about the room and crowd with childish curiosity and wonderment. She looked sadly out of place in the prisoner's chair, but did not evince the interest in the proceedings that was expected of her. Occasionally she looked towards Fitzporter with a smile so confidingly that any one with a better claim on the mild-mannered medical man might take just exception to this exhibition of regard. Mattie Ziegler, the prosecutrix, a simple country girl, took the witness stand and in response to the questions of the prosecuting attorney related the revolting story, which again turned every gaze to the woman who was accused of disgusting inhumanity. Mrs. Burke sat by and firmly withstood the stare. The witness was so reticent in giving her testimony that it was at first thought that she had been corrupted or threatened by the defense. This proved unfounded, as the girl's reticence was solely due to her annoyance at the novelty of her position. She told the following story of her experiences: "I came to this city five years ago from Jefferson County; since then I have worked in different parts of the city as a family servant. Last July I was in a delicate condition, and was advised by a midwife living on Seventh street to call on Dr. Fitzporter. I went to his house on Fourteenth street. He told me to come to his office on Seventh and Spruce the following Sunday. I went there several times. He then sent Dr. Morehead to me and Dr. Morehead used instruments. I had paid Fitzporter and I did not want Dr. Morehead to treat me. I was sent to the house of a woman living on Third street near Myrtle, and while I was there I visited Dr. Fitzporter's office. He gave me some medicine. I told him that my child was illegitimate and that I wanted him to help me out of my trouble. I then met Mrs. Mary Burke. She took me to her house on Sixteenth and Clark avenue. There was a servant and a friend of Mrs. Burke, and the day before I left

ANOTHER GIRL

that I did not know came there. I was taken sick and Dr. Fitzporter came to see me. When the child was born Dr. Fitzporter was there and so was Mrs. Burke. He stood beside the bed. I never saw my child afterward. I became very sick and delirious. I felt that I was going to die, and I was afraid that I would die in that house. Two days after the child was born I escaped from the house and went to a saloon, where I asked the man to please send for a policeman."

Officer McMahon testified that he found the girl as described, and had her sent to the City Hospital, where she remained three weeks. On this testimony the State rested.

Dr. Fitzporter took the stand with a great showing of coolness. As he told his story he explained the difficulties which a physician encountered in determining the condition of a woman approaching the state of maternity. With a professional off-handedness he fingered his watch-chain and said: "On making the examination I found she was only suffering from malaria, and I prescribed some quinine." When cross-examined about the charges, he denied that he had ever asked her to pay him $50 or that he had taken $9 75 from her, as she swore. I only charged $1 for making the examination. The instruments I used were only for making physical examinations, and are perfectly legitimate."

At 5 o'clock the jury retired, and after nightfall returned a sealed verdict, which was opened this morning in court. The jury found both Fitzporter and the woman guilty. Fitzporter was fined $500 and Mrs. Burke was fined $50. Dr. Morehead will have a hearing to-morrow afternoon.

The Reason Why.

VISITATION CONVENT, ST. PAUL, October 12, 1884.

DEAR SIR—In reply to your favor just received we are happy to state that all the embroidery silk used in the quilt which received the first premium at the St. Louis Fair is "Corticelli." We use it extensively and with great satisfaction. Yours most sincerely,

SISTERS OF THE VISITATION.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

Interesting Personal, Social and News Gossip from the Neighboring Towns.

ST. CHARLES, October 14.—Mr. Trace Bolman of Leavenworth, Kan., spent Saturday and Sunday here.——Miss Clemmie East of Troy, Mo., is a guest of the Misses Redmond of this city.——Misses Cora Ritchie of Liberty, Mo., and Georgie Timken of St. Louis visited Lindenwood Saturday last.——The Rev. Mr. Singleton of this city will lecture at Odd Fellows' Hall Friday evening for the benefit of the Public School Library.——William A. Alderson of Kansas City was here Saturday and Sunday on a visit to his parents.

COLUMBUS, KAN., October 14.—A meeting of the citizens of Salamanca township was held in this place yesterday to take into consideration the plan of action in regard to the railroad bonds held by W. C. Wilson of St. Louis on this township. No definite conclusion was arrived at, other than to pass a resolution not to patronize any newspaper that would receive pay from Wilson for allowing him to express his own views.—Mattie Hunt, who died in the insane asylum of this State last Saturday, was brought to this place Sunday and will be buried to-day.—The office of County Treasurer is passing into Democratic hands to-day, Mr. Stott's term expiring and Dr. Gregg taking charge.—Dr. Keunie left yesterday for Eureka Springs to be absent several weeks.—During the fireworks display Saturday night a sky rocket struck a Miss Picking in the forehead, fracturing her skull. A horse also became frightened throwing off its rider, and broke the rider's leg.

KEOKUK, IOWA, October 14.—A dangerous counterfeit ten-cent piece has been put in circulation hereabouts. They are brighter than the old ones, having a glazed appearance, as if coated with quicksilver.——Mr. Charles M. Nedler and Miss Alice Steely were married here to-night.——Mrs. Sam M. Clark is visiting relatives at St. Louis.

JOPLIN, MO., October 15—Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Carter of Carl Junction, who were married a few weeks since, are visiting and receiving the congratulations of their many friends here.——Miss Lizzie Irwin is visiting her sister at Sarcoxie.——Miss Nettie Cropman is visiting her brother at Golden City, Mo.——M. P. Walker of Chester, Ark., is now visiting his family here.——Mrs. Einstein of Neosha, returned yesterday, after a visit to friends here.——Mrs. A. W. Clark has returned with her family from her childhood's home near Boston, Mass., after spending the summer there.——Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Lanyon and son have returned from their Wisconsin trip of a few weeks.

SEDALIA, MO., October 14.—The twentieth annual association of the ministers and delegates of the Congregational churches of Missouri began its labors in the church of that denomination in this place to-night. About 150 delegates and visitors are present, and the assembly promises to be an especially interesting one, as some discussion on the management of Drury College at Springfield is expected. The opening sermon was delivered to-night by Dr. Henry Hopkins of Kansas City. To-morrow officers will be elected for the ensuing year.——The Missouri Synod of the Presbyterian Church, in connection with the Southern General Assembly, convened to-night in the Broadway church of this place and will be in session three days. Already there are about 100 delegates and ministers present, and the meeting promises to be an interesting one. The introductory sermon was preached to-night by Dr. Quarles of Lexington, after which Dr. B. H. Charles of Fulton was chosen moderator for the ensuing year and J. D. Smith temporary clerk. To-morrow afternoon mission work will be considered.

CENTRALIA, MO., October 14.—A very happy social event occurred at the residence of William Carpenter, last evening, given in honor of his daughter, who is home for a few days.——John Hinmam and wife are visiting relatives in Illinois.——Quite a number of substantial buildings are under construction at this place, and this progressive city continues to grow regardless of the cry in many places of hard times.——A few cases of typhoid malarial fever in and around Centralia.

NORTH ST. LOUIS.

Surveys are being made to-day along Kennett or Hall street for the new transfer railway.

Harry P. Harding Post, Grand Army of the Republic, will celebrate its first anniversary to-morrow night with a concert and camp-fire at the North St. Louis Turner Hall, Fourteenth and Salisbury streets.

Diphtheria is increasing in this part of the city. There were two more deaths yesterday—both infants—Bertha Setlarge, 1 year old, at No. 2724 North Sixteenth street, and Henry Forthman, 1 year old, at 1925 Sullivan avenue.

ST. JACOBS OIL

TRADE MARK

THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY FOR PAIN.

CURES Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Headache, Toothache, Sore Throat, Swellings, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, AND ALL OTHER BODILY PAINS AND ACHES. Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere. Fifty Cents a bottle. Directions in 11 Languages.

THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO. (Successors to A. VOGELER & CO.) Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

MARRIED.

Marriage and death notices will be inserted at the rate of twenty-five cents for three lines.

WHITNEY—WRIGHT.—October 14, 1884, by Rev. Edmund Wright, assisted by Rev. Lyman W. Allen, Mr. WILLIAM T. WHITNEY of Sidney, Neb., to Miss ANNA B. WRIGHT of St. Louis, Mo., daughter of the officiating clergyman.

DIED.

DADO—On Tuesday, October 14, at 9 p. m., LOUIS DADO, aged 13 months.

Funeral will take place on Thursday, October 16, at 2 p. m., from late residence, 422 Argyle avenue, thence to Calvary Cemetery.

Jackson (Tenn.) papers please copy.

SMITH—On the 14th inst., JAMES SMITH.

Funeral Thursday, 16th inst., at 9:30 o'clock, from residence, 1517 N. Seventh street, to St. Patrick's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery.

Brooklyn, Greenpoint, N. Y., and Dubuque, Iowa, papers please copy.

CLOAK and DRESSMAKING DEPARTMENT.

Experienced and Skillful Modistes!—Choice Styles and the Lowest Prices Consistent With First-Class Work and Good Materials.

LADIES' CLOAKS.

Russian Circulars, black diagonal..........$4 15
Black Dolmans..........From $2 25 to $18 75
Ladies' Jerseys..........From 73c to $2 49
Seal Plush Sacques..........From $15 to $45
Circulars, plain and fur-lined..........From $5 to $40
Newmarkets..........From $3 75 to $15
Jackets..........From $1 45 to $7

CHILDREN'S CLOAKS.

Havelocks..........$1 98 to $10
Sacques..........95c to $3 75
Newmarkets..........$3 75 to $9
Russian Circulars..........$4 50 to $8 50

LADIES' SUITS.

Cashmere Suits, neatly made..........$4 89
Cashmere Suits, fine materials..........$6 75 to $15
Silk Suits..........From $7 50 to $35
Calico Suits..........From $1 25 to $2 50
Children's Suits..........From 25c to $7 50

All orders will receive prompt attention.
Business hours from 8 a. m. to 6 p. m.; Saturday to 9:30 p. m.

T. F. MOLONEY,
618 Franklin Avenue.

NO POISON IN THE PASTRY IF

DR. PRICE'S SPECIAL FLAVORING EXTRACTS ARE USED.

Vanilla, Lemon, Orange, etc., flavor Cakes, Creams, Puddings, &c., as delicately and naturally as the fruit from which they are made.
FOR STRENGTH AND TRUE FRUIT FLAVOR THEY STAND ALONE.

PREPARED BY THE
Price Baking Powder Co.,
Chicago, Ill. St. Louis, Mo.
MAKERS OF
Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
—AND—
Dr. Price's Lupulin Yeast Gems,
Best Dry Hop Yeast.
FOR SALE BY GROCERS.
WE MAKE BUT ONE QUALITY.

S. J. BRITTAIN & CO.

Famous Millinery and Fancy Goods Dept.

During the past few days we have made many purchases which we will sell FAR, FAR LOWER than ANY POSSIBLY CAN realize until GOODS ARE SEEN and PRICES HEARD:

50 pcs All-Silk French Lace, 2 inches wide, 10c; worth 18c.
40 pcs All-Silk Spanish Lace, 2 inches wide, 10c; worth 20c.
30 pcs All-Silk Escurial Lace, 4 inches wide, 30c; worth 40c.
50 pcs Black Beaded Lace, 24c to 75c; worth double.
10 pcs Donegal Point Lace, 22 1-2c and 25c; worth 40c.
5-inch Beaded Flouncing 85c; regular price $1 25.
Black Beaded Nets 27 inches wide, much wider, regular price.
7-inch Escurial Flouncing, 85c; worth $1 25.
Real Antique Edings and Insertings, 10c.
50 dozen Beaded Crowns, 18c; worth 40c.
40 Different Colors in Gilt and Chenille Crowns, 48c.
Chenille Collars, the Latest Neckwear in all colors, 75c to $2 25.
20 Different Styles Net and Crepe Lisse Ruchings 10c to 25c yard.

GREAT BARGAINS IN LADIES' AND MISSES' CASHMERE SILK STITCHED GLOVES.

4-Button Length, 23c. 6-Button Length, 39c. 8-Button Length, 48c.

S. J. BRITTAIN & CO.

Famous Millinery and Fancy Goods Department,

FIFTH AND MORGAN STREETS.

KEEP'S SHIRTS!

BEST IRISH LINENS AND WAMSUTTA MUSLINS.

Made to Measure, Perfect Fit Warranted. 6 for $10. Elegant Styles, Superior Workmanship.

NONE BETTER CAN BE PRODUCED.

KEEP'S PARTLY MADE SHIRTS. Only Plain Seams to Finish. All Difficult Work completed 6 FOR $6

Samples and Circulars Mailed to any Address.

AUTUMN STYLES OF

Neckwear, Hosiery, Underwear, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Etc.

Latest Novelties in Endless Variety. We Guarantee Quality and Reasonable Prices.

GIBERT BROS.

604 Olive St., and 613 Washington Av.

AMUSEMENTS.

BASE-BALL.
UNION GROUNDS.
Corner Cass and Jefferson avenues.
ST. LOUIS UNIONS vs. *Boston Unions*,
Thursday, October 16.
Game called at 3:30 o'clock. Admission 25 cents. Boys 10 cents.

MR. XAUPI'S ACADEMY of DANCING
WALTZING AND PERSONAL DEPORTMENT,
At 2337 OLIVE ST.
North St. Louis Turner Hall,
20th and Salisbury sts., for the reception of pupils.

POLITICAL.

NINETEENTH WARD
Cleveland and Hendricks Club will meet at their hall Thursday evening at 7 o'clock, in full uniform.
J. J. WILLLIAMS, President.

ATTENTION UNION WAR DEMOCRATS!—There will be a meeting of the Union War Democrats of St. Louis at Central Turner Hall, Tenth street near Market, on Saturday evening, October 18th, at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of perfecting State and local organizations. Distinguished speakers will be in attendance to explain the object and purposes of the organization. By order of Committee.

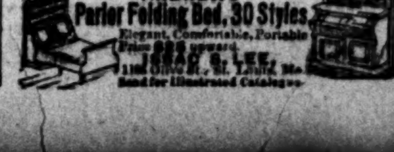
Crossman's Specific Mixture.
With this remedy persons can cure themselves without the least exposure, change of diet, or change in application to business. The medicine contains nothing that is of the least injury to the constitution. Ask your druggist for it. Price $1 a bottle.

THE LESLIE E. KEELEY INSTITUTE.
OPIUM & LIQUOR HABITS SPECIALLY TREATED
Double Chloride of Gold Remedies at Leslie E. Keeley Co. Ag'y. Address Dr. ROB'T J REILLY (Telephone 1809) No. 3600 Meramec st., St. Louis, Mo.

Wines for the Working Man.
California Hock.......25c per bottle, 5c per glass
California Claret.......25c per bottle, 5c per glass
Missouri Concord.......20c per bottle, 5c per glass
We deal exclusively in native wines that are strictly pure, and are offered at prices within the reach of every one. We do not molest families in their homes for the sake of getting orders, but when you are ready to buy call on
JOHN NICHOLSON & CO.,
Successor of J. Boeringer & Co.,
409 Walnut Street, opp. Southern Hotel.

Electric-Light SOAP
IS THE BEST. Inquire of your Grocer.
ELECTRIC SOAP M'F'G CO. Indianapolis, Ind.

ANDREWS Parlor Folding Bed, 30 Styles.



AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
Wednesday, Oct. 15—Two Performances to-day. Matinee at 2 p. m. Evening at 8.
Notice—The Prices at the Wednesday Matinee will be 50c and 25c to all Parts of the House.
HARRY MINER'S SUPERB COMPANY in the
SILVER KING!
REGULAR MATINEE SATURDAY.
Sunday, October 19—THE WAGES OF SIN.

POPE'S | POSITIVELY THIS WEEK ONLY.
Matinee at 2 to-day. Prices 25c, 50c, 75c and $1. No higher.
TO-NIGHT AT 8, KIRALFY BRO.'S
EXCELSIOR
Night price—Reserved Seats, 75c, $1 and $1 50; According to location. Admission, 25c, 50c, $1.
Sunday, Oct. 19—ROMANY RYE.

STANDARD THEATER,
Every night at 8. Matinees Wednesday and Saturday at 2 p. m. The musical absurdity,
Wanted--A Partner!
With the Favorite Comedian,
ROBERT E. GRAHAM,
Supported by a well-selected Company.
Next Week—Mr. and Mrs. Harry Watson's operatic comedy of WRINKLES.

PEOPLE'S THEATER.
Commencing Sunday evening, October 12, Wednesday and Saturday Matinees, the Popular young Irish Comedian,
MR. WM. J. SCANLAN,
Author of Peek-a-Boo, in his new play of the "IRISH MINSTREL." Wednesday evening, and balance of the week, "FRIEND AND FOE."
Sunday, October 19—"Happy" Cal Wagner's Minstrels.

OLYMPIC.
The Celebrated American Couple,
MR. and MRS. W. J.
FLORENCE.
Repertoire: Wednesday and Thursday the
MIGHTY DOLLAR!
Friday and Saturday—Facts, or His Little Hatchet.
Matinee Saturday—The Mighty Dollar.
Sunday, Oct. 19—PAVEMENTS OF PARIS.

BROADWAY & TREYSER'S
NEW DIME MUSEUM,
Sixth street, near Franklin avenue.
CHEMAH, the Chinese Dwarf,
MONS. GIRARD LEON,
the funniest of all funny clowns, and his two educated donkeys.
Admission, 10c. Open from 1 to 10 p. m.

CASINO.
(Fourth and Walnut, opposite Southern Hotel.)
A grand Vaudeville entertainment by a company of the
MOST EMINENT ARTISTS
in the profession. Matinee, Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday.

MR. JACOB A. MAHLER'S
SCHOOL FOR DANCING,
Pickwick Hall, Germania Club and Concordia Club now open. Residence for applicants 2619 Olive st.

Parties advertising in these Columns and having the answers addressed in care of POST-DISPATCH, will please ask for check to enable them to get their letters, as none will be delivered except on presentation of check. All answers to advertisements should be inclosed in envelopes. Parties answering advertisements must have their replies directed to their own POST OFFICE address.

LODGE NOTICES.

LEGION OF HONOR—Commercial Council, No. 13, will hold a regular meeting at Barchi's Hall, No. 408 Washington av., at 8 o'clock, this (Wednesday) evening. The next meeting (October 22) will be held either in Barchi's or Pope's Theater Hall—in the latter, if it is finished. Due notice will be given in these columns. Members in arrears for contributions 42 and 43 must pay same to-day or this evening, or their names will be dropped from the roll. Fourth quarterly dues for 1884 are now payable. By order.
HOWARD RANNEY, Chancellor.
JOSEPH C. PRITCHARD, Recorder. w33

CENTRAL LODGE, No. 919, K. and L. of H.—Regular meeting this evening, at 8 o'clock, at Paragon Hall, 7th and Olive sts. Initiations and good time generally. Sister lodges invited.
MRS. M. A. SAUL, Protector.
CHAS. M. POPE, Secretary. w33

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Book-keepers.

WANTED—Position as book-keeper, corresponding clerk or traveling salesman. Address S. W., 2909 Lucas av. t36

WANTED—Position as book-keeper, clerk or traveler. J. S. W., 2909 Lucas av. a36

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—Situation as salesman or collector in real estate office, by man of large acquaintance and experience in the business city. Address B 45, this office. w37

WANTED—Situation by an experienced city salesman; knows the city trade thoroughly; can give A No. 1 city references. Address P 44, this office. w37

WANTED—Situation as shipping clerk; five years' experience; No. 1 references. Ad. B 46, this office. a37

WANTED—Situation as clerk or salesman in wholesale house; good references. Ad. Wm. Simon, care 413 Locust st. a37

WANTED—Situation as receiving, shipping or delivery clerk in railroad or wholesale house, or will take porter; wages no object; ref. given. Address H 46, this office. a37

The Trades.

WANTED—Situation by a young Englishman; a good carpenter with plenty of tools, and would be generally useful. Address K 44, this office. w38

WANTED—Situation by a young man as fireman or to run a small engine; Address 2300 S. 10th st; best of references if required. w38

WANTED—To builders and contractors—A competent architectural draughtsman is open to an engagement; salary no object. Ad. J 45, this office. a38

WANTED—By first-class cabinet-maker situation in repair shop. Chas. Molt, Water and Espenscheid sts., Carondelet. a38

WANTED—A young man wishes to learn a trade of some kind. Address, for six days, A. W., 801 Russell av. a38

WANTED—A good blacksmith wishes a situation. Ad. Blacksmith, 1538 Franklin av. a38

Coachmen and Drivers.

WANTED—Situation by a German as coachman or driver; has first-class ref. Ad. J. F., care Mr. Rickga, St. Charles st. w39

WANTED—Situation as coachman who thoroughly understands his business; can milk or make himself generally useful. Ad. G., 2110 Division st. a39

WANTED—Situation as coachman by one who thoroughly understands his business; can milk and make himself generally useful. Ad. C., 2120 Gratiot st. a39

WANTED—Colored boy of 16 would like situation to drive any kind of wagon; not afraid of work. Ad. F 46, this office. a39

WANTED—Situation as coachman or driver; not afraid of work; references given. Ad. G 46, this office. a39

WANTED—A young German wants a situation as coachman in a private family. Address R. Kiessling, No. 813 Soulard st. a39

WANTED—Situation as coachman; first class ref. Ad. 519 Market st. w39

Cooks.

WANTED—Situation by an experienced cook; understands baking. Ad. W. Second, 218 Benton st. a40

Stenographers.

WANTED—Position as stenographer; will work first month free, if guaranteed a steady situation thereafter. A 44, this office. w41

Boys.

WANTED—Boy of 16 wishes a situation in an office; can write a good hand. 1221 N. 7th st. w42

WANTED—Boy 16 years old wishes a situation to collect, or in a wholesale house; will give refs. Add. L. P., 2936 Clark av. w42

WANTED—By a boy of 14 years a situation in an office or store; can write a good hand and is smart at figures. Address Patrick Connolley, 710 N. 11th st. a42

WANTED—A boy of 14 years wishes a situation of any kind. Address B. Rooper, 1723 S. 8th st. a42

WANTED—A boy of 15 wishes a situation of any kind. Address J. Ostendorf, 2218 S. Menard st. a42

WANTED—A boy of 16 years wishes to learn the millwright trade. 1851 S. 11th st. a42

WANTED—Boy, aged 17, four years' experience in office work, wants a situation, either in office, store, or to learn a good business. Address J. H., 108 N. 4th st. a42

WANTED—A good boy wants work of any kind; age 14 years. Address 1016 Market st. a42

WANTED—Situation by a boy 16 years of age. Drug store, 10th and Market sts. a42

WANTED—A situation by a boy of 14 in a store. Ad. J. E., 2423 Gamble st. a42

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Situation as fireman or teamster; reference given. Address 821 Gratiot st. a43

WANTED—A young man wants position as head waiter; is thoroughly posted in the restaurant and hotel business; best of recomendations. Ad. K 47, this office. a43

WANTED—Situation by a young man in store; speaks German; good ref. 2415 N. 9th st. a43

WANTED—Situation by young man; good accountant; best of city reference. E 46, this office. a43

WANTED—Situation by a young man in a wholesale house as porter. Ad. S. T. E., 1102 Market st. a43

WANTED—Situation as fireman or assistant engineer; best of reference. Apply or address Thomas Dallon, 1012 N. 10th st. a43

WANTED—Situation in private family by middle aged man, to take care of horse or make himself useful about the house; good references given. Address 1420 Morgan st. a43

WANTED—Young lady wishes a situation in a small store; will work for small salary for sewing. K 46, this office. a45

WANTED—Situation as porter or driver of delivery; thoroughly acquainted; speaks English and German. P. P. McCorkell, 714 N. 4th st. a43

WANTED—Labor in door or out to make a living; must have it soon. Ad. S. Kiley, 1608 Franklin av.

WANTED—Situation as porter, janitor, private watchman or driver of delivery wagon, by a sober man of family. Address Miller, 1519N. 15th st. w43

WANTED—Situation of any kind to go South, by a young man 19 years old. Address 1011 Chestnut st.

WANTED—A strong, healthy and sober man, with the best references, wishes a position as night watchman. Ad. 1710 Chestnut st. w43

WANTED—Young man wants situation of any kind; speaks English and German fluently; rapid penman. H. K., 1228 S. 3d st. w43

WANTED—Employment of any kind by young man of good habits; hotel houseman preferred. James Russell, Freeman House, 5th and Morgan sts. w43

WANTED—Situation by graduate of pharmacy; speaks English, German and Scandinavian; best of ref. T 43, this office. w43

WANTED—Englishman, middle age, wants a situation on a gentleman's place as useful man; is a good horseman and plain gardener. R 43, this office. w43

WANTED—Situation by an experienced woman, work of any kind in restaurant and confectionery. Call or address 904 N. 23d st. w43

WANTED—By a young man, work of any kind at $6 or $8 per week. Address G. R. Spanizeski, 1203 Dolman st. w43

WANTED—By a young man as collector, or in office; wages about $40 per month. Address E. Varrdmann, 1318 La Salle st. w43

WANTED—Middle-aged man, experienced in all kinds clerical work, good penman, desires a position. Ad. J. C., 922 Pine st. w43

WANTED—Situation by a No. 1 horseman; is a good buggy-washer, hostler and harness-cleaner; city refs. Ad. F 44, this office. w43

WANTED—Man and wife want situation on a farm or to take charge of stock farm; is a Scotchman; good references. Address H. Patterson, 812 Brooklyn st., care of Mr. Goodbob. w43

WANTED—Young man (single) wants situation in meat market or store; thoroughly understands bookkeeping and willing to work hard. Ad. H 44, this office. w43

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—Traveling salesmen to carry samples of staple goods in connection with their regular line, to sell on commission through the West and Northwest. Reference required. Address K 25, this office. 84

Bryant & Stratton's

BUSINESS AND SHORT-HAND SCHOOL.
[Open Day and Night.]

Corner Broadway and Market sts., St. Louis, Mo. This is undeniably the largest, most thorough, practical and successful school of the kind in the city. Thorough instructions given in book-keeping, Business writing, shorthand, business correspondence, arithmetic, type writing, English branches, etc. For circulars address Dr. W. M. Carpenter, president. t54

WANTED—Two good salesmen; good pay to live men. Call at 26 S. 3d st. w54

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Coachmen and Drivers.

WANTED—A young man to drive a milk wagon; one who has experience preferred. K 43, this office. w55

WANTED—Coachman, who can milk and take care of gentleman's place. Apply after 2 o'clock at 19 and 21 S. 2d st. t55

WANTED—A colored man, single, as driver; must come well recommended. 412 N. 4th st. a55

Cooks.

WANTED—A male cook who understands the pastry business. Mielke's Hotel, 414 Market st. w56

Waiters.

WANTED—First-class waiter, also kitchen man. Call at 817 Chestnut st. w57

The Trades.

MECHANICAL drawing for machine shops and patent offices. Drawing taught nights by George Crehore, 23 S. 16th st. 58

WANTED—Coopers. Steady work for six coopers; pay 10 cents for flour barrels (shaved hoops); 7 cents for apple barrels (patent hoops). Apply immediately. Springfield Lumber and Cooperage Co., Springfield, Mo. a58

WANTED—Some first-class coopers; I will pay 50c. for making pork barrels and 60c. for lard tierces; German coopers preferred. Jerseyville, Jersey County, Ill.

M. J. ZOLAND, stove repairer, No. 1006 N. 7th st.; castings furnished of all kinds and stoves put up on short notice. Call or send postal. m58

WANTED—Two good tinners. 202 N. 12th st. w58

WANTED—Good shoemaker, who knows how to attend shoe store, and speaks German and English, at 1105 Biddle st. w58

WANTED—A good coat maker. 2306 N. Broadway. w58

WANTED—Good frame makers on dormers and fronts. J. Hafner M'f'g Company, Main and Dock sts. a58

Laborers.

WANTED — Twenty-five teams and men at Rock Church, Grand and Cook avs. Jas. Fanning. a59

Stenographers.

WANTED—A stenographer and typewriter. Ad. A 48, this office. a60

Boys.

WANTED—A colored boy 16 or 17 years old at barber shop. 609 Morgan st. w61

Miscellaneous.

STEPHENSON & MALONEY'S restaurant and oyster house, for ladies and gents, 616 Morgan st.; everything new, neat and clean, with popular prices; breakfast, dinner, supper, and oyster stew, 15 cents each; coffee with doughnuts, 5 cents; open day and night. Remember the place, 616 Morgan st.; furnished rooms for rent. w62

WANTED—A man of good address, who understands cutting meats, to take full control of a meat shop. Jas. Dempsey, 1900 Carr st. w62

WANTED—A houseman. 808 N. 4th st. w62

LAFAYETTE HOUSE, 806 and 808 N. 4th st, single rooms $1 per week; all the accommodations belonging to a home included. w62

WANTED—A man or boy to attend to horse and make himself useful about house; ref. req. Call 3964 Belle av. f62

WANTED—We want two men of intelligent and genteel address for a special line of work; salary or commission. Call or address Baird & Dillon, room 8, McLean Building, 4th and Market sts. m62

WANTED—Energetic men of good address. Rice & Farrington, 507 Walnut. w62

100 PERSONS at the Galt House, 408 Spruce st. bet. S. 4th and S. 5th sts.; single beds 15c; single rooms 50c for two per night; shave 5c; hair cut 15c. w62

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

WANTED—Two young ladies wish situations as saleladies or copying. T 46, this office. a44

Stenographers.

WANTED—Young lady with her own type-writer wishes a place either as type-writer or copyist; can write a good plain hand. Ad. E 24, this office. a45

WANTED—A young lady stenographer desires a position; have had experience and can give best of reference. Ad. P 43 this office. w45

WANTED—Competent stenographer and typewritist and saleswoman desires a position. Address D 47, this office. a45

WANTED—Position as stenographer; have had some experience in office, and can operate caligraph or type-writer, or write a plain hand with pen; object permanent position. Address S 47, this office. w45

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—By young lady, position sewing where there will be an opportunity to learn cutting and fitting. Ad. K 42, this office. f46

WANTED—Situation by a No. 1 seamstress; would assist with housework or care of one child; best of city refs. Apply 1606 (new) 18th st. w46

WANTED—Situation with some first-class house to take charge of the dressmaking department; good cutter and fitter. Apply or address 2013 Chestnut st. No objection to leaving the city. a46

WANTED—Seamstress wishes a situation in private family. 1416 O'Fallon st. a46

WANTED—By a seamstress, sewing in a private family; a good dressmaker. L 46, this office. w46

WANTED—Girl or woman for plain sewing and light housework. Call at the Galt House, 408 Spruce st.

Housekeepers.

WANTED—By German lady of refinement situation as managing housekeeper in gentleman's family. Ad. S 44, this office. w47

WANTED—Situation as housekeeper; no objection to leaving the city. Call at 919 Locust st. a47

WANTED—By a lady, best of ref.; a position as housekeeper or companion to an invalid. Ad. 28, S. Compton av. a47

WANTED—By middle-aged lady, a situation as housekeeper; wages not as much an object as a comfortable home. Address N 47, this office. a47

General Housework.

Clothes Wringers Repaired!—Every kind; best work; lowest prices; country orders solicited; goods called for and delivered. Drop postal. Burton, 2625 Market st.

WANTED—Situation to do general housework in small family. Call at 1234 N. 14th st., Franciscan Convent. w48

WANTED—Situation by a young girl to do house or dining-room work, best of ref. given. C 43, this office. w48

WANTED—Situation as house girl in an American family. Please call for two days at 924 N. High st.

WANTED—A young girl wants a situation to do housework; no postals answered. No. 1109 N. 9th st. w48

WANTED—Situation to do general housework. N 43, this office. w48

WANTED—A situation to do general housework, or to take care of a child; best of ref. given; by a middle-aged woman. Please call at 1214 N. 8th st. w48

WANTED—Situation by a German girl in a small family to do general housework. 1928 Lucas av. w48

WANTED—By a young German girl, a situation to do housework. Call at 2220 Franklin av. w48

WANTED—Situation by middle aged woman to do light housework and sewing. Please call or address 1845 Nth. Market st. w48

WANTED—A situation to do housework by young girl. Address 1617 Wash st., in the rear. w48

WANTED—Good girl wishes a situation to do housework or dining-room work. Please call at 1532 Menard st. a48

WANTED—Situation by a middle-aged woman to do housework in a small family. 1516 Hogan st., 1st floor.

WANTED—Situation to do general housework; good reference. Call at 2212 Morgan st. a48

WANTED—Situation to do general housework in small family; will go to the country. Ad. 1311 Franklin av., in rear. a48

WANTED—Situation by woman to do housework in private family. 1607 Franklin av. a48

WANTED—A good girl wants a situation to do housework or nursing. Call at 2131 Division st. a48

A GIRL wishes situation as house girl or cook in small family; please call at 2913 Gratiot st. a48

Nurses.

WANTED—A situation by an experienced sick nurse lately from Europe. D 45, this office. w50

WANTED—A middle aged woman wants situation as child nurse; best ref. Please call at 1305 Chestnut st. a50

Cooks.

WANTED—Situation by a good cook. Apply at 14th and O'Fallon, Sister's Hospital. w49

WANTED—Situation to cook and some housework, with reference. 2315 St. Charles st. a49

WANTED—Situation by a good cook. Address 1613 Wash st. a49

WANTED—Respectable lady wishes a situation as cook or seamstress in a private family. 1215 Chestnut st.

WANTED—Situation by a first-class cook. Call at 1311 Franklin av. a49

WANTED—Situation by a good cook; can go home at night. Ad. Miss Hays, 1219 N. 16th st. a49

Laundresses.

WANTED—A first-class laundress wants family washing to take home; can give good ref.; rear of 2802 Franklin av., down stairs. w51

WANTED—A good girl wants a place two days in the week to do laundry work. Rear of 2802 Franklin av., down stairs. w51

WANTED—Woman wants situation to take home washing or go out washing two days in the week. Call at 903 Cass av. a51

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—By a girl, a situation to do up-stairs work. Address 12? Mound st. a52

WANTED—Situation by a colored woman to do housework; no washing or carrying coal. Call at 1213 Locust st. a52

A YOUNG lady would like sewing by the day in families at 75c a day. M 26, this office. a53

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Miscellaneous.

LADIES can get good girls and girls good places and girls to board. Call on M. Scharfenberger, 418 S. 14th st. a52

WANTED—Situation by a lady of ability, able to dress handsomely, capable of taking charge of any business; no objection to the country; would like to go to New Orleans. Address M 45, this office. a52

WANTED—Situation as chambermaid in hotel or furnished room house. E 43, this office. w52

WANTED—A young girl wants a situation in a private boarding-house; no postals answered. No. 1109 N. 9th st. w52

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

WANTED—An intelligent young lady to take charge of office; first-class place. Address in own handwriting, giving reference and address, S 45, this office. w63

WANTED—Two salesladies in a dress and cloak establishment. Mrs. Miine, 810 N. 9th st. w63

General Housework.

WANTED—A good German girl for general housework; good home for a steady girl. Call at 206 S. 23d or High st. t61

WANTED—Girl to do general housework. 3654 Olive st. w66

WANTED—Good colored girl for general housework. Apply at 303 N. 12th st. a66

WANTED—American Protestant girl for general housework; three in family. 621 Chestnut, 3d floor. w66

To The Public.

I am happy to inform you that I am prepared to fill all orders intrusted to me for party and wedding-cakes bundkuchen, kranz, prezel, all kinds of pastry, ice cream and ices.

LEOPOLD MOHR.
CONFECTIONERY.
Telephone No. 2353,
Corner of Fifteenth st. and Chouteau av. 66

GOOD GIRL WANTED.

Good girl; must be neat, clean, and reliable; general housework in family of four adults. Mrs. F. H. Ingalls, 805 Market. w66

WANTED—Girl for housework and washing in small family. 1306 S. 10th st. a66

WANTED—A competent German house girl. Apply at 3217 Washington av. w66

WANTED—Woman for general housework. 2217 Adams st., near Clark av. f66

WANTED—By a widower, a girl to do housework and help in a store; one acquainted in the city preferred. 1007 St. Charles st. w66

WANTED—A good girl for general housework, with ref., at 708 N. 18th st. w66

WANTED—A girl for general housework; German preferred. 1127 Pine st. w66

WANTED—A girl for general housework. Apply at 2308 Eugenia st. w66

WANTED—Good girl; general housework; small family. 2910 Dickson st a66

WANTED—A girl for general housework in small family. Call at 1542 Gratiot st. w66

WANTED—A good German girl for general housework; good home for a steady girl. Call at 206 S. 23d or High st. w66

WANTED—A good German girl for general housework in American family, four persons. [illegible] 3405 Pine st. a66

WANTED—A young German girl for general housework at 3011 N. Grand av. w66

WANTED—Good girl for general housework. Apply at 2603 N. 9th st. w66

Laundresses.

WANTED—Four competent girls for laundry work. Apply immediately at Hotel Brunswick, corner 7th and St. Charles sts. w67

WANTED—A lady to wash, iron and mend for a single man. O 46, this office. w67

WANTED—Woman to do washing and ironing at home. Apply at 2217 Olive st. w67

Cooks.

WANTED—Immediately, a first class cook. Call at 2839 Olive st. t68

WANTED—A reliable girl to cook; German preferred. 2813 Locust st. w68

WANTED—First-class cook, laundress and general housework; must be strictly No. 1; references necessary. 616 N. Beaumont st. a68

WANTED—Cook, washer and ironer at 2931 Locust st.; must be a good cook with references. w68

WANTED—A good German girl to cook, wash and iron. Apply after 9 a. m. at 810 Ewing av. w68

WANTED—Good girl for cooking, washing and ironing. Apply to-day at 2306 Park av. w68

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—A girl that can sew and help about the house. 615 Locust st. w69

WANTED—Seamstress to make children's garments. Apply immediately at 1424 S. 12th st. a69

WANTED—A good girl to work on custom coats; no other need apply. 2306 N. Broadway. w60

Nurses.

WANTED—A German nurse girl at 2135 St. Louis av. w70

WANTED—An experienced nurse to assist in housework. Apply 3635 Lindell av. w70

WANTED—A respectable widow lady of middle age would like to take a child to board. Call at 1225 new 16th st. w10

Miscellaneous.

$175 MONTHLY EASILY EARNED — Learning our beautiful photograph painting taught free to introduce colors for a short time; exquisite specimens at Exposition; took first premium at Fair. 1006 Olive st. s71

WANTED — A girl 12 to 14 years of age, to assist in kitchen and pantry work, at the Cottage Cafe, 1800 Olive st. f71

WANTED—A respectable white woman to do up-stairs work, and assist in kitchen. Apply 1530 Center place, near Lafayette Park. w71

WANTED—In a small family, a girl that is willing to work; salary $10 per month. Call at 917 N. High st.

WANTED—A good girl to do upstairs work in a smal family; must come well recommended. Apply at 3510 Pine st. a71

WANTED—An experienced girl for dining-room and housework, at once, at 2216 Morgan st. a71

WANTED—A young lady of unimpeachable character, delicate constitution and nervous temperament; a somnambulist preferred. The service desired will not interfere with other occupation or studies; all communications will be strictly confidential. Ad. F 41, this office. w71

DRESSMAKING.

MISS M. HILD, dressmaker, has removed to 816 S. 8th st. s72

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED—Four or five good book agents for city; good wages guaranteed to the right men. Call bet. 6 and 9. 1125 Locust st. w73

WANTED—Two lady canvassers for a new article of ready sale. Apply 209 S. 3d st. w73

WANTED—Two No. 1 agents to canvass city and sell new household necessity; big pay. Call before 9 p. m. at 1820 N. 9th st., city. a73

WANTED—Agents are making from $20 to $35 per week; the best selling article in the market; a few more agents wanted at 1518 Franklin av. w73

WANTED—Experienced agents for life-size portraits in ink; liberal commission. Apply from 8 to 10 a. m., room 42, Mona House, 6th st., near Olive. w73

WANTED—Ladies that can knit, crochet or do fancy work to make goods for our trade at their homes in city or country; $5 to $10 weekly easily made at our business; goods sent by mail any distance. Send 10 cents, silver or stamps, for sample, postage and particulars.
HUDSON M'F'G COMPANY,
73 265 Sixth avenue, New York.

ANY man or woman making less than $40 per week should investigate our money making business; proof sent that either sex clear $70 per week. Our $3 "eye-opener" free to persons seeking permanent business. Papers for stamp. R. E. Merrill & Co., Chicago. 73

WANTED—Experienced subscription canvasser. Apply before 9 a. m. to Superintendent of Carriers, this office. 78

THEATRICAL.

WANTED—A young lady to learn the trapeze, to travel this season. Address with age, height and weight, S 41, this office. w76

DANCING.

HARMONIE DANCING ACADEMY,
Fourth, bet. Clark av. and Elm st. Second term begins Monday, Nov. 3. Lesson Monday and Friday evs; party every Wednesday; matinee every Sunday. Opening at Concordia Turner Hall Tuesday, September 30. Lesson evenings, Tuesday and Thursday. F. R. Parke, Principal. Kerrigan and Kist, Managers. w76

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A gold scarf pin, with initials B. F. S. Return to 1318 Olive st. and get reward. w30

LOST—Between Clark and Chouteau avs., across the railroad, a package of buttons. A reward will be given, if returned to 109 S. 20th st. w30

LOST—On Allen av., Sunday night, autograph book, with name on it "Rosie;" liberal reward. Gus Burgards, 144 Sidney st. w30

LOST—One pair of spectacles and a bunch of keys on S. 8th st., bet. Chouteau av. and Hickory, and 8th and 10th sts. on Chouteau av. The finder will please return same to 1042 S. 8th st. and receive reward. w30

STORAGE.

STORAGE—Furniture, household goods, boxes, pianos, etc.; clean (no vermin); dry; low rates; loans made. R. U. LEONORI, JR., & CO., 1005 Olive st.

FURNITURE, pianos etc., stored; money advanced when desired; packing and shipping a specialty; moving with care. C. F. Betts, 208 N. 8th st. 84

BEST storage for furniture; clean, dry and lowest rates. Brolaski & Voorhis, 111 N. 6th st. 84

PERSONAL.

Advertisements under the head of "Personal" are received subject to revision or rejection entirely. The money paid for rejected advertisements will be refunded when address is given, or by calling at this office with ticket. All personals not of a business nature five cents a line.

IF you want to lay in a monthly supply buy them at Gibson's, 2924 Olive st. 1

PERSONAL—Baggageman of Keokuk and Northwestern that called on Manager of POST-DISPATCH a short time ago, will please call again. 1

PERSONAL—You can buy goods at Gibson's, 2924 Olive street, as low as at any 2d st. house. 1

PERSONAL—H. M.: Will see you Thursday afternoon at 2 p. m., cor. Washington av. and 17th st. L. G. w1

PERSONAL—Hazel E.: Did not see messenger yesterday; note at hotel for you; will be at hotel from 6 to 7 this evening. a1

PERSONAL—Wanted by a gentleman aged 30, of congenial habits, fond of pleasure resorts and good company, having traveled in Paris and Europe, the acquaintance of a young lady or young widow of ample means desirous of a reliable consort for the mutual benefit and pleasure of each other's society. Please address in strictest confidence, appointing time and place of meeting, Harry Lawrence, general delivery Post Office, city. a1

PERSONAL—Young widow, age 25, wishes to form the acquaintance of some gentleman of means; object, matrimonial correspondence. R 4, this office. w1

PERSONAL—Young lady of 17 wishes to form the acquaintance of some young man; object, social amusement. S 46, this office. w1

PERSONAL—Refined and educated middle-aged gent, entirely alone and recently come to the city to make it his permanent home, desires the acquaintance of a nice working girl, any age from 17 to 30 years, to accompany him to theater and other places of amusement, and to whom he would render pecuniary assistance; sports need not answer; all correspondence strictly confidential. P 45, this office. f1

PERSONAL—Open your account the first of October at W. O. Gibson & Son's, 2924 Olive street. 1

PERSONAL—A young widow, stranger, desires the acquaintance of an elderly gentleman who would assist her. Address G 43, this office. w1

PERSONAL—Go to Gibson's, 2924 Olive street, for choice groceries. 1

PERSONAL—Chouteau av. car last night: Will lady noticing gent leaving car at 18th st., grant an acquaintance? Ad. M 47, this office. w1

PERSONAL—Two young ladies would like to form the acquaintance of two nice young gents; no flirts; object social amusement. Ad. D 47, this office. w1

PERSONAL—Sisters D. V. C.: Will be in the city Friday; would like to see you. A 46, this office. w1

PERSONAL—Mrs. R. K.: Letter in this office for you. E 37. w1

PERSONAL—Miss Belle Pierce: Your letter is favorable; would like to meet you Sunday evening or before; write. W 46, this office. w1

PERSONAL—New Orleans: Can I address you through general delivery, Post-Office, as I did elsewhere? If yes, then expect a letter in six or eight days. Answer by personal. Memphis. w1

PERSONAL—Can lady in black on Washington avenue car going west, that noticed gentleman Friday evening during illumination, possibly favor him with an interview? Will she kindly reply so I may know she saw the personal. Ad. M 42, this office. s1

PERSONAL—$50 weekly easily made learning beautiful photograph painting; taught free; exquisite specimens at Exposition. 1006 Olive st. w1

PERSONAL—Choice butter a specialty at Gibson's, 2924 Olive st. 1

MRS. KEADING, midwife, 1017 Chestnut st., receives ladies in house for confinement; business confidential. w1

PERSONAL — Wanted to know, by his mother, the whereabouts of James Flannery. When last seen, September 4, 1883. Any information will be received at 917 N. 19th st. w1

PERSONAL—Three ladies on Jacksonville Division of C. & A. R. R., on evening of October 13, noticed two gents standing in the rear of car, one of which handed them a note. If acquaintance is desired please address at once N. 45, this office. w1

PERSONAL—Handsome lady in front row at Pope's theater Monday night, who carried on a quiet flirtation with gentleman on her left. Please ad. L 44, this office. a1

GARMENTS dyed, cleaned and repaired; coats and vests rebound. E. Surbled, 215 N. Seventh. 1

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—Board for man and child. State terms and particulars fully. Add. A 45, this office. w19

WANTED—Houses to furnish on easy payments. G. W Jones, 22 S. 14th st. w19

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

LOST—Tuesday evening on Washington av. car, pocket-book containing about $33, and one share of Exposition stock. Finder will please return same to 3964 Bell av. and receive liberal reward. N. Brown. s30

WANTED—By a lady a neatly furnished or an unfurnished room, with board; state terms and location. Ad. H, 25 S. Compton av. w20

WANTED—Quiet young lady wants room and board in private family, where no references are required; please state terms. G 47, this office. w20

WANTED—Two rooms, with good table board in a private family, by a young couple; ref. exchanged. must be first class. Ad. T 41, this office. a20

WANTED—Small room with board—breakfast, lunch and supper; not far from business center. Address N 46, this office. w20

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

WANTED—A responsible party or family to occupy until April or May a house in the country 7½ miles from the Court House, convenient to railroad; rent free. Apply to A. A. Speer, 719 N. Main st. w21

WANTED—By 1st of November, three or five unfurnished rooms in nice location, with or without board, for a young lady and two gentlemen. Address A 47, this office. w21

WANTED—Rooms, or small house in the suburbs, with stable. Ad. W 47, this office. w21

WANTED—One or two unfurnished rooms and kitchen with necessary convenience for light housekeeping; 8 or 10 squares of Four Courts; respectable neighborhood. Ad. P 45, this office. w21

WANTED—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping between 10th and 16th, south. Ad. G. 2704 Locust st. w21

WANTED—By a young man, large unfurnished room about 15 or 20 blocks from Court House. Address, stating terms, L 45, this office. w21

WANTED—Three rooms for quiet couple without children; rent must not be more than $18. Address C 45, this office. w21

WANTED—Gentleman and lady with only one child desire to rent furnished house of 6 or 8 rooms for one year from November 1; western part of city preferred; best refs. given. F 43, this office. w21

WANTED—To furnish rooms and houses on easy payments, at cash prices. Geo. W. Jones, 22 S. 14th st. w21

WANTED—PARTNERS.

WANTED—Partner with $150; business staple; profits 50 per cent. Ad. B 48, this office. w23

WANTED—Partner: Sober, active and a worker, with a few hundred dollars to help extend a profitable and growing business. Call from 2 to 5, 1318 N. Broadway. s28

WANTED—Partner with small capital to take retiring partner's place. Apply 615 Franklin av. w23

PARTNER WANTED—With $5,000 or more in established and paying Texas printing: blank book making and stationery business; good printer, drummer or book-keeper preferred. N. 41, this office. f23

WANTED—A partner for a share of half or two-thirds of a freight car from St. Louis to Los Angeles, Cal. Inquire of C, Lock Box 523. a23

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

910 AUTUMN ST.—Six room house: water, gas and bath; for rent or sale. Apply at 1843 Menard st. a14

1009 N. COMPTON AV.—House of 6 rooms, attic, bath and laundry. s14

2603 HICKORY ST.—6 rooms and bath; key next door. s14

2725 DICKSON ST.—Nine rooms; stone front; all conveniences; $45. a14

2625 WASH ST.—Six-room dwelling house in good repair, only $20 per month. Henry Hiemenz, jr., 507 Chestnut st. s14

FOR RENT—1820 PRESTON PLACE 6-room house, bath gas and hall, marble mantles. Julius Miller, 1322, S. 10th st. s14

FOR RENT—A double 2-story brick residence, large hall running through center of house, containing 10 rooms; large lot, stable, etc.; convenient to steam and street cars; rent $35. Apply to Hill & Hammel, 6714 S. Broadway.

FOR RENT—Three room cottage, Easton av., near Bellegrade, newly papered; front and back yard; $10. w14

FOR RENT—Corner Jefferson ave. and Hickory st., new store, 20x58; rent low to good tenant. s14

FOR RENT.

1752 Laflin st., nice new brick of 6 rooms, hall, gas, bath, marble mantels throughout; one of the most desirable residence locations in the city, $25.
2024 Eugenia st., good 6-room brick house; hall, gas, bath, front and rear yards; stable, etc.; $30.
1872 Coleman st., desirable 2-story brick; 6 rooms, hall, gas, bath; $25.
3634 Cote Brilliante avenue; 6-room brick cottage; nice yards, water, etc.; $20.
2918 S. Seventh: 5 rooms, large yard; $18.
2903 E. Bell st., 6 rooms: $18.
3108 North Market st., 6 rooms, new; $20.
2808 Lynch st.; nice 6-room house; front and rear yards; $17.
811 N. Nineteenth; desirable 2-story brick; 7 rooms, hall, gas, bath, good stable; $35.
FLATS.
2721 Cass av., 4 fine rooms, first floor; $19.
2721½ Cass av., suite of 4 elegant rooms, second floor; $18.
S. D. PORTER & CO.,
w14 720 Pine st.

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

WATCH REPAIRING
DONE BY THE BEST WORKMEN, AT
THEO. EAGLE, 204 N. Fourth St.,
Next to Globe-Democrat.

WANTED—A cheap ice chest, to hold two milk cans, at 2308 N. Broadway. w26

SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—$15; fine dairy place out west. Sell monthly payments. Richards, 614 Pine. a16

MUSICAL.

STECK PIANOS,

H. KROEGER & SON,
JAMES & HOLMSTROM,
SOLD ON EASY TERMS,
— AT —
1200 and 1202 Franklin Avenue,
ST. LOUIS, MO.

THE PIANO HOUSE OF H. KOERBER 1103 OLIVE

Being the only Piano House in the city which buys all goods strictly for Cash, guarantees to sell Pianos of all grades $40 less than any other House in the West, for Cash or Monthly Payments. Call and we will prove it. Old Pianos taken in exchange. First-class Pianos for rent at $4 per month. Rent deducted if Piano is bought.

ONE square, one upright and one grand piano (first-class) for sale below cost to close business. 103 S. 4th st. w27

GUITAR LESSONS—Wm. Foden, thorough teacher of the guitar. 918 (new) N. 15th st. t27.

PRIVATE LESSONS—Talented pupils who appreciate and desire thorough instruction in music, piano and singing, please address Frederick W. Henzel, 825 Chestnut street. 27

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

2 N. SEVENTH ST.—Nicely furnished front room; so. exposure; $3 50 per week. w13

5 N. EIGHTH ST.—Carleton House—Neatly furnished rooms for gents; also rooms for light housekeeping.

17 S. SIXTEENTH ST.—For rent to one or two gentlemen a nicely furnished room. w13

202 N. TWELFTH ST.—Large front room vacant. w13

303 N. TWELFTH ST.—Large and small front rooms, with gas and bath. a13

603 WALNUT ST.—Nicely furnished front rooms. a13

613 AND 609 N. SEVENTH ST.—2 front rooms, handsomely furnished, second and third stories, to quiet gentlemen. s13

613 N. SEVENTH ST.—Two furnised rooms en suite for $18 per month, for gentlemen or small family to keep house. Apply at 609, N. 7th st. s13

720 N. ELEVENTH ST.—Furnished rooms; also room for light housekeeping; unfurnished room suitable for laundry. w13

1121 CHESTNUT ST.—Two or three nicely furnished rooms; also hall room. a13

1123 PINE ST.—Furnished rooms, double and single, at living prices. s13

1124 OLIVE ST. — Nicely furnished front and hall room, with or without board; also 1 unfurnished room; transients accommodated. s13

1127 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished rooms; also back parlor and hall room. w13

1224 ST. ANGE AV.—4 or 5 rooms, closet and bath, 2d floor, for light housekeeping. a13

1304 OLIVE ST.—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping. s13

1308 DILLON ST.—A large handsomely fur. 2d-story front room for 3 or 4 gentlemen. w13

1312 ST. CHARLES ST.—Hotel Bristol—Fifty nicely furnished rooms, single or en suite; from $10 to $60 per month. s13

1408 MORGAN ST.—One hall and one second-story back room for rent. a13

1420 PINE ST.—A nicely furnished room with two large closets; cheap to respectable parties. w13

1439 SECOND CARONDELET AV.—Nice fur. room for 1 or 2 gents with good ref.; in small family. s13

1504 OLIVE ST.—Pleasant furnished rooms for rent. w13

1506 OLIVE ST.—Two rooms; 2d-story front room and also back parlor, suitable for gentleman and wife. w13

1511 WASHINGTON AV.—Second floor front, furnished or unfurnished. s13

1520 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished front or back rooms, with or without board. w13

1540 GRATIOT ST.—Three rooms on 1st and 2d floors; first, $9; second, $14; keys at premises.

1605 CHESTNUT ST.—Elegant furnished front and back parlor; single or en suite. w13

1606 OLIVE ST.—Furnished and unfurnished rooms. s13

1626 OHIO AV.—Two rooms and stable for rent. w13

1800 OLIVE ST.—Two newly furnished connecting rooms, fronting north, east and south; either single or en suite; also a hall room furnished. a13

1803 CARR ST.—Furnished and unfurnished rooms for rent. w13

1931 OLIVE ST.—Two unfurnished connecting parlors, very suitable for dental rooms; house, stone front, halls wide and newly furnished. w13

2013 CHESTNUT ST.—Two neatly furnished rooms, north side of street, with or without board. a13

2014 OLIVE ST.—Two nicely furnished rooms, second floor. w13

2032 CHESTNUT ST.—Two unfurnished 2d-story front and back rooms; connected with large closets; use of bath; suitable for light housekeeping. a13

2102 CHESTNUT ST.—One or two connecting parlors, singly or en suite, gent and wife, or single gentlemen; fire, bath and gas. s13

2204 OLIVE ST.—Charming sunny rooms, central and choice; comfort and reliability of nice home; private family. w13

2208 CARR ST. (new number)—Large and nicely furnished front room in private family; rent very reasonable. s13

2213 MARKET ST.—Three desirable rooms and bath-room for light housekeeping; southern exposure; all conveniences; refs. ex. w13

2324 PINE ST.—2 unfurnished parlors for light housekeeping; private family. s13

2327 OLIVE ST.—Two nicely furnished rooms to gentlemen only, over hair store. a13

2441 SPRING AV.—Rooms to suit for light housekeeping; modern improvements. a13

2626 OLIVE ST.—Newly furnished second and third story rooms. s13

2704 LOCUST ST.—Two very desirable rooms suitable for husband and wife, or two gents; also single rooms. w13

2710 LOCUST ST.—Two beautiful front rooms, together or separate; first-class board; ref. ex.

2811 MORGAN ST.—Suitable for one or two gents, nicely furnished 2d-story room; every convenience; street cars. w13

2816 LOCUST ST.—Third-story front room; private family; terms $20. w13

2925 THOMAS ST.—Nicely furnished front; terms reasonable; convenient to Cass av. or Franklin av. cars. f13

3039 CLARK AV.—A large furnished front room; southern exposure; private family; suitable for two gents, or man and wife; no other women or boarders. a13

4315 NORTH MARKET—Four rooms, second floor; new; $10. w13

MONROE HOUSE, 600 and 602 Market st., neat fur. rooms 50c to $1 per day. Willis C. Hall, prop. s13

WANTED—One large, unfurnished room in private family, for a gentleman. Ad. D 48, this office. w13

FOR RENT—Two rooms, unfurnished, second floor; nice yards. Inquire at 1551 Singleton st., next door to rooms. w13

FOR RENT—Olive st., near Grand av.—Two furnished rooms, 2d floor. Address, with references, R 47, this office. w13

FOR RENT—Elegant furnished rooms in quiet neighborhood for transient use. Ad. H 47, this office. w13

FOR RENT—Two or three unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping, to a couple without children; neighborhood of St. Ange av. and Hickory st. Ad. C 48, this office.

FOR RENT—Elegant furnished rooms for gentlemen. Inquire 1605 Chestnut st. w13

WANTED—Lady wishes lady room-mate; desirable location; good chance; no reference. Ad. E 47, this office. w13

FOR RENT—Near Eighteenth and Chouteau avenue—A choice flat of three or four unfurnished rooms; single or en suite. Address B 47, this office. w13

WANTED—A lady room-mate in the neighborhood of 16th and Olive sts.; one that works preferred; will have a good room and pleasant home at low price. J 44, this office. w13

WANTED—Two young men to occupy a nicely fur. back parlor in Stoddard Addition. Address D 46 this office. a13

FOR RENT—Three rooms on first floor with water, etc. at 3934 Evans av. Inquire at above number. w13

A WIDOW LADY, keeping nicely furnished rooms, would like to rent to refined elderly gentlemen who want the comforts of a home, where there are no children; references exchanged. Address K 45, this office. a13

OLIVE and 14th, s. w. cor.—Unfurnished rooms over Dr. Ware's office. Inquire there. a13

LAFAYETTE PARK HOTEL—Two suites of two and three rooms, private bath, fronting park. 13

BOOKS.

DO not forget that all kinds of new books are sold at half price at Archer's, 515 Pine st.

WANTED—5,000 standard old books. Drop note to Dan Linahan bookseller, 4th and Washington.

TO LET—FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

417 PINE ST.—Two rooms en suite; suitable for lawyer's or insurance offices; recently occupied by Jamison, Collins & Jamison; in the Furguson Building, Broadway and Pine. 17 L. S. Brotherton, 417 Pine st.

808 N. BROADWAY—Third floor for rent, suitable for light manufacturing, offices or sample room; good location. s17

826 WASHINGTON AV.—For rent, a hall for the use of lodges. w17

FOR LEASE—For a term of years, a well-lighted 4-story and basement factory, situated corner 3d and Cedar sts., together with 50-horse-power engine, boilers and elevators, all in good running order, well adapted for light manufacturing business. Wm. Schotten & Co. 17

FOR RENT—Barber shop, cor. 3d and Wash sts. w17

FOR RENT—A building on the s. w. cor. of 20th st. and Grand av., opposite Water Tower; a splendid opportunity to establish a good paying business; druggist preferred. For particulars, address H. J. B. Rose, drawer D 2, St. Louis P. O. 17

BOARDING.

324 ARGYLE AV.—Nicely furnished second-story front room; private family; suitable for two gents. Breakfast and supper if desired. w18

1009 CHOUTEAU AV.—Two large elegantly furnished rooms, marble mantles, gas, bath, house heated by furnace and grates, first-class board and plenty to eat; house detached, large yards; first-class home in every particular; reduction to parties of gentlemen; refs. ex. a18

1110 LOCUST ST.—Nicely furnished rooms, with board, $17, $15 and $18 per month, according to the situation of the room. w18

1305 PINE ST.—Two furnished rooms; one on 1st floor and the other on 3d floor for gentlemen: with board. f18

1309 WASHINGTON AV.—Front and back rooms, single or ensuite, with first-class board. s18

1326 MARKET ST.—One front room furnished, with or without board; price $2 50 per week; also one back furnished room on second floor. a18

1500 PINE ST.—2d-story front room, handsomely furnished; also two connecting rooms; hot and cold bath, gas, etc., with board, cheap to respectable parties. s18

1509 WASHINGTON AV.—Furnished rooms, with or without board. f18

1801 WASHINGTON AV.—Elegantly furnished rooms, with first-class board. w18

1811 CARR PL. (new number)—Central location; pleasant surroundings; nicely furnished rooms, excellent table, quiet and comforts of home.

2031 OLIVE ST.—To rent—To gentlemen who desire strictly first-class accommodations large 2d-floor front room, with breakfast and supper if desired, with small private family; no children. s18

2018 EUGENIA ST—Two nicely furnished rooms with board. s18

2102 OLIVE ST.—Rooms with board; one handsomely fur. back parlor; day boarders wanted; meals sent out. w18

2627 PINE ST.—Furnished or unfurnished rooms, with or without board. w18

2652 OLIVE ST.—Handsome furnished rooms, with board; single or transient; references exchanged. a18

2735 MORGAN ST.—A large, nicely furnished room (with or without board), for gent and wife or single person; table board. w18

2934 LOCUST ST.—Handsomely furnished rooms, with first-class board. f18

FOR RENT—Large, handsome front and small rooms on 3d floor, together, or separately; with unexceptionable table; corner house, Pine st., west of Jefferson av.; only parties wishing strictly first-class accommodations. Ad. T 47, this office. f18

FOR RENT—A large pleasant second-story front room with board in private family; western part of the city; first-class location; convenient to Washington aveuue cars; also delightful third-story room. Address C 47, this office. w18

WANTED—Lady boarders by widow with nicely furnished rooms; no references. F 47, this office. w18

PROFESSIONAL.

DR. J. L. FITZPORTER—Offices Nos. 203 S. 14th st. and 327 S. 7th st. Female complaints a specialty. 34

FINANCIAL.

$25 AND UPWARDS loaned on furniture without removal; lowest rates; business confidential. C. F. Betts, 208 N. 8th st. 31

MONEY TO LOAN on real estate at lowest rates of interest.
E. H. PONATH & CO.,
Real Estate and Financial Agents,
31 515 Chestnut st.

CASH loaned on furniture; repayment to suit; very lowest rates. F. W. Peters & Co., 701 Pine st. 31

MONEY TO LOAN

$100,000 in sums to suit, at lowest rates of interest, on St. Louis city real estate. Application promptly decided on.
CAVENDER & ROWSE,
213 N. 8th st.

MONEY loaned on furniture without removal; lowest rates; business confidential; furniture stored; money advanced when desired. 817 Franklin av., room 5.

A GENTLEMAN wishing to invest some surplus funds will loan $25 and upwards on household furniture and other security. Parties wishing advances will be treated fairly and can secure loans on satisfactory terms. Call at 1008 Morgan st. 31

MONEY loaned on household goods, pianos, etc., without removal; lowest rates; business strictly confidential. J. H. Vette, Notary Public, 619 Chestnut st. 31

MONEY LOANED—On furniture in residence; business confidential; no charge for making loan. Brolaski & Voorhis, 111 N. 6th st. 31

MONEY TO LOAN.

$25,000, $10,000, $5,000, $2,000 on City and County real estate.
31 JOHN LADY No. 305 Olive st.

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

A Wonderful Cure.

Last week Dr. Ramey, 1120 Olive st. expelled a tapeworm fifty-five feet long from a babe two years old. w74

Read how Ingalls sells on time.
AT 1007 OLIVE ST.
$1 down & 50c a week buys
clocks, hanging lamps, pictures, albums, mirrors, silverware, clothes-wringers, picture frames, etc. Everything bran new and first-class. Try Ingalls' idea, 1007 Olive st. 74

PRIVATE LYING-IN INSTITUTE.
Ladies who expect their confinement, can be accommodated. 74 DR. H. NEWLAND' 1205 Chouteau av.

CAST-OFF clothing bought by N. Barnett, 348 Locust st. Send postal card. 74

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

Wanted.

FOR SALE—Full set of buggy wheels, with Silvester patent tire on, for $13, delivered on board car at any railroad station in Missouri or Illinois. Send your wheels to be tired, boxed, painted or purchase painted wheels if in haste.
SPECIAL ATTENTION TO REPAIRING AND PAINTING.
Wholesale and retail warerooms, 2011 and 2013 Pine st.
11 C. B. Clarke.

For Sale.

FOR SALE—Sound little horse; good for saddle; perfectly safe for lady or child; $45; not half value. 2018 N. 9th st. w12

FOR SALE—Bay horse 15¼ hands, stylish, fast and city broke; afraid of nothing; a child can drive him; very handsome, and is a bargain at $200. Also a Varney surrey, used one season. S 43, this office. a12

FOR SALE—Bay horse 15¼ hands, stylish, fast and city broke (combination saddle and buggy), afraid of nothing; a child can drive him: very handsome, and is a bargain at $200: also a Varney surrey, used one season. Ad. S 43, this office. s12

FOR SALE—Fine family horse; perfectly sound and gentle, 5 years old and good traveler; also top buggy used but three months. A bargain can be secured by applying at 2518 Garrison av. a12

FOR SALE—A large spring wagon at your own price. Call at 214 S. 17th st.

FOR SALE—Heavy 3 spring top wagon; suitable for grocer or butcher. Chambers Jefferson av. and Carr st. 12

FOR SALE—Horse, top buggy, harness, saddle and bridle, for $100. Inquire at No. 805, Chestnut st. w12

WANTED—Blacksmiths and horse owners are invited to call at Wm. Reinstedter's exhibit in Exposition, lower floor, and examine the horse-shoe calk and plow sharpener; sharpens calks without removing the shoe, in a few minutes. Send for circular to G. S. Case, Ferguson, St. Louis County. f12

FOR SALE—At Rapp & Long's, No. 111 and 113 S. 11th st.—Barouches: Sarah Bernhardt's, Lawrence surreys, park wagons, phaetons, Jenny Lind buggies and one butcher wagon; one three-spring wagon. This work is all new and will be sold cheap.

BUSINESS WANTED.

WANTED—A young man with an established office, whose present business does not take more than an hour or two daily, wishes to devote his spare time to some other legitimate business; agency of some kind preferred; best of references furnished and required. Ad. J 47, this office. f3

WANTED—To buy or rent a small cigar store in business part of the city. Ad. N 44, this office. w3

WANTED—A good paying drug store; one that will bear close investigation; full information required, lease, daily sales, etc.; full account in first letter will receive prompt reply; all communications strictly confidential; either city or country. Ad. R 44, this office. a3

WANTED—To buy a well-paying grocery or saloon. Ad. W 44, this office. s3

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A No. 1 saloon, one block from Custom House; long lease and cheap rent on the whole building; a bargain if applied for at once. Ad. O 47, this office. s4

FOR SALE—$60 buys the stock and fixtures of the little cigar store, No. 9 S. 5th st. w4

FOR SALE—The fruit stand at 3409 Olive st. Inquire at premises. w4

FOR SALE—Confectionery doing good business can be bought now at a low price if sold immediately. Call at 703 N. 6th st. w4

FOR SALE—Grocery store, horse, and covered wagon, for $600. Ad. L 43, this office. a4

FOR SALE—Cheap, a watch sign. Inquire at 117 S. 7th st. a4

FOR SALE—An old established coffee and lunch house. Apply 1020 Franklin av. s4

FOR SALE—Store full of good second-hand furniture cheap; wholesale, 2014 Walnut st. 4

FOR SALE—St. Charles Flats dining-rooms; rent taken out in board. Cor. 14th and St. Charles sts. m4

FOR SALE—Or Rent—In Bethalto, Ill., 25 miles from St. Louis, on the Indianapolis and St. Louis Railroad, one new three-story brick hotel building, consisting of twenty (20) rooms, two (2) storerooms and cellars. C. H. Flick, Bethalto, Ill. s17

FOR SALE—Laundry and tailoring business; established in 1873; centrally located, and has a steady and reliable trade; reasons for selling, owner has other business. Ad. L. Cline, 1119 Olive st. s4

FOR SALE—A good route on the Evening Chronicle; reasonable to right party. M 34, this office. 4

A THOUSAND business cards, bill-heads or statements for $1. HOWARD SCOTT, Printer, 810 Olive st.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

Read how Ingalls sells on time.
AT 1007 OLIVE ST.
$1 down & 50c a week buys
clocks, hanging lamps, pictures, albums, mirrors, silverware, clothes-wringers, picture frames, etc. Everything bran new and first-class. Try Ingalls' idea, 1007 Olive st. 5

PURE CIDER AND VINEGAR.
Families supplied; depot 920 Locust st. fs

CHEAPEST clothing in the city. Dunn's loan office, 912 Franklin av. 5

FOR trunks, mirrors, wringers and fluters go to Dunn's loan office, 912 Franklin av. 5

A THOUSAND chromo cards or envelopes for $1. 5 HOWARD SCOTT, printer, 810 Olive st.

FOR SALE—$60 buys the stock and fixtures of cigar store No. 9 S. 5th st. t5

FOR SALE—Eight fine Pekin ducks, $1 each. Call or address 4440 St. Ferdinand st. t5

FOR SALE—A prescription counter, walnut, with contents, consisting of several dozen glass-stoppered bottles containing various drugs. Apply at No. 3508 Manchester Road. a5

CIDER | WE are now prepared to fill orders and make contracts for sweet, boiled and refined cider, apple jelly and cider vinegar.
Clarksville Cider and Vinegar Co.,
Clarksville, Pike Co., Mo.
St. Louis office, No. 522 Pine street. 5

COAL MARKET—Hall & Co., 2137 Morgan; 10 bushels coal for one dollar. Send postal. 5

PARTIES wishing to sell their furniture or household goods, call or address R. U. LEONORI, JR., & CO., 1005 Olive st. 5

FOR SALE—An acre of household articles on time payments at cash prices. People's Furniture, Carpet and Stove Co., 210 and 212 N. 7th st. E. A. Skeele. a5

FOR SALE—Seven-horse power Otto gas engine in good condition, at 1100 Franklin av. C. E. Ramlose. s5

FOR SALE—Baltimore heater as good as new; will sell cheap. Call during forenoon at 1004 Chouteau av. w5

FOR SALE—Handsome household goods; everything new, at 2805 Clark av. s5

SPECTACLES
TO SUIT ALL EYES.
SOLID GOLD SPECTACLES, $3 75.
THEO. EAGLE, 204 N. Fourth St.,
Next to Globe-Democrat

4 SHAW, 1417 Franklin av. Cook stoves, heating stoves the best selection in the city. Repairs for every stove or range made in the world. Old stoves taken in exchange. 5

Spectacles to Suit All Eyes,
from $1 up; solid gold spectacles sold for cash or on time payments; eyes tested with the finest test case in St. Louis; will call at your house; please send postal. S. S. Dreifus, New 1724 Franklin av., St. Louis, Mo. 5

STOVE REPAIRS
For every stove or range made in the United States, to be had at A. G. Brauer's, 219 Locust st. 5

EDUCATIONAL.

WANTED—Young gentlemen and ladies to learn railroad and commercial telegraphy and qualify for positions paying from $50 to $150 per month. For particulars address W 41, this office. m29

THE BRYANT & STRATTON
Business and Shorthand School, corner Fifth and Market sts., is open day and night, and gives the best instruction in the commercial and English branches and short-hand. This school is agent for the Stenograph or Short-hand machine, and is the only one teaching both machine and pencil systems. 29

REPOUSSE, or hammered brass, taught, both round and flat, at 801 Tayon av. 29

St. Louis School of Fine Arts.
ART DEPARTMENT OF WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY.
Classes for the Season 1884-1885 will open on Monday, October 6th.
HALSEY C. IVES,
29 Director.

BARNES & HAYWARD'S Shorthand, Commercial and Telegraph College, 506 Olive st. Shorthand by mail. Bookkeeping, arithmetic, writing, telegraphy, etc. Open day and night. Send for particulars.

WANTED—A French lady wishes to give French lessons; best of references given. Address W 43, this office. w29

Mrs. CUTHBERT'S SEMINARY For Young LADIES.
2824 Olive st. Twentieth year opens Sept. 8.

ALL SORTS.

WIGS AND TOUPEES—Call or send for circular Burge, 1006 Franklin av., St. Louis, Mo. 32

HIGHEST CASH PRICE paid for cast-off clothing by D. A. Pareira; call or address postal. 614 Morgan st.

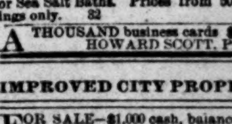
PATENTS OBTAINED. C. D. MOODY, 710 OLIVE ST.

PARROTS, singing birds, pet animals, gold fish, bird cages, bird seed, mocking bird food, etc. A. Bohne, 625 Olive st.

D. STRAWBRIDGE, pattern and model maker; wood and metal. 411 Morgan st., city. 32

THE highest price paid for cast-off clothing and boots and shoes. N. Baum, 915 N. 7th st. s32

DIAMONDS.
A large assortment of the best quality, sold as low as possible. Call and see before buying elsewhere.
THEO. EAGLE, 204 N. Fourth St.,
Next to Globe-Democrat.



CORNS Extracted without pain 25 cents each. All troubles of the feet treated in a skillful manner by DR. J. W. ROTHSCHILD, 717 Olive street, near Eighth street. 32

A BEAUTIFUL set of fancy cards sent free to persons who have taken Brown's Iron Bitters. Address BROWN CHEMICAL CO., Baltimore, Md.

MASSAGE!
Go to Thomas', 1117 Olive, for Turkish, Electric, Sulphur or Sea Salt Baths. Prices from 50c to $2. Ladies, mornings only. 32

A THOUSAND business cards $1. HOWARD SCOTT, Printer, 810 Olive st. 33

IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—$1,000 cash, balance on monthly payments, will buy one of those fine, 6-room detached houses, with all late modern improvements and all city improvements, on N. 25th st., bet. Salisbury and Farrar sts. Ap. to F. H. Goss, 605 Chestnut st. s7

FOR SALE.

1405 Olive st., a choice piece of business property, near Exposition; also other good bargains in real estate; several choice pieces on Olive and Pine sts., east of 17th, and 6 acres on Page, near Taylor av., at a low figure.
JAS. M. CARPENTER & CO.,
206 N. 8th st.

FOR SALE—House and 25 feet 3016 Olive st., with steam heater, $6,500; same without steam heater $6,000. C. R. Clark 7

CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Laclede and Boyle, 100 feet of choice ground at a bargain. Bacon and Coleman sts., several choice lots well located; price low.
S. D. PORTER & CO.,
w8 720 Pine st.

FOR SALE—Cheap: Three good houses in lot low on M. P. & 'Frisco [illegible] eclipse will take [illegible] rate of interest. L. S. [illegible]

ROSE H[illegible]
17 lots on Page and [illegible] near Narrow Gauge [illegible] to contract for [illegible]

SALE.
...ne block from Custom ...t on the whole build... once. Ad. O 47, this
...nd fixtures of the little ...309 Olive st. Inquire at
...good business can be ...old immediately. Call
..., and covered wagon, ...a4
...Inquire at 117 S. 7th
...coffee and lunch house.
...second-hand furniture ...st. 4
...ing-rooms; rent taken ...Charles sts. m4
...to, Ill., 25 miles from St. ...and St. Louis Railroad, ...building, consisting of ...ms and cellars. C. H.
...ing business; established ...has a steady and reli... ...ner has other business.
...he Evening Chronicle; ...34, this office. 4
...bill-heads or statements ...T. Printer, 810 Olive st.
...LLANEOUS.
...sells on time.
...LIVE ST.
...week buys
...albums, mirrors, silver ...ames, etc. Everything ...alls' idea, 1007 Olive st. 5
...D VINEGAR.
...pust st. fs
...Dunn's loan office, 912
...and fluters go to Dunn's ...5
...or envelopes for $1, ...TT. printer, 810 Olive st.
...ock and fixtures of cigar
...ducks, $1 each. Call or ...st. t5
...ounter, walnut, with con... ...dozen glass-stoppered ...Apply at No. 3508 Man...
...pared to fill orders and ...for sweet, boiled and re... ...elly and cider vinegar.
...and Vinegar Co., ...Pike Co., Mo.
...treet. 5
..., 2137 Morgan; 10 bushels ...postal. 5
...ir furniture or household ...U. LEONORI, Jr., & CO.,
...ehold articles on time pay... ...pie's Furniture, Carpet and ...E. A. Skeele. a5
...wer Otto gas engine in good ...av. C. E. Ramlose. 5
...as good as new; will sell ...oh at 1004 Chouteau av. w5
...sehold goods; everything ...5
...ACLES
...CTACLES, $3 75.
...4 N. Fourth St.,
...Democrat
...Cook stoves, heating stoves ...Repairs for every stove ...Old stoves taken in ex...
...nit All Eyes,
...cles sold for cash or on ...the finest test case in St. ...please send postal. S. S. ...St. Louis, Mo. 5
...EPAIRS
...in the United States, to be ...st st. 5
...IONAL.
...en and ladies to learn rail... ...legraphy and qualify for ...50 per month. For particu... ...m29
...& STRATTON
..., corner Fifth and Market ...gives the best instruction in ...ranches and short-hand. This ...aph or Short-hand machine, ...machine and pencil sys...
...brass, taught, both round ...29
...of Fine Arts.
...ASHINGTON UNIVERSITY.
...84-1885 will open on Monday,
HALSEY C. IVES, Director.
...Shorthand, Commercial and ...Olive st. Shorthand by mail. ...ting, telegraphy, etc. Open ...iculars.
...dy wishes to give French les... ...given. Address W 43, this
...SEMINARY For Young LADIES.
...eth year opens Sept. 8.
...SORTS.
...—Call or send for circular ...av., St. Louis, Mo. 32
...paid for cast-off clothing by ...address postal. 614 Morgan st.
...ED. C. D. MOODY, ...OLIVE ST.
...singing birds, pet animals, ...gold fish, bird cages, bird ...A. Bohne, 625 Olive st.
...attern and model maker; wood ...gan st., city. 32
...or cast off clothing and boots ...915 N. 7th st. s32
...ONDS.
...best quality, sold as low as ...fore buying elsewhere.
...204 N. Fourth St.,
...lobe-Democrat.
...cted without pain 25 cents ...All troubles of the feet ...d in a skillful manner by ...DR. J. W. ROTHSCHILD, ...ive street, near Eighth street.
...fancy cards sent free to persons ...wn's Iron Bitters. Address ...BROWN CHEMICAL CO., Baltimore, Md.
...SAGE!
..., for Turkish, Electric, Sulphur ...from 50c to $2. Ladies, morn...
...cards $1. ...COTT. Printer, 810 Olive st. 32
...PROPERTY FOR SALE.
..., balance on monthly pay... ...those fine, 6-room detached ...rn improvements and all city im... ..., bet. Salisbury and Farrar sts. ...stnut st. s7
...SALE.
...ece of business property, near ...od bargains in real estate; several ...Pine sts., east of 17th, and 8 ...av., at a low figure. ...AS. M. CARPENTER & CO., 206 N. 8th st.
...d 25 feet, 3016 Olive st., with ...same without; steam heater
...STATE FOR SALE.
...nd Boyle, 100 feet of choice ..., several choice lots well located; S. D. PORTER & CO., 720 Pine st.
...Three good houses...
...IGERS
...ing to contract for ad...

PROPERTY OUT OF CITY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—390 acres of timber land in Butler Co., Mo., for $300 cash. Ad. M 48, this office. w6

SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Whole or half of 15 acres of land, on St. Charles Rock road, 7 miles from Court House; contains house and all other improvements. A. J., 2527 N. 20th st. w9

FARMS FOR SALE.

50-ACRE FARM, Illinois, near Greenville, on Vandalia Railroad, 40 acres in wheat, for $1,350, on time. Also 120-acre farm, Mo., near St. James, for $850 cash: all good land but ten acres. Apply to Thos. Betts, 316 Chestnut st. a79

FOR SALE—Ten farms from 6 to 10 miles from St. Louis, Madison County, Ill., 140 acres $6,300; 110 acres $5,000, 98 acres $5,000, 143 acres $9,000, 135 acres $8,775 100 acres $5,000, 84 acres $4,000, 80 acres $4,000, 80 acres $4,000, 72 acres $5,000, 84 acres $2,300. These farms will rent to pay 10 per cent on investment. Address Stanley & Brown, Long Lake, Ill. 79

FOR SALE—Two farms for sale in Jefferson County, Mo., 42 miles from St. Louis on St. L. I. M. Railroad. For terms apply to George Addis, Avoca, Jefferson County, Mo. f79

Cuticura

Mrs. Smith's Case, and What the Rev. Mr. McKinstry Has to Say About It.

TO THE PUBLIC: I have been a fearful sufferer for fifteen years, most of the time with what has been called Eczema or Salt Rheum, Psoriasis and Lepra, and the like, and have always been told that there was no cure for me, and have been so discouraged that *I had as soon die as live.* I have been so badly afflicted sometimes that there was not the smallest spot from the crown of my head to the soles of my feet that was not diseased and as red as crimson. It would commence in small white spots, which had a silvery appearance, but were not deep, but if I attempted to heal them, or soon after their first appearance, they would burn and run together until there was a complete dry, red scale which would become so inflamed as to crack and look fiery and angry, and the burning sensation would be almost intolerable.

I was at times so lame that I could scarcely get about, and could not dress myself without assistance. I have tried many remedies, and have paid $100 in a single instance to a physician, but have never obtained only temporary relief. Although helped for a time, I soon relapsed again to be as badly troubled as ever, and during the winter of 1881 and '82 I suffered so much as to be entirely discouraged. Last June, however, I was advised by Elder and Mrs. L. C. McKinstry, who are well known in these regions, to try your CUTICURA REMEDIES; and I felt somehow a little courage, from their favorable opinion of them, to try their virtue. About the second week of July last I commenced taking the remedies, and within six weeks I began to see a permanent improvement, until now (Oct. 1) I am about as good as new, and my flesh is as the flesh of a child.

MRS. BENJ. SMITH.

I certify that the above statement of my wife is correct, and I join with her in expressing my gratitude for the great benefit she has received.

B. SMITH.

I certify that the above statement is correct. Mr. Smith is a prominent man in this community, where he lives. He is a well-known dealer in stock, and his statement, with that of his wife, is fully entitled to credit.

Done at Stanstead, Province of Quebec, this twenty-seventh day of October, 1882.

L. C. McKINSTRY,
Minister of the Gospel.

LATER.—I have seen Mrs. Smith recently and believe her to be thoroughly and permanently cured.

L. C. McKINSTRY,
Sec'y Advent Ch. Conf., P. Q. No. Vt. and No. N. H.
BOSTON, Sept. 9, 1884.

CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new blood purifier, and CUTICURA, and CUTICURA SOAP, the great skin cures and beautifiers, are sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 50c.; SOAP 25c.; RESOLVENT, $1.00.

Potter Drug and Chemical Co., Boston.

Complicated, difficult and severe cases, not cured elsewhere, especially invited to call

DOCTOR WHITTIER

617 St. Charles St., St. Louis, Mo.

A regular graduate of two Medical Colleges, has been longer engaged in the special treatment of CHRONIC, NERVOUS, SKIN and BLOOD DISEASES than any other Physician in St. Louis, as city papers show and all old residents know.

Nervous Prostration, Debility, Mental and Physical Weakness; Mercurial and other Affections of Throat, Skin or Bones, Blood Poisoning, old Sores and Ulcers, are treated with unparalleled success, on latest scientific principles. Safely, Privately.

Diseases Arising from Indiscretion, Excess, Exposure or Indulgence, which produce some of the following effects: nervousness, debility, dimness of sight and defective memory, pimples on the face, physical decay, aversion to the society of females, confusion of ideas, etc., rendering Marriage improper or unhappy, are permanently cured. Pamphlet (36 pages) on the above, sent in sealed envelope, free to any address. Consultation at office or by mail free, and invited. A friendly talk or his opinion costs nothing. Office Hours, 8 a.m to 8 p.m.

A Positive Written Guarantee

given in every curable case; where doubt exists it is frankly stated.

When it is inconvenient to visit the city for treatment, medicine can be sent by mail or express everywhere.

Pamphlets, English or German, 64 pages, describing above diseases, in male or female, FREE.

MARRIAGE GUIDE,

260 Pages, • • Fine Plates.

Elegant cloth and gilt binding, sealed for 50c. in postage or currency. Over fifty wonderful pen pictures. The whole story, true to life; articles on the following subjects: who may marry, who not, why; manhood, womanhood, physical decay, effects of celibacy and excess, how life and happiness may be increased, the physiology of reproduction, and many more. Those married or contemplating marriage should read it. It ought to be read by all adult persons, then kept under lock and key. Popular edition, same, paper cover, 25c.

POOR LOTTA!

Mrs. Crabtree Indulges in Some Motherly Comments on Her Daughter's Illness.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, October 15.—"Ah, if I had only been with my poor Lotta, it never would have happened. I would have taken care of her as only a mother could, poor dear." Little Mrs. Crabtree, bustling about in the pleasant dining-room at No. 314 West Twenty-third street, last night, allowed herself the feminine luxury of looking upon her daughter's illness as something which might have been prevented. Then she went on: "For six years, my Lotta has never played in New York in the month of September. She has always been in Canada at that time. Poor little thing! Dancing and singing and perspiring has been very trying to her. Then she went to Springfield, and it was there she caught cold. You know she was playing at one night stands. She says she felt it three days before it swooped down upon her. It is not pneumonia, as yet, thank heaven," said the little mother piously. "The doctors are trying their hardest to ward that off, and if they can succeed in doing so for two or three days longer, my Lotta will be able to play next week."

"Did she cancel her dates in Philadelphia?"

"Oh dear no," said Mrs. Crabtree, in a worldly tone; "that would have been a very silly proceeding. She was to have opened at the Chestnut Street Opera House last night, but I telegraphed that it could not be. The house was crowded, and I was deluged with dispatches. It has finally been arranged, that, if she possibly can play Saturday, she will; but certainly not before then."

"Such an awful loss of money," said the manager. "And such a terrible shock to the health," said the mother.

Indeed Mrs. Crabtree was in a whirl of motherly regret and managerial vexation. Miss Lotta, being secluded in a room up stairs, was receiving every attention and the doctors were very confident of warding off the threatened pneumonia.

FOR HONOR'S SAKE,

Manager Rogers Explains the Motive of Miss Palmer's Libel Suit.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, October 15.—A representative of the POST-DISPATCH met John R. Rogers, Minnie Palmer's manager, yesterday and asked him what induced his star to bring her libel suit.

"Simply to prove that Minnie Palmer could stand up before the world and defy any one to come forward and say one true word against her reputation," promptly replied Mr. Rogers.

"Do you expect to make anything out of the suit?"

"Money? No. For, whatever the damages awarded Miss Palmer, I would decide to give it to some charity. But we are certain to win our case and gain the respect due Miss Palmer from the public. I have at the present time 118 letters expressing sympathy with Miss Palmer in her attempt to resist this infamous assault. These letters say it is the duty of every man who respects his mother, his sister or family, to encourage us in this suit."

"When you propose to push the suit to the utmost?"

"Yes, I positively do, thereby proving that there are ladies on the stage, and at least one whose manager will not allow her character to be assailed with impunity."

IT IS OUR GAIN.

"When Rogues Fall Out, Honest Men Come to their Own."

West-bound Travelers Reaping Great Profit from the Fight Between the Baltimore and Ohio and Pennsylvania Roads—As Between the Contestants, it is Conceded that the B. & O. has a Shade the Better of the Fight—Railway News.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, October 15.—"The war between the Pennsylvania and the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Companies continues as vigorous as ever," said one of the ticket agents on Broadway yesterday. "And, at present, the Baltimore and Ohio has rather the best of it. They have made connection with this city by the West Shore route, and are offering advantages to shippers and passengers which must bring them business. It is an apt illustration of the proverb that 'When rogues fall out honest men come to their own,' and the shippers and the traveling public are gainers by this controversy."

At the office of the B. & O. the gentleman in charge said: "We don't propose that the Pennsylvania road shall interfere at all with our business. We are keeping up our organization in this city, keeping all our offices open and selling tickets to passengers via the West Shore, a portion of which line to Chicago has always run over our road and runs into our depot in Chicago. We have withdrawn from the railroad pool, which practically break it up, as evidently there can be no pool, unless we are in it."

A gentleman in another of the Baltimore and Ohio office, said:

"The action of the Pennsylvania road reminds me of the little girl that would not eat her breakfast, just to spite her mother. Our business was worth to that county fully $30,000 a month and this they choose to refuse, just because we are building a competing road between Philadelphia and Baltimore. Well, the road will be built and we shall take our share of business. They cannot prevent that, and in the meanwhile we keep up our connection with the West, via the West Shore."

At the office of the West Shore Road, the gentleman in charge said: "We don't know of any new arrangement. A portion of what we call our Short Line to Niagara Falls runs over the Baltimore and Ohio Road. If that company chooses to send passengers over our road, we are glad to have their business, and that is

ALL THERE IS IN IT."

Meanwhile, the outside offices in Broadway were doing a big business yesterday. No old traveler thinks now of purchasing a ticket at any of the regular offices, being able to make better terms with these gentlemen. Mr. Webb of No. 307 Broadway said: "I don't know anything of the trouble between the companies. All that I can say is, that I can sell you a ticket by any route which you may prefer, a little cheaper than you can get it elsewhere. The pool? Why, there never has been any pool, so far as passenger rates are concerned, except in name. I could always undersell the regular offices. That is my business."

Mr. Lansing, at No. 337 Broadway, who perhaps does the largest business in this line, found but a moment to say that he was prepared to sell B. & O. tickets, via the West Shore, at rather lower rates than by any other route. His office was crowded with customers and he appeared to be doing a splendid business. Mr. Frank in the Astor House passed a moment with your correspondent and said: "There is nothing in this, except the Pennsylvania road, having thrown out the Baltimore and Ohio, they have had to make connection with this city by another route. It is all the same to me. I will sell ticktes by all the routes, and as cheap as they can be bought. That's all I have to do with it. Tell me where you want to to go and I'll sell you a ticket. I've got nothing to do with any war between the companies. That's outside my business. I'm a friend to all of them."

A prominent operator in the street said: "The Baltimore and Ohio will have

THE BEST OF IT

in this fight. Their stock is not watered, as the rest of them are, and they can starve them all out. The Pennsylvania Road can't hurt the Baltimore and Ohio to any great extent, and is only making for itself a powerful rival in the future."

"The Pennsylvania Central switched off from us on Saturday," said Mr. Charles P. Craig, local passenger agent of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad: "but they did not succeed in knocking us out, for, on Monday, we opened with the West Shore Road and were running through trains to Chicago. We reach all the main Western points—Chicago, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Detroit, Niagara Falls. We are now running through passenger cars and Pullman sleeping service without change to Chicago."

"Does the contract with the West Shore Road run for any specific time?"

"Well, we'll be here for a year or more. It will run as long as we wish it. There is an arrangement with them, that is all; simply an arrangement."

"Will rates be cut much lower?"

"Yes: I believe they will. Passenger rates all over the country are demoralized, and, if the Pennsylvania should start in to cut, why there would be trouble."

"What rates are you making now?"

"The lowest differential rate. Tickets are $18 50 to Chicago, through rate; $16 50 to Cincinnati; $22 50 to St. Louis. The West Shore has merely put its tickets with us and are run on their line to Niagara Falls and Detroit, and from the latter point, we run into Chicago over the B. & O. regular line."

ERICKSEN REDIVIVUS.

A Boy Inventor in New Jersey Who Threatens to Lower the Record.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, October 15.—"Talking of mechanics," said a Newark man yesterday, "we have a boy in our town who has made a locomotive which drew him some distance along the sidewalk, and a submarine boat which ran several hundred yards on the canal. He is as daring as ambitious. The lad is George Geisert, son of Theo. Geisert, the plumber at Pione and Plum streets. You can see his wonderful craft to-day in the yard of his father's plumbing shop. It is made of sheet tin, riveted together; is eight feet long, and shaped like a cigar. On the top is a little house, like a monitor's turret. The boy launched the boat in the canal, near the Pione street bridge, and took his seat in the turret, where he could work a crank connecting with two wheels on the side of the boat. Just ahead of the crank a second shaft passes through the vessel. On each end, out in the water, is a flat paddle like a bread shovel. By holding these paddles horizontal, the boy kept his boat on the surface. When he was ready to start under, he closed his turret and turned the paddles vertically. The boat quickly dropped down under the water. Propelled by the wheels, it shot along, passing under the Washington street bridge, and then on until it was near the bridge at Halsey street. By this time young Geisert had exhausted the air and had to arise to the surface. On the second trial, the boat tipped over when under the water, and he had to break out of it to save himself. He repaired the damages and loaded the keel, to prevent such tipping. The next time the craft again capsized, however, and the inventor then abandoned her, not because she was cranky, but for the reason that he did not see how he could supply himself with air while down in the deep. He thought of running a rubber tube from his little turret to the surface of the water, where it was to be attached to a cork float, but he feared that this device might introduce more water than air into the boat. At present he is considering problems in electricity, with a view, probably, of entering the field against Edison.

GOT A SECOND CHANCE.

Suicide in the Woods—Shot the Wrong Man—Illinois Items.

DANVILLE, ILL., October 15.—Seven prisoners escaped last week, but were recaptured, and yesterday morning six of the same gang crawled through a flue which communicated with the outside world. They are still at large.

GALENA, ILL., October 15.—Conrad Knabe of Belmont, Wis., went hunting last week, and, failing to return, a hunt was instituted, which resulted in the finding of his dead body. He had been shot through the heart, and his position was such as to leave no doubt that he had committed suicide.

GREENUP, ILL., October 15.—G. Monahan's store was burglarized last night, $100 worth of goods being taken.

PARIS, ILL., October 15.—Grant Tweedy shot at Al Conahan yesterday, missed him and struck Riley Conahan in the bowels. He will probably die. A man named Russell bit off Pete Stanley's ear during a fight yesterday.

SHELBYVILLE, ILL., October 15.—W. L. Wilhelm, dealer in groceries and provisions, assigned yesterday to Andrew Hudson. Cause, dullness of trade. A farmer named W. M. Carnes was thrown from his horse while drunk yesterday and fatally injured. Mrs. Nancy Wright, wife of a prominent citizen, was adjudged insane yesterday and a conservator of her property was appointed.

BLOOMINGTON, ILL., October 15.—Robert W. Stubblefield's sale of imported Norman, Clydesdale and graded horses was held here yesterday, fifty-four being sold for a total of about $20,000. The top price was taken by imported Sultan, purchased by William Glenn of Stanford, Ill., for $3,450. Jacob Meeth's saloon was closed yesterday on an execution in favor of a Peoria creditor.

CAIRO, ILL., October 15.—William Freeman of San Francisco fell from an Illinois Central train, twenty miles north of here, and was instantly killed. A Texas Narrow Gauge passenger train ran into a freight at Bird's Point yesterday afternoon, injuring several persons.

Police Board Meeting.

The Board of Police Commissioners held their regular weekly meeting yesterday afternoon. General Gooding was the only absentee. Officer Abner Kimer was tried on a charge of neglect of duty, and was dismissed from the force. Officer Gregory, charged with unnecessarily beating a prisoner named Thomas Hendrick, was cautioned against committing such an offence in the future. The resignation of Officer McGinnis was accepted. Officer Maher was dismissed for neglect of duty. Officer Fred. Hannesker, of the Third District, was fined $10 and reprimanded on a charge of intoxication. Officer Crump was tried on a charge of neglect of duty, but was found not guilty. A communication from Captain Fruchte was read, in which he stated that Harry Ellison, the boy shot by Officer Gerster, was up and doing well. The request of Officer McMahon for a new club and pistol was denied. A number of firms submitted samples of cloth for winter uniforms.

The Board then adjourned.

ABOUT BOYS.

A Bloodless Battle That Is Being Waged on Long Island.

Charges Against the Managers of the Children's Home at Yaphank—Children Who are Sent West and Otherwise Disposed of Against the Wishes of their Parents—A Question of Authority.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

BABYLON, L. I., October 15.—Mr. A. Titus of this village has unearthed some abuses in the Children's Home at Yaphank, which places that institution in an unfavorable light, and which the Board of Supervisors and County Superintendents of the poor will undoubtedly investigate. The Children's Home was established in 1879 at Yaphank, adjoining the County Poor Farm. It was established in compliance with the laws of the State, in chapter 173, laws of 1875, which prohibits children between the ages of 2 and 16 years becoming inmates of the regular County Alms House, or, in other words, the introduction of children between these ages to a Poor House, occupied by adult paupers. The establishment has been under the management of Mrs. Wheeler, as matron, and under her guidance the pauper children have been reared and instructed away from the demoralizing influence of pauper society. As far as possible, the matron of this Home has kept it up to the full measure of the ideal upon which it was founded, and it is a singular fact that there has been no serious sickness and but one death among over 400 inmates. The charge made by Mr. Titus against the visiting committee of the Institution is that, without even the permission of the overseers of the poor, they have, through the Children's Aid Society of New York, found homes for some of the children. One case is that of Jason Bennett, who was placed in the Home by Overseer Baker of East Hampton. His father lived in that town, but all the time was unable to provide for his child and only parted with him after obtaining the promise of the overseer of the poor that, when he was able to provide for him, he would take him from the Home. A short time ago, Mr. Bennett found himself in a position to provide for his son and applied to the overseer of the poor for his return. The overseer applied to the Home, where he had been informed that the boy had been sent West to a home provided him by the Children's Aid Society, through the instrumentality of the Home. The poor father was

ALMOST FRANTIC

when he learned of the action of the Home and will take immediate steps to have his son brought back. It is alleged that, on July 17, six children were disposed of in a like manner. They are: Arthur W. Smith, Charles E. Case, Southold: Bennie King, East Hampton; John Sard, Chauncey Raynor and Charles A. Newton, Brookhaven. Another case cited by Mr. Titus is that of Jacob Ritchie, a crippled boy from this town. Last winter, the boy and a young sister came under the care of Overseer Conklin. He found a home for the girl and placed the boy in the Home. About two weeks ago, Mr. Conklin received a letter from the matron informing him that Mr. Nicoll, one of the visiting committee, had talked of taking Jacob away. Soon after this letter was received, Mr. Nicoll called on Mr. Conklin. He spoke in glowing terms of the Home but did not intimate that he intended finding another home for Jacob. Shortly after, Mr. Nicoll visited the Home, with an order signed by J. M. Watts, treasurer of the Board of Superintendents of the Poor, permitting him to take the Ritchie boy away. The matron said she knew Mr. Conklin did not want the boy taken from the Home without his permission, and she did not feel like giving him up. To this Mr. Nicoll replied he had seen Mr. Conklin and he had expressed his willingness that a home should be provided for the boy. The matron then permitted the boy to be taken by Mr. Nicoll, and the following day received a letter from Mr. Conklin, telling her that under no circumstances should she allow the boy to leave the institution. A meeting of the superintendents of the poor will be held soon, at which the whole matter will be thoroughly investigated and those who have robbed themselves with the authority belonging to these officials will be called to account.

"The whole difficulty is just this," remarked an official to a correspondent of the POST-DISPATCH. "When a town's superintendent of the poor places a child in this Home, that child becomes either a

TOWN OF COUNTY CHARGE

and, while such, the overseer placing him there is responsible for him. Of course it is a good thing to find homes for them, but it should not be done without obtaining the permission of the overseer who placed the child in the institution. There are several children there now whose parents are unable to support and educate them at present, but may soon be able to provide for them and take them away from the institution. Now, suppose when he goes to the institution for them he finds them gone, what can he do? He is too poor to go to them and they can't come back to him. The overseer of the poor of the town from which the child is sent is well acquainted with all the facts of the case and, knowing that the parents' support is only taken from the child temporarily, it is not likely they would allow any one to send it out West."

Mr. Titus, in conversation with your correspondent, said: "The danger to which we allude is that now, on the very threshold of its usefulness, the home will be broken up or, at least, much of its good work impaired and its future made dark and uncertain. This undesirable state of affairs is rapidly being brought about by the interference of certain persons with affairs which concern only the overseers of the poor of the various towns. Up to the present year it has been considered that the overseers of the poor had some rights which others were bound to respect, and no child was taken away from the institution without first obtaining the consent of the overseer placing the child in the Home, and, even then, places were found for them in our county or in good homes near by."

THE FLOWER MISSION.

Weekly Distribution of Fruits and Flowers Held To-Day.

The twenty-second meeting of the Flower Mission Association was held this morning at 10 o'clock. Among the ladies present were Mesdames Barnard, Cavan, Coe, M. D. Jones, Gunn, H. A. Smith, Fife and Cooper, Misses Honey, Botte and Glover. The following contributions were made to the society. Magazines: Mrs. Lubke, Brownlee, Hugh Nelson and "A Friend." Miss Balker donated sixty "Youths' Companions," and a large package of reading matter was received from Lebanon, Ill.

Picture cards were given by Mrs. Cavan and W. Ellison, the florist, Mrs. Fletcher and Mrs. Fife donated a large number of flowers.

The following distributions were made by the ladies of the Mission: City Hospital, 120 bouquets, 200 magazines and 150 lemons; Female Hospital, 100 bouquets, 200 magazines and 150 lemons; Wabash Railway Hospital, 200 bouquets and the same amount of magazines and lemons; St. Luke's Hospital, 50 magazines and 50 lemons. The carriages for the distribution were furnished by Mrs. Rotte and Mrs. H. A. Smith, the management hiring one for the Female Hospital. Rev. Mr. Hicks was not in attendance at this morning's meeting, his absence being regretted by all members of the Mission.

Pistoling in Paris.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

PARIS, ILL., October 15.—A man was fatally shot in the abdomen, in this city, last evening. The person that fired the fatal shot, was arrested and placed in jail.

Elliott, who was shot last Saturday, is still alive, though little hopes of his recovery are entertained.

Reward for the Lowry Murderers.

MARSHALL, MO., October 15.—Citizens have subscribed $1,000 to be offered as a reward for the apprehension of the murderers of the Lowry family. Evidence goes to show that the murder occurred about 9 o'clock Saturday night, but there is no clue to the murderers. The victims were buried yesterday.

COMBATING BERGH.

An Officer of the New York Humane Society Roughly Handled.

While Attempting to Prevent "Voltaire" From Running at Jerome Park He is Summarily Ejected From the Grounds—Judge Munson and Mr. Withers Arrested by the Angry Officer—The Examination Before Judge Murray.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, October 15.—A horsey aroma pervaded the proceedings in Justice Murray's private examination room yesterday. Noted gentlemen of the turf, judges on the race track, time-keepers, jockeys and stablemen were present to testify or listen to the examination, on the charge of assault and battery, brought against two members of the American Jockey Club—Judge Munson and Mr. D. D. Withers—by Alonzo S. Evans, an officer of Bergh's Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals. At the window, to the right, in an attitude of imperial dignity, sat Mr. Bergh, listening to the evidence in grim silence. Beside him sat Mr. Elbridge T. Gerry, the counsel of Mr. Bergh's Society, who conducted the examination for the people, though Assistant District Attorney James F. Fitzgerald was present and supposed to act in that capacity. The accused were represented by ex-Judge Shipman, but the distinguished jurist had but little to say, allowing Judge Munson to manage his own defense and that of Mr. Withers. On a table before the Justice was a diagram of Jerome Park, with the exact locality marked where the alleged outrage is said to have taken place, on October 7. The complainant was the first witness. He said he was an officer of Mr. Bergh's society and was sent to Jerome Park on the day in question, because information had been received that a horse, belonging to Mr. W. J. Daly, and named Voltaire, was to be run in the steeplechase,

WHILE IT WAS SICK

and unfit to be entered in the race. He had his badge with him and wore the initial letters of the society on the front of his cap. He paid for his admission, and stated his errand to Inspector Dilks, who was present. The inspector called Mr. Daly, who said he had no objection to showing the horse. The party went to the Shute when the horse was ready to start in the race, and the agent of the society examined it. At this juncture, a crowd gathered about him crying, "Put him out!" "Hang him!" "Get a rope!" He was roughly assaulted and hustled through a hole in the fence out of the park. His clothing was badly torn, He recognized among his assailants Judge Munson and Mr. Withers. Both of the latter caught hold of him by the shoulder and lapel of his coat and violently pushed him. He had to appeal to the police for protection. Evans concluded his testimony by opening a package and spreading the torn clothing before Justice Murray. Mr. Daly, the condition of whose horse was the cause of all the trouble, was the next witness. He said that his horse had had a sore back, about a month ago, but that it was all healed before the race. The animal was in good condition or he would not have allowed it to run. Continuing, Mr. Daly said that he did not know that Evans was an officer. The latter wore his shield inside his coat, and Mr. Daly did not notice the letters on his cap. Judge Munson came up and asked Evans whether he had paid for his admission. Evans replied that he had, and thereupon was requested to show the pasteboard ticket which every one received at the park on paying to go in. He could not show it, and then Judge Munson told him he must leave the park. Evans refused to go, and then Judge Munson just laid his hand on his arm. "Some folks," added Mr. Daly, "would have been very crabbit and sharp, but Judge Munson civilly asked him to go. Mr Withers was standing near Judge Munson, but did not touch Evans."

This testimony, apparently, was not what Mr. Garry expected of the witness, and he asked a series of

PRESSING QUESTIONS,

which caused Mr. Daly to exclaim: "I can't tell it to suit you, I'm going to tell it just as it happened." Inspector Dilks; the next witness, said that the bell had already rang calling up the horses for the last race. A man belonging to the track, named Mathew A Sharp, had his hand on Evans' collar, but Judge Munson only touched Evans' arm and Mr. Withers did not touch him at all. When Evans was pushed through the fence the inspector caught him and pushed Sharp away. He summoned Captain Yule of the Thirty-fifth Precinct, who was on the grounds, and told him to take Evans to the gate and protect him. "What surprised me," concluded the inspector, "was that Evans never asked me to arrest any one. He showed me his coat, which was rent, but he had no complaint to make against any one."

Captain Yule and Sergeant Suttee, of the same precinct, corroborated Inspector Dilks. Mr. W. H. Barratta, the ticket taker, said that Evans had no uniform on when he passed through the gate. From the style of his cap he took him to be a gatekeeper on the Elevated railroad. The further examination was adjourned until next Thursday.

AN IMPERIAL MONSTER.

Some Uncomplimentary Remarks on Peter the Great.

Cincinnati Commercial Gazette.

Voltaire, in his "Philosophical Dictionary," says that Peter was "half hero and half tiger." Half hog and half tiger would be nearer the truth. Macaulay declares that "to the end of his life he lived in his palace like a hog in a sty, and when he was entertained by other sovereigns never failed to leave on their tapestried walls and velvet state beds unequivocal proof that a savage had been there." He was naturally swinish in his tastes and habits, and displayed his swinishness regardless of circumstances or consequences! When William III. visited him in London, the air of the room was so foul that a window had to be opened before the English king could enter. The nastiness of himself and suite almost ruined Evelyn's villa at Deptford, where the imperial party were lodged, and the owner applied for and received compensation from Parliament. Twenty years later the pretty little "Monbijou" palace in Berlin suffered in the same way from the same party. Then sprightly Margravine says that "the desolation of Jerusalem was everywhere in it, and it was so ruined as almost to need rebuilding." Every-one has heard of the important part played by the cane in the domestic economy of Frederick William I. of Prussia, but that eccentric monarch was nothing in comparison to his Russian brother in the caning line. Peter, when the fit was on him, literally caned everybody—from his cook to his counselor, from the meanest peasant to the highest noble—sparing neither age nor sex. He would get up from the table and flog the host who was unlucky enough to entertain him. He would stand at the door of the Senate House and flog each Senator that went in. Lefort was an intimate and trusted friend, yet on slight provocation he was knocked down and brutally kicked by his imperial guest. But all this flogging was in the way of recreation. When Peter "meant business" it was a more serious matter. Incredible as it may seem, it is nevertheless well authenticated that one of his own sisters—it is said, more than one—received a hundred strokes of the whip on her back in the presence of the whole court. In 1713, Alexis, his only son who outlived infancy, was, for some offence of no great seriousness, several times tortured in the presence of the diabolical father, and a few hours later died—either from the effects of the torture or by assassination. For sympathizing with Alexis, the Princess Golitsyn, the bosom companion of the Empress Catherine, was publicly whipped by soldiers. For the same reason the brother of his first wife, Eudoxia—whom he had thrown into prison—was tortured, and then broken alive on the wheel. An alleged lover of Eudoxia was tortured in Peter's presence almost daily for six weeks by the knout, by burning coals and red-hot irons, by being tied down to a plank full of sharp spikes, and finally impaled. Nothing ever told of Nero is more horribly grotesque than this.

Miss Hamilton was a fair but frail maid of honor to Catherine. After a casual intimacy with Peter she bestowed her tenderness elsewhere without interference on his part, but when, to extricate herself from resulting embarrassments, she took to infanticide, he brought her to trial. Condemned to decapitation, she mounted the scaffold in a dress of white satin trimmed with bows of black ribbon, looking more lovely than ever. But not alone; Peter appeared at her side, and, straining her to his breast, lamented that the divine law forbade him to spare her. A moment after the beautiful head rolled from the block at his feet, and, lifting it by the ear, he imprinted a last kiss upon the quivering lips. The Prussian ambassador Printz asserts in his official dispatches that during the memorable suppression of the Sicilian revolt Peter gave a banquet, sent for a score of rebels, and every time he drained a glass struck off a head, inviting the envoy to join in the sport. With such sins laid at his door it is scarcely worth while to mention lighter ones, to say that Peter was a glutton, a drunkard, addicted to every form of sensual indulgence, an irredeemable blackguard and ruffian, sparing no woman in his lust and no man in his wrath, utterly infamous in all the relations of life, a scoffer at virtue in either sex, a mocker of religion, dying five weeks after participating in the election and consecration of a burlesque pope. Yet this man, or monster rather, is paraded before the world as Peter the Great.

BURDETTE'S WISDOM.

A Collection of Cullings From the Big Book of Life.

From the Courier-Journal.

Leaves have their time to fall, and every dog
Doth have his day, as is well known;
Flowers have their time to fade, but thou, sweet cat,
Thou callest every starlit night thine own.

MORE A WANT THAN A NEED.

"What do we want in our theaters?" asks a dramatic paper. As nearly as we can get at it, the managers seem to want more light and less clothes. Perhaps, however, we don't exactly get the roper drift of your question.

HASN'T REACHED THE "FIRST DECLENSION."

We understand that Latin is not taught in the public schools in Arkansas. Nothing surprising about that. The boys couldn't get along with their nouns at all, because in Arkansas a man isn't allowed to decline anything.

THE POINT OF VIEW.

Yes, indeed, my son, it depends very much on how your look at a thing. A bad egg looks very like a good one, until you look at with your nose. Then you see the difference at a single sniff.

THE UNATTAINABLE.

Belva Lockwood may learn to smoke cigarettes before the campaign is over, but she can never acquire the art of striking a match as the other candidates do.

GROUND IN.

The papers say that the Communists are gaining ground in Russia. Reckon some. A man can hardly wear the same shirt seven months without gaining some ground.

GREAT HEAD.

A large head, my son, is or is not an indication of a great brain. It depends on the time of day. Now, a large head in the early dawn indicates a sad lack of brains on the previous evening. And then, again, a healthy, normally-sized head is or is not indicative of much brains, according to its position. That is, it depends on whether it is on a man or an ass. If you wear a very small hat yourself do not be discouraged. The patient mule of our modern civilization has a head as long as a flour barrel.

A VITAL QUESTION.

New Boarder (with an air of appetizing interest)—"What is this?"

Landlady (proudly)—"English mutton."

New Boarder (innocently)—"When did it die?"

He gets his time right away after dinner.

THE MONROE DOCTRINE.

Why, yes, my son, the Monroe doctrine is a good thing to keep on the chimney piece. It is a very simple doctrine. It merely declares that we located this claim ourselves and the man who tries to jump it, or any of its leads, angles, spurs, dips or outcroppings will be in danger of dying poor and comparatively friendless. It declares that no foreign nation can come over here and slide on our cellar door; that England and Germany cannot swing on our front gate to do their courting; that they cannot bring over their own syrup troughs and elder spouts and make sugar in our maple grove; that Austria and France can't spot no bee tree in our Mexican timber land; that they can't ditch our isthmus unless we locate the ditch and put in the drift gates; that Russia can't trap mink in our creek bottoms; that no foreign nation can spank its children with our butter paddle. It means that the man who joins farms with us can't move the division fence until he talks to us about it; that he can't crowd our neighbors; that he can't sublet a patch of his farm to anybody until we are satisfied that the new tenant will make a good neighbor for us. That's about the size of it, and its a very good doctrine for a wel disposed, peaceable family, if it is lived up to.

ROBT. J. BURDETTE.

Ardmore, Pa., September 30.

The Brahman's Terrible Mistake.

From the St. James Gazette.

Some shocking tragedies have occurred in the Sibsagor district of India. A traveling honarie jeweller arrived late one evening at the house of a Brahman with whom he had a slight acquaintance, and displayed his wares. The Brahman, after making some purchase, offered to put him up for the night. The offer was gladly accepted, and it was arranged that the jeweler should sleep on the floor in the room occupied by the Brahman's son, the Brahman and his wife occupying the other room. While preparing to turn in the honarie heard the sharpening of a dao and fragments of conversation being carried on between the Brahman and his wife.

Suspecting foul play, he induced the son to change places with him, and, as soon as the former was asleep, placed a dummy composed of a bundle of clothes on the bed, crept quietly out, and ascended a tree at the back of the house. In about half an hour he heard the dao doing its work, then exclamations of disappointment at finding no plunder, shortly afterward followed by a cry of anguish at the discovery of the mistake the murderer had made. From his place of concealment the jeweler then saw the Brahman come under the tree with a hoe. Here he dug a grave, in which he buried the body of his son. At early dawn the jeweler descended from his hiding place and gave information at the nearest thanna. The police found the body under the tree and arrested the Brahman, whose trial comes off at the next assizes.

American Fables.

From the Detroit Free Press.

A Robber who had Worked Six Long Hours to break open a Safe Accomplished his Task to Discover that his Reward was scarcely a Shilling. He was Lamenting and Denouncing his ill-luck when a Private Watchman put his head into the office and said:

"Had you came to me I would have given you at least a quarter to let the safe alone. You have not only Sold Your Services at a very Cheap Price, but if it was not My Hour for going to Sleep I should certainly take you to the Station and see you Sent Over the Road."

MORAL:

Don't Steal a fifteen-cent Dog When it is easy enough to Borrow a Dollar of the Owner.

THE TRAMP AND THE FARMER.

A Tramp who asked for Breakfast at a Farm House and was Refused a single Crust Exclaimed with an Injured Air:

"Alas! how Deceptive is Human Nature! For two nights I have slept in your Barn, Eaten of your Apples and Drank of your Cider, and now you treat me as an Utter Stranger who has no hold upon your Friendship."

MORAL:

Some Farmers are so mean that if you were to Steal their Hay crop and set the Barn a fire they wouldn't feel under the Slightest Obligations.

No Chinese Children Need Apply.

From the San Francisco Chronicle.

W. T. Welcker, State Superintendent of Public Schools, has recently made a decision regarding the right of Chinese children to be admitted to the public schools. A Chinaman calling himself Joseph Tape recently complained to Superintendent Moulder that his daughter, who is 10 years of age, had been refused admission to the Spring Valley Primary School. The matter was referred to the State Superintendent, and he decided that Chinese children cannot become pupils of the public schools. Mr. Welcker quotes his decision in a similar case that arose in an interior county last year. He shows by the language of the State Constitution that public education is intended only for those who can or are to become citizens; that the laws are against the Chinese in this and other respects, and that it is apparent their intent of encouraging it by granting privileges of the kind in question. According to the last census there are 1,250 Chinese children in this city.

A COMIC OPERA PLOT.

A Private Ballet and What Came of It.

The Shah's Medicine for Insubordinate Musicians.

I happened at London when that ignorant, brutal, vulgar barbarian, the shah of Persia, says Donn Piatt in the Courier-Journal, was being ovated by designing English politicians and their snobbish followers. I did not take much interest in the Persian fellow. The polygamous potentate of Persia was to all save England, that had designs on him and his provinces, a very limited production of far less interest to meet than Private Dalzell, Eli Perkins, or Ward and Grant. I however heard some stories about the clubs that were somewhat amusing.

I learned that all the precious jewels with which his royal person was covered were false stones bought of the house of bondage run by Moses & Sons, pawnbrokers.

The most entertaining, however, was a story of how his royal scorbutic majesty fell in love with the ballet of the opera. He loved all the ballet, for the heart of your Persian monarch is a sort of an omnibus, and always has room for a few more. After each performance this son of the sun and brother of the moon would pace to and fro, rubbing his royal hands, and between Persian cries of delight call all his divinities to witness that he had never seen such ravishing forms—the art of manufacturing legs for public exhibition had not yet reached Persia—nor such rapturous jumping. He sent his prime minister and barber with a proposition to the ballet. It was to add the entire corps to his seraglio. The gay young troupe treated the proposition with contempt. Why, each one had a little seraglio of her own, and, besides, they all were under contract with their manager, and there would be the mischief to pay if that were broken; for each member believed in her terpsichorean heart that she was the bright, particular star of the troupe, and anon jealous conspiracies would give way and she beam out as a star.

One little girl, however, and the brightest of all, lent a willing ear to the proposal. Her real name was Susan Powers, but she wrote it Susette Violanti. This little blonde drove a contract with the tonsorial minister to the effect that his master was to deposit £5,000 in the Bank of London to her account, and added several stipulations such as suggest themselves to a ballet mind. The preliminaries being complete, the ballet-dancer was summoned to appear before the Persian monarch at the palatial residence assigned him by the British Government, when it appeared that this honored guest from the land of poetry and dreams wished to be entertained in his hours of retirement by a dance.

"But, your majesty," cried Susette, "I can not dance without music."

"Music!" responded the royal animated showcase of paste diamonds—"music! of course not; go at once and get some music."

The officious official rushed to the street and captured an astonished hand-organ and monkey.

"That is not music, your majesty," laughed Susette, merrily; "that is a dreadful noise."

"Noise!" asked the royal brother of the moon and light of all Persia, "what's the difference?"

Susette explained. She wanted certain instruments, an orchestra, in a word, and immediately some of his Majesty's suite were detailed as such, and while the instruments were being procured the possessor of fifty paste Koh-i-noors smoked and mused upon the strange results of Western civilization as developed in legs and motion.

When the instruments and improvised musicians were brought together and the order given to play, the noise was more horrible than the hand organ. Little Susette stuck her delicate fingers in her delicate ears and screamed. The beguiled Shah was more puzzled than before, and when told that his subjects could not produce the required music he made a few remarks of a personal nature in his native tongue that caused even the swarthy faces of his faithful followers to pale. He adjourned the performance for a prize fight, gotten up for his entertainment between a noted peer of the realm and a noted prize-fighter. The alarmed vizier consulted Susette.

"What can I do?" he cried in despair. "His Majesty threatens to bowstring us all."

"Send for our director," said Susette; "he'll hammer the noise out of those fellows if you pay him enough."

The director was sent for. All musical directors have dirty nails, take snuff, and are ill-tempered. Between pinches this potentate of the opera studied the situation.

"I can furnish His Majesty with a very good orchestra of my own," he said.

"But will they go to Persia?"

"They will go to the devil if you pay them."

"And be his subjects, liable to the bowstring?"

"Certainly, with a liberal allowance of beer and tobacco."

"But His Majesty has given his order. He does not permit his orders to be questioned or changed."

The director took huge pinches of snuff. He could not solve the difficulty.

"Musicians," he said, "are not made; they are born. Adam, a man, was created in one day; a first violin is the resnlt of many generations. His Majesty's orders are impossible."

"Perhaps so," replied the poor vizier; "that is our system of government; the Shah is born to a right to try the impossible; we are born to suffer from the failure. You can have your own price for the effort, and my head if you fail."

A compromise was agreed on. The director was to furnish musicians of his own while instructing the barbarians.

"Can I wallop them?" he asked.

"Undoubtedly."

"That is something. It won't help on the music, but it will relieve my feelings."

The music was procured and the sovereign of Persia made happy in a little ballet of his own. The orchestra to be gotten up out of Persians, as the directors prophesied, did not prosper. By the time the shah reached Paris the first and second violins had disappeared. They were subsequently arrested by the police of London, striving to make a precarious living as musicians, and sentenced to hard labor as nuisances. The trombone committed suicide, while the bass viol and clarionet were in a hopeless state of idiocy. The drum alone remained of a sound mind and sound execution. But one can't have an orchestra out of a drum, and so the attempt was abandoned. The regular orchestra performers, however, were happy, content, and quite willing to go to Persia or the devil, as the director had said, upon reasonable pay and unlimited tobacco and beer.

Susette grew in favor, and, without doubt, Persia would have had an English queen but for the unhappy fact that at Paris the shah succeeded in adding two French performers to his troupe.

In the performance thereafter Susette saw, or thought she saw, her eastern master bestowing too much favor on the newcomers, who really threw their shapely legs—I beg pardon, limbs—much higher than she, and, stung by jealous wrath, the plucky little Susette planted a succession of right and left blows and sundry kicks on the persons of her rivals that were more vigorous than graceful. The French rallied and a general engagement came off.

For a while the shah labored under the delusion that this was part of the ballet, and enjoyed it hugely; but when he saw that two-thirds of his troupe had black eyes and bloody noses, while Susette's countenance resembled a colored railroad map of England, the truth dawned on his eastern intellect that he was being treated to a revolt of the harem, and calling in his eunuchs he immediately ordered the bowstring for the entire troupe. I called out the full force of European diplomacy to save the politest capital of the civilized world the scandal of such an execution. It put an end, however, to the Shah's private ballet.

What a shame that these writers of comic opera should cudgel their dull brains for plots when such a charming story as this exists in fact.

A Reminiscence of Hayward.

From Chambers' Journal.

Diners-out are jealous of one another. Mr. Hayward was frequently scandalously attacked, and figures as Venom Tuft in Mr. Samuel Warren's "Ten Thousand a Year." Now, Mr. Warren was himself not exempt from the charge of liking great people. There is a bar story told of him that once, when sitting in court by the side of a brother barrister, he said to him: "I must go now, Davison, as I am going to dine with Lord Lyndhurst." "So am I," said Davison. Warren looked disconcerted, but went out of court, and quickly came in again and said to Davison: "When I said I was going to dine with Lyndhurst I was joking." "Well," said Davison, "so was I."

A WESTERN DRINK WANTED.

The Terror from Dead Man's Gulch is Obliged to Show His Hand.

From the Philadelphia News.

"Hit me with a little vitriol mixed with broken glass," said a man, who might have been taken for the worst man in the West, to an Eighth street bartender yesterday morning, "and fire in a few rattlesnake stings along with it. I'm from Dead Man's Gulch, I am!"

"That's a Western order, sir. I don't understand it," was the reply.

"Don't you know what vitriol is?"

"Yes."

"Don't you know what glass is?"

"Yes."

"Don't you know what rattlesnake stings is?"

"No."

"Well, throw in a little red pepper. It will make a weak drink for me, but I'll have to go you. It's a mean section of the country, this."

The ferocious style of the man had terrorized a half-dozen listeners in the bar-room, and when he lit a rankapee cigar with a whole box of matches the lookers-on were amazed. The Terror spit over the head of the nearest man to him and shouted: "Come a running with that wash; you've been long enough to clean out a camp or break a bank."

A boy, who had been dispatched by the bar man to a drug store, came hurrying just at that time, and the sound of crushing glass made the scowling Westerner look up quickly. Suddenly the bar man was before him with a large tumbler full of vitriol, broken glass and red pepper.

"Is the rattlesnake stings in thar?" asked the Terror, with less ferociousness than characterized his former speech.

"It's what you ordered," firmly replied the saloonist.

"I don't want it without the bites," replied the bad man, as he sided toward the door. A club moved from its position behind the bar, and the wicked man stopped.

"Pay for that or go to the hospital," said the bar man, with determination.

"How much is it?" asked the dangerous man.

"Three dollars."

The money was paid and the Terror sneaked out.

A Peculiar Hebrew Tribe.

From the Paris Gaulois.

Between Damascus and Jerusalem is a tribe of about three thousand Hebrews, which has been there probably since the beginning of the Christian Era. They have neither city nor town; they live in camps. The temple is represented by a more spacious tent. They have never admitted among them a person of different race or religion. Their ordinary language is Hebrew. In their relations with others they speak Arabian. These relations, however, are very few, for they have remained, like the primitive races, exclusively tillers of the soil and warriors. They cultivate the ground armed from head to foot, always ready to defend their portion of earth, from which, with great difficulty, they derive a meagre sustenance. They live on little and are content to thus live in this sort of native country which they have occupied for centuries.

A Man Whose Heart is a Cockle-Burr.

From the Rome (Ga.) Courier.

A young Roman resorts to a mean dodge to relieve himself from matrimonial embarrassments. After running off all the other young men and enjoying a monoply of the young lady's company for several months, he will tell the fair one who has squandered her love upon him that he is a consumptive and can never marry. She takes him out for walks and drives, but the hypocritical cough grows worse, and the disappointed maiden sends the young Roman adrift, and he seeks other fields for conquest and the practice of his consumptive dodge.

The Chinese Baby's First Shave.

From the Portland Oregonian.

When a Chinese boy is one month old his head is shaved and a bladder is drawn over it, and as his head grows the bladder bursts and the cue sprouts forth. The first shave is made the occasion of a magnificent banquet and the guests are expected to make the host a handsome present in coin for the newly shaven baby, with which a bank account is started to his credit. This is the most pleasant feature of the affair for the baby, as the razor always pulls and he cannot take part in the feast.

FRESH FEMININE FASHIONS.

A new lace is called the "Marquise." It is designed to rival the Escurial of last year, and is both showy and durable.

Names for hats must have been nearly exhausted in the mind of the Parisian genius who christened one of the new shapes the "Pifferari."

Soft felts are bent in innumerable shapes, and ought certainly to be made becoming, when each individual hat can be adapted to its wearer.

"Combination" hats have a crown and rim of different colors, and a modest gray felt may be made quite dashing with a high peaked crown of red.

Kid waistcoats have proved to be a great success. A still more extreme but accepted fashion is that of wearing snakeskin collars and cuffs with cloth suits.

Every one is giving the new fall hats a warm and appreciative welcome. They justly deserve praise, for never were the styles more original or beautiful.

High crowned hats are very popular, and those of felt are sometimes made quite unique, with the crown ornamented with braiding of a heavy silk cord of the same color as the hat.

Silver jewelry is still presented in new designs, and a blending of silver and gold is an attempt to win favor with a combination which, at least for chains and bracelets, is neither pretty nor desirable.

Astrakhan trimming will be extremely popular for the long cloaks to be worn this winter. High shoulders both for dresses and wraps, are now discarded on the "other side," and in deference to the Parisian edict cannot long linger here.

Geneva point, a lace somewhat resembling Irish crochet, will be used much for decorating dresses and for neck ornamentation. It is very costly, as even the imitation is sold at four and five dollars per yard.

Chenille fringes are especially elegant this year. Jet beads and fancy jet drops are seen in combination with the plain fringe, and make a very rich trimming for the new fall wraps, several rows being often added to one garment.

The "Manon" is the latest popular style of shoulder cape. French journals show many long cloaks with the addition of small capes, which are adjustable, the garment proper being compelte either with or without them.

"Danger lights" is a coquettish freak in ear jewels originated by our sisters abroad, and consists of a ruby worn in one ear and an emerald in the other. This piquant style is of course only for "maidens fancy free," and who consider themselves not without some power of fascination.

Groups of small birds, sometimes as many as seven nestled together on one hat, are seen among the fall importations. These have their little bills gilded and are arranged as if, after much sorrow and torture, their lines at last had fallen in pleasant places.

Fall styles in hosiery are very novel and striking. A novelty called "opera" hose has narrow lengthwise stripes in gay colors, yellow, red or blue combined with black. Much prettier designs are those with little blue, red or yellow checks or black with polka dots, and a still daintier style of "footwear" consists of a plain Lisle finished for some distance from the hem with fancy open-work like the long woven gloves worn during the summer.

Thony's Oyster and Chop House,
512 Pine St.
New York select oysters, served in all styles, 25c per doz. Little Neck Clams by express daily. Also Baltimore oysters in cans for family use.

CUT RATES
TO ALL POINTS.
J. W. STOCKBRIDGE,
Railroad Ticket Broker,
605 Washington Avenue, Lindell Hotel.

MILK THE Largest Retailers of Pure Illinois Milk in the city. Telephone No. 1,322.
BOWMAN & CO.,
818 and 820 Morgan st.

CITY ITEMS.

For only a few days more D. Crawford & Co. will continue the sale of that handsome black gros grain silk for which they have been getting right along $1 65 a yard, for the nominal price of $1 10 a yard.

Use "Psyche's Charm," the only pure medicated face powder. Raboteau & Co., 714 N. Fifth street.

"I like my wife to use Pozzoni's powder, because it improves her looks and is fragrant as violets." Sold by all druggists.

Try The Cloth of Gold.

The mildest and finest cigar ever imported. A fresh invoice just out of bond. J. L. Mayer & Co., sole importers Cloth of Gold brand, 900 Olive street St. Louis.

FURNITURE

Was never cheaper. New designs more beautiful than ever at Guernsey Furniture Co., 500 North Fourth street.

Dr. E. C. Chase,

922 Olive street. Set of teeth $8.

Private matters skillfully treated, and medicine furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine street.

Oriental Cream, $1; Guimauve Soap, 15c; Dento-Polish, 50c; Hair Restorer, 85c; Face Lotion, 85c; French Perfumeries, 50c. Raboteau & Co., 714 N. 5th st.

Dr. Whittier, 617 St. Chales street, cures diseases of indiscretion, excesses, indulgences. See ad. page 7.

CITY NEWS.

Johnny Wethers, 6 years of age, is missing from his home, corner of Page and Walton avenues.

Bettie Scott was locked up last night, charged with stealing a quantity of clothes from Mary Rolff.

George McLoud, a negro, fell dead yesterday, in front of 906 South Second street. The cause of his death was apoplexy.

Thomas Donahowe was arrested last night on a charge of stealing a coat and vest. He was locked up in the Four Courts.

Norman F. Carter was arrested last night charged with stealing four currycombs and a whip from John Meyer, 910 Franklin avenue.

John Schlimer, an employe of Wainright's Brewery, fell from the elevator, a distance of twenty feet, and is supposed to be fatally injured.

George McGinniss and James Tanders, two young boys, were arrested yesterday evening for throwing stones into Jim Cann's laundry, 608 Pine street.

Hon. Henry Harrington, Daniel Dillon, Hon. John J. O'Neil and others will address a Democratic mass meeting next Saturday evening on Grand and Easton avenues.

At 7 o'clock yesterday evening a small fire was discovered in the rear of 714 O'Fallon street. The fire was caused by the explosion of a gasoline lamp. Damage about $75.

Yesterday afternoon a wild steer came near seriously injuring some of the Jefferson school children and almost demolished a wagon on Eighth and Carr. The infuriated beast was finally killed by Officer Sponiman.

The opening meeting of of St. Mark's Academy was held last night at the St. Louis University hall, corner of Ninth street and Washington avenue. The academy will hold meetings on every alternate Tuesday. Papers were read at last night's meeting by Messrs. Hobern and Malecek. To-morrow night the post-graduate course of the St. Louis University will begin, and Father Coppen will lecture on History and Historians.

Talk About Crazy Quilts.

From the Globe-Democrat.

The crazy quilts are a great feature of the Fair. The finest gallery of art could not elicit heartier admiration. The awards were made to the "Sisters' Visitation Convent," Miss M. Michael and Mrs. E. Becker, though there were other quilts apparently equally meritorious, notably Mrs. Gov. Crittenden's and Mrs. Rubelman's. The artistic effects are largely due to the liberal use of Corticelli Embroidery silk.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The Amarar tribe has joined fortunes with Osman Digna.

James Campbell & Sons, publishers of Toronto, have failed for a large amount.

Worcester, Mass., is celebrating her bi-centennial with illuminations and speeches.

It is said the Parnellites will demand the recall of Earl Spencer, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

The Earl of Lytton is trying by injunctions to prevent the publication of his father's letters.

The Cæsarists were defeated by the Peruvian Government troops, and Trujiilo was taken after heavy fighting.

Henry Michaud, aged twenty, while sawing wood at Berne, Ind., fell against the circular saw and was cut in two.

Joseph Gray, a prominent planter near Little Rock, Ark., was caught in his cotton-gin and sawed into pieces.

James Boynton, a Red River planter who killed his overseer, John Dibbler, Sunday, was discharged from custody.

A contract has been let to build a railroad from Medicine Hat, Canada, to Belly River, near Montana, a distance of 107 miles.

Julius Levi, a nephew of Rabbi Schull, of Dallas, Texas, was fatally stabbed by a negro named Eugene Williams, Tuesday.

The Panama revolutionists seized a British tug and committed other depredations. The local Government made no resistance.

The Government of the Argentine Republic has banished the papal delegate from the country for a threatening and offensive letter.

Wm. Trum aimed an "unloaded" gun at Sorrell Reed, a negro, at Leavenworth, Kan., and the coroner's jury had Trum jailed for murder.

At the re-opening of the French Chambers a credit of 11,000,000 francs for the Tonquin expedition was asked, and a bill introduced for organizing a colonial army.

Queen Victoria wants her Cabinet to decide whether spiritual powers cannot be conferred on the Prince of Wales, to enable him to participate in the conference of sovereigns.

Miss Ida Foote, daughter of Captain Foote of the American Navy, was married to Lord Montague Paulet in London, Tuesday, in fashionable style. Presents were sent by Queen Victoria.

The mail and express car burned on a road between New Richmond and Deer Park, Wis. The registered mail was saved, but the express matter and other mail were destroyed. Loss, $15,000.

A new and very fatal disease has broken out among the swine of Nebraska. Bleeding from the nose follows swelling of the ears and a weakness of the kidneys, death resulting in from five to ten days.

Miss E. Woollard, a rich young lady of Galveston, Texas, followed Frank Bloodsworth through six States to Macon, Georgia, and offered him all her possessions if he would keep his promise and marry her.

The Prime Meridian Conference at Washington Tuesday, adopted a resolution to count all longitude from Greenwich in two directions up to 180°—east plus and west minus. It also proposes a universal day for all nations.

The steamer Neptune, sent out by Canada to explore Hudson's Bay and Straits, has returned, having established a number of meteorological stations and discovered a new channel through Labrador to Ungara Bay. The average temperature for September was 36° above zero. Navigation is practicable for steamers six months in the year.

You Will Miss It Awfully

If you don't go to the Golden Eagle and buy your winter supply of underwear at half price, Damaged by water only.

605 and 607 North Fourth street.

Married This Afternoon.

At 5 o'clock this afternoon Mr. Louis C. Haynes, Supreme Recorder of the Legion of Honor and cashier of the Custom House, will be united in marriage to Miss Ella Garriott, a daughter of Mr. P. A. Garriott. The wedding will be very quiet, no cards having been issued. Dr. Boyd of the Second Baptist Church will officiate.

THE BIG RACE.

Teemer Coming Here to Train Against Jake Gaudaur.

The Two Noted Oarsmen and Their Achievements—The Stake-Holder Selected and the Money Deposited by Gaudaur—The Browns Mysteriously Missing—Billiard News—Diamond Chips and Sporting Sundries.

The announcement that Mr. James A. St. John had at last consummated the arrangements for the coming race between Jake Gaudaur and John Teemer was received with genuine enthusiasm last night, and he was kept busy receiving the congratulations of his many friends. After a hard struggle to arouse the Teemer party to action, he has succeeded in effecting a match the like of which has never been brought before the St. Louis public, when the importance and character of the race is taken into consideration. Local aquatic interests owe their development and present satisfactory state of substantial progress to Mr. St. John, and this coming race is only another evidence of his love for aquatic sports and disinterested motives actuating him in his commendable pride in seeing St. Louis well represented as a leading aquatic center. The day will come, judging from the present state of progress, when St. Louis will bear the same position in the West that Boston does in the East—a sort of boating world in itself. Now that the race has been arranged, attention is being drawn to the coming of Teemer. Mr. St. John telegraphed Eph Morris last evening, asking when the Teemer party are to be expected, as he desires to have everything properly arranged and prepared for their reception. They will be the guests of Mr. St. John, and he will look after their interests. As soon as Teemer reaches here he will at once go into training, using the private boat-house at Creve Cœur, placed at his disposal by Mr. St. John. Teemer will use his Ruddick boat, the dimensions of which are 31 feet 6 inches, by 11 inches. This is the shell in which he has won his late races. Jake Gaudaur has gone into training at Creve Cœur, and he is in charge of Harry Parker the oarsman. His course of training consists mostly of a several hours' practice in his shell and long walks. He is a pretty clever pedestrian, and indulges occasionally in a cross-country go-as-you-please jaunt. Gaudaur will use his shell of Glass' manufacture, which is of the same dimensions as Teemer's. It is a little heavier than Ruddick's make, but it is a substantially built, stiff boat.

THE STYLE

of the two oarsmen has often been compared, and Gaudaur is generally regarded as the more graceful, while Teemer's strong point consists in his long, easy finish, reaching much further back than the ordinary run of oarsmen. It is a striking peculiarity and argues well for his powers of endurance. His tremendous reach is naturally a great strain upon him, but his abdominal muscles are wonderfully developed.

Teemer is five feet two inches in height, and rows at 158 to 160 pounds. Gaudaur is a little over six feet, and his rowing weight is about 165 pounds. Teemer pulls a 30 to 32 stroke, and Gaudaur about the same. With the advantage of five seconds, start, Gaudaur will give Teemer the hardest tussle of his life, and it is predicted that Jake will cover more ground in his start than did Wallace Ross, in his recent race with Teemer, with five seconds' start. At all events St. Louisans will enjoy the grandest treat they have ever experienced in aquatics, and everything in the coming race is hailed with delight and enthusiasm. It is something that was never dreamt of, and now that it is to take place it will, no doubt, draw the biggest crowd ever assembled at Creve Cœur or any other Western water.

Mr. St. John has appointed Mr. John A. Dillon, Editor of the Post-Dispatch, as stakeholder, and has deposited with him $100 as forfeit money. The judges and referee will be appointed in ample time, and the prospects look bright for a grand race.

To-Morrow's Game.

To-morrow's game between the Boston and St. Louis Unions promises to be one of the most interesting of the season. Both nines will have their best men out. The game will be called at 3:30 and the nines will be arranged in this way:

St. Louis.	Positions.	Boston.
Baker	Catcher	Brown
Sweeny	Pitcher	Shaw
Quinn	First base	Murnan
Dunlap	Second base	O'Brien
Gleason	Third base	Irwin
Rowe	Short field	Hackett
Boyle	Left field	McCarty
Lewis	Center field	Slattery
Shafer	Right field	Crane

Games Yesterday.

For some unaccountable reason the Browns failed to show up in Brooklyn and the game was forfeited 9 to 0; the Mets had a close call with Cincinnati, beating them 4 to 3, although everyway outplayed; Brooklyn beat Indianapolis 10 to 4; Louisville beat Allegheny 10 to 3.

St. Louis Unions beat Boston Unions 7 to 5 at Union Park. The game was closely contested, the fielding being poor on both sides. Shaw, the left-handed pitcher, did very effective work, but received no support. Sweeney struck out eleven men. The Nationals beat Kansas City 5 to 2.

Buffalo got on to John Davis for 20 singles in five innings, and beat Boston 14 to 3; Philadelphia beat the Athletics in an exhibition game 6 to 4.

Athletic Tips.

George S. Spencer, the well-known general athlete, is training to beat the best amateur record on standing high jump. He has already beaten 5 feet 3½ inches.

Peter Adair of the Olympic Foot-ball Club is arranging a series of matches with the Chicago Club, to be played here and at the Windy City. The game will be played according to the Rugby rules.

George S. Rhodes has just heard from the noted Eastern athlete, M. W. Ford, who is desirous of coming west to take part in the fall athletic meetings to be given here. L. E. Myers may accompany him.

Billiard Spots.

Catton's friends are very confident as to the outcome of the match with McLaughlin, to be played in Chicago in December. They regard his chances as very favorable for downing his opponent.

The contestants in the coming billiard tournament given by Sam Baldwin at Mussey's are practising hard the greater portion of the day, and McCreery's new spot game is leading additional charm to the excitement. It promises to be the most successful tournament yet held in St. Louis, in the degree of skill attained by the competitors, and the general ability of the players. The beauty of the new game is the handicaping facilities, and every man is thereby given a fair show.

Diamond Chips.

The Park base ball club defeated the Griesedick base ball club Sunday by a score of 4 to 0.

The Baltimore Club, by its brilliant victories over the Western clubs these last two weeks, gave the Mets a big lift for the championship.

The Union clubs are offering big inducements to big pitchers. The only way that some pitchers can be kept in the big league next year is by paying them big money.

The Boston Globe says that it is not necessary for Boston to reserve Burdock. He long ago promised to play with Boston as many years as they wanted him, and his word is as good as his bond.

Sporting Sundries.

Knapsack McCarthy has bought the pacer Bulldozer, paying $5,000 for the gelding.

Both Jay-Eye-See and Phallas are now at Racine, both having been retired for the season.

Capt. W. C. Watts, Madison, Ind., has purchased the bay mare Lona Guffin, record, 2:23¼, by Blue Bull, for $2,500.

E. Corrigan has decided to winter at Latonia. He has just received fourteen yearlings, some of them of the finest breeding.

"Doc" Applebee, a well-known turf patron, has purchased Greene Girl, by Greene's Hambletonian, record 2:27½, for $1,500.

Col. J. H. McLaughlin and H. M. Dufur have signed articles of agreement for a wrestling contest at the Detroit Opera House, October 23.

On Tuesday, October 21, the meeting of the National Jockey Club will begin at Ivy City, near Washington, and will continue four days.

Clarence Whistler says he is done hippodroming and will wrestle any man in the world Græco-Roman or catch-as-catch-can style for $2,500 a side.

It is proposed to give the English amateur champion runner, W. G. George, a national testimonial on his final retirement from the cinder path.

Jack Burke, the pugilist, who is in New York training for an engagement with Mitchell, has been backed by Richard K. Fox for a glove fight with Hial H. Stoddard for $2,000 and a diamond belt.

The winnings of Tristan, the celebrated English race horse, from the commencement of his career up to September are £20,906 10s. This does not include his French winnings, which amount to nearly 100,000 francs. A man only wants one of these sort in his stable to make it complete.

The National Rifle Association, at its meeting in New York October 7, discussed the advisability of getting up another international match between British and American rifle teams. A committee was appointed to take the matter into consideration and report on it at the next meeting. If it is decided to have a match with the British next year they will be invited to come to this country.

Prof. J. M. Laflin, who is to meet John L. Sullivan in a glove fight November 10, is in training at Amityville, Long Island. When he began training he weighed 208 pounds, and he expects to train down to 185 pounds. He says he is very confident of making a good showing against Sullivan, but New York sporting men are not backing the professor very heavily, and most of them expect that Sullivan will easily knock him out.

The following records are claimed for T. Malone, the celebrated ex-amateur, of Australia, who has recently issued a challenge to run any three men in Victoria, 100, 200, and 300yds. within the hour, or any five men 100yds. within the same time; any man in the world from scratch, or to give eight yards to any man in Australia in 150yds. Running 100yds., 9 4-5s.; 120yds., 11¼s.; 130yds., 12¼s.; 150yds., 14 4-5s.; 149yds., 14¼s.; 200yds., 19¾s.; 221yds., 21¼s.; 440yds., 51 1-5s.; half mile, 1m. 58 1-4s.; 120 hurdles, 17m. 1-5s.; 10 hurdles, 10 yards apart, 3ft. 6in high. Jumping—long jump, 22ft. 7 1-2in; high jump, 5ft. 9 1-2in. Malone is 5ft. 9in. in height, and weighs 11st. 12lb.

The following are the details of the 1,000 yards race in which W. G. George attempted to lower the record: George did not appear to hurry himself at the start, but he was progressing with a splendid long stride, albeit the "spring" action usually looked for with him was not noticeable. He finished the first quarter of a mile in 57s., and another hundred and forty yards further ran past Baker. Going down the back stretch George began to run through his field in very pretty style, and a hundred yards from the worsted (time 2m. 1 3-5s.) was second, about a half a dozen yards behind Gardiner and a few yards in advance of Bessell, the two latter running very strongly. When another sixty yards had been covered the scratch man wrested the lead from Gardiner and retained it until within a couple of yards of the tape, but the Spartan Harrier (Gardiner) then made a splendid effort and broke the worsted first, half a yard separating second and third. George's time (2m. 16s.) is the best ever made by an Englishman, either amateur or professional.

Storm Signals.

As the coming of a great storm is heralded by the display of cautionary signals, so is the approach of that dread and fatal disease, Consumption of the Lungs, usually announced in advance by pimples, blotches, eruptions, ulcers, glandular swellings, and kindred outward manifestations of the internal blood poison, which, if not promptly expelled from the system, attacks the delicate tissues of the lungs, causing them to ulcerate and break down. Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" is the great remedy for all these, as for all diseases having their origin in bad blood. It improves the appetite and digestion, increases nutrition and builds up the wasted system.

AN EXTRAORDINARY JAM.

The Oldest Citizens Astonished.

Bargains Just as Advertised and Everybody Satisfied.

Think of it! Men's heavy union cassimrre suits, $2 50; guaranteed to be worth three times as much. Men's overcoats, $1 50; guaranteed to be worth three times as much. Children's suits, 50 cents; guaranteed to be worth three times as much, or money refunded. Children's overcoats, 95 cents; guaranteed to be worth three times as much. Men's fine suits and overcoats, $4; guaranteed to be worth three times as much. Men's pants, 10 cents. Men's white shirts, 25 cents. Men's Canton flannel drawers and undershirts, 15 cents. Men's blue flannel shirts, 50 cents. Men's and boys' hats, 10 cents. Remember these are only a few of the thousand bargains that are being slaughtered in the great *assignee sale* of $100,000 worth of men's and boys' clothing which has been consigned to us from New York, and will be sold at 33⅓ cents on the dollar. Remember that satisfaction is guaranteed in every instance, or money cheerfully refunded at the

Globe, 714 and 716 Franklin avenue.

OUGHT TO MEET SULLIVAN.

Chris. Schawacker's Pugilistic Prowess, as Related by Charles Weise.

Mr. Charles Weise came into the Post-Dispatch office to-day, resembling very much a tough done up at a Cincinnati polling place. His face looked like a hurriedly drawn map of Europe. Both eyes were almost closed and draped in colors more variegated than those of the rainbow. His nose was swollen to twice its natural size; he had lips that would excite the envy of a Zulu, and both cheeks were ornamented by sundry cuts and abrasions.

"Been betting on Ohio?"

"No."

"Fighting John L. Sullivan?"

"No, no; Chris Schawacker did this. I tell you how it was. You see Chris and I were in the carriage factory busines—the Weise Carriage Manufacturing Company, on Spruce. Chris has got the most stock and he thinks he's got more to say than anyone else. I was mad with him because he went around telling everybody that I've got no interest in the factory and that I worked for a salary. That wasn't true, and when we met yesterday afternoon for the directors' meeting at the factory, I told Chris that I didn't want him to talk that way about me. Chris got his back up and he gave me one in the neck, and when I was down he kicked me in the face, split my lips, knocked out my teeth, and blacked both my eyes. He would have killed me if my friends hadn,t taken him away. That Chris Schwacker is a bad man, and I want him exposed."

Mrs. O. Finnerty Narrates to Mrs. McGoogin Her Observations at the St. Louis Exposition.

"Woonderful, me darlin' Mesthress McGoogin, is the grate frewigerator in Meshanery Hall which rules the Uxposition. It blows the shtars and shtroipes anent; they shoine and wave galore upon the opper flure besoide the bould soulger b'ys who blare their throompets in the grand Arsenical Band. O, me oyes they faysted on their rigimintals and me ayers they dhrunk swate sounds, oonteel I torned besoide, and thare I saw the fooniest leetle minnikin moonkeyin' nayger ye iver laid yer oyes on. Whin the band played 'Kathlane Mavournane' thot blissed nayger croid. He laughed och hone at 'Rnory O'More' and rhattled his bones at 'Erin go Bragh.' O, Mesthress McGoogin! I thought me sowl 'ud doie whin thot nayger danced 'The Swate Lakes of Killarney.' He danced wid his head, he danced wid his hales; shoore an' he danced wid ivery bone in his body. It shtrook me spachless, Mesthress McGoogin, to see an Amirican nayger whoop the belt from the b'ys uv the Immerald Oil, I woondered to see that nayger dance until he could not shpake, for he carried a card which rade: 'My bones are lubrykated with Mr. E. B. Starkwather's New Philadelphia Compounds of onayqualied purity. Bist in the wooruld fur layther; bist in the wooruld fur haylin' poorposes; bist in the wooruld fur ladies' sarvice; bist in the wooruld fur lubrykatin' foine meshanery.' And thin, Mesthress McGoogin, I razed me oyes and rade his soign: 'A good name is less to be chosen than grate riches, and loving fayvor a grate dale less than silver and goold.'

"I niver did oondershtand the strickturеs so parfeckly befoore, or the rayson, be shoore, so miny payples throw off the dead weight of loove and good name and go a light scrub race fur the silver and goold. Mr. Starkwather's uxposite lades the grand perceshun, Mesthress McGoogin, and playse ye don't forgit it. It musht be the goodness of his soign and his bootiful dishplay of the onayqualled purity of his invinshuns which makes the payples crowd his shtand inshtid uv poorin' down the ither oisle loike the parsee. And thin, Mesthress McGoogin, thare came that ither good and poius sowl, the Sign-or Liberati, in the Oirish, and tooted on his horn of goold. Och hone, me love, the payples shtamped an' whacked and clapped their hands an' croid oonteel I thought it was a wake. O thin, me dear, he played wunst more sich swate an' hivenly sounds! I bowed me head, I closed me oyes, I crossed me hands and whist! I listened fur the angels' songs an' waited fur the soundin' uv their wings!"

EAST ST. LOUIS.

Ex-Governor Oglesby passed through East St. Louis this morning en route to Highland, Ill., where he addresses a Republican mass meeting to-night.

The C. K. of A. held an important meeting last night. Three new members were admitted. The election of officers was fixed for the first Tuesday in December.

A warrant was issued last evening for the arrest of Robert Duffy, colored, charging him with purloining several pigs. Mr. Duffy evaded arrest by leaving town.

The funeral of Mrs. Charles Mauer took place at 10 o'clock this morning from the family residence on Collinsville avenue to the Lutheran cemetery on the Belleville road, and was largely attended by relations and friends.

The ladies of St. Patrick's Church held a meeting and decided to hold a fair and festival next week. They are succeeding admirably. The principal feature of the fair will be a gold-headed cane to be voted to the most popular candidate for Governor.

Among the prominent persons present at the Centerville Church fair last night were: Hon. J. B. Messick, Ferdinand Heim, both candidates for the Legislature, A. J. Becker, John Benner, jr., and Miss Kate Kerwin of East St. Louis. The excitement for the gold-headed cane still continues to-night, with chances in favor of Mr. Heim.

A one-story double frame house on Railroad street was discovered on fire about 8 o'clock last night. A large quantity of rags saturated with coal oil was found on the roof near where the fire originated. Turnkey Kenealy, with the assistance of a few neighbors, extinguished the flames before they gained headway. The fire was the work of an incendiary.

Look at These Prices

For damaged goods at the Golden Eagle:

$1 00 percale shirts at 50c.
50-cent underwear, boys', at 25c.
50-cent underwear, men's, at 25c.
75-cent underwear, men's, at 25c.
$1 00 underwear, men's, at 50c.
$1 50 striped underwear, men's, at 75c.
$1 00 scarlet underwear, men's, at 60c.
$1 50 scarlet underwear, men's at 75c.

605 and 607 North Fourth street.
Golden Eagle.

A SPICY CIRCULAR.

W. T. Larimore Sued for $20,000 by a Louisiana Warehouseman for Libel.

Messrs. Jones & Delano filed in the Circuit Court to-day a suit for $20,000 damages on behalf of Wm. S. Slaughter of Port Hickey, Parish of East Feliciana, Louisiana, against W. T. Larimore of this city. The petition sets forth that the plaintiff is a member of the firm, in Port Hickey, of W. S. Slaughter & Bro., engaged in the warehouse, commission and forwarding business, and that the defendant on the 19th of July, 1884, maliciously libeled him by the publication of a printed circular, a copy of which accompanies the petition, and is a quite unique piece of reading matter. It leads off with an affidavit by one S. W. Newport, setting forth that he shipped a quantity of goods from Port Hickey for St. Louis, and was charged at the rate of twenty-five cents a parcel, which he believed to be excessive and exorbitant, as he had been informed by S. O. Beauchamp of East Baton Rouge Parish, La., that the charges made by Slaughter & Bro. against him for handling his goods was ten cents per package, large and small alike. The affidavit also complains that a bag of harness was charged for which should not have been charged for, as it was contained in a rockaway, for which a charge was made, and was not a separate package. The circular also contains a copy of a letter addressed by Mr. Larimore to Mr. Slaughter, in which he refers to Mr. Newport's complaints of overcharges, and asks the question: "Why did you not charge 25 cents each for the cushions and carpet in the rockaway and estimate the various packages in the boxes and trunks and charge 25 cents on each of them. As the old man was leaving the country, *go for all he had.* What's the use of making two bites at one cherry?" Further on the letter says: "I send a bill by the steamer Bayou Sara for collection for what you know to be a wrong charge, and if it is not refunded, I think I shall take it upon myself to change the name of Port Hickey to that of

☞ 'ROBBER'S ROOST.' ☜

Do you know what all this red ink (the cut accompanying the demand being printed in that color) and all these hands mean? * * * It means business. I will send Mr. S. O. Beauchamp the exact copy of this letter and if the boat brings back word that you refuse to pay back your outrageous, unheard-of overcharges on Mr. Newport's goods, I will authorize him to publish the same in the Baton Rouge papers, and send him the money to do it with. * * *

"Yours truly, W. T. Larimore."

Mr. Newport also told me of you charging him $1 50 per bale freight on cotton, when the regular charge is only 75 cents per bale. * * *"

"I, at first thought, intended to have this matter published in the Baton Rouge papers, but, upon reconsidering the matter, concluded to adopt this, (the circular) as the cheapest method of exposure, thinking the least money wasted on such an unworthy object as W. S. Slaughter has proven himself to be, the better. * * * God asks this question to every man, and to W. S. Lampton particularly: 'What shall it profit a man if he gains the whole world and lose his own soul?' Yes, even by honesty. But when dishonesty is used to accomplish the gain of only $4 05, as in this case, how little gained and how much lost is my question addressed to W. S. Slaughter individually.

"Reader, please hand this slip to your friend for Slaughter's own good. He evidently needs this dose of medicine badly for the benefit of his fast withering soul. I sincerely have a longing desire to meet him in heaven, but I am truly alarmed concerning his eternal welfare. He should have the prayers of all the true followers of Christ into whose hands this slip may fall. W. T. L."

Worth Remembering.

Visitation Convent, St. Paul, October 12, 1884.

Dear Sir—In reply to your favor just received we are happy to state that all the embroidery silk used in the quilt which received the first premium at the St. Louis Fair is "Corticelli." We use it extensively and with great satisfaction. Yours most sincerely, Sisters of the Visitation.

FINED $50.

Hop Lee Convicted To-Day as the Keeper of an Opium Den.

Hop Lee, a Chinaman keeping a laundry and opium den at No. 16 North Ninth street, was arraigned to-day before Acting Police Justice Taaffe for violating the law prohibiting the sale of opium and hasheesh for smoking. The witnesses for the city were Officer Rife and Kittie Sexton. The officer testified that he knew the defendant who ran a laundry and an opium joint at 16 North Ninth street. The woman swore that she went to the place with Rose Lambert, another disreputable woman. The woman had two pipes. Officer Rife and a squad descended upon the place and arrested Hop Lee, the proprietor, and the attendants. Rose Lambert, the main witness, has since disappeared. On hearing the evidence Hop Lee was fined $50. The charges against Jim Ha and Ah Wau, the waiters, were dismissed.

More than Gratified.

Visitation Convent, St. Paul. October 12, 1884.

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Four Courts Brevities.

Charges against Wm. Geilsdorf, Margaret Mahon, J. A. Hill, Emile Torrence, John Donocho and Anton Weidel, and a charge of wife abandonment against Austin O'Brien were dismissed for want of prosecution in the Court of Criminal Correction to-day.

Ben Cook and Martin Henry were acquitted of charges of assault and battery to-day. H. R. Pomeroy was prosecuting witness in the second case.

Kate McGee stole a silver-plated castor from E. Koelle, and was sentenced to nine months in the Work House to-day.

For the theft of a pair of boots from Sam Moore, John Sullivan was sent to the Work House for six months.

James Burns stole four hats from T. E. Dillon, and was sent to the Work House to-day for nine months.

Charles M. Stevens was sentenced to sixty days in the Work House to-day for stealing an overcoat from D. Harberger.

George Young was held in bond of $1,000 on a preliminary hearing for an assault to kill Andy Bell.

The Premium Quilt.

Visitation Convent, St. Paul, October 12, 1884.

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Movement of Railway Managers.

Captain C. W. Rogers of the 'Frisco is out on the road; Col. J. Hill of the Vandalia is out inspecting; George Olds of the Pacific is in Chicago; Col. Hoxie has gone down the road; J. M. Chesbrough went to Chicago last night; E. L. Lomax of the Q. will be on the Lake side to-morrow; Col. A. A. Talmage returned from Chicago this morning.

The Sisters Recommend it.

Visitation Convent, St. Paul, October 12, 1884.

Dear Sir—In reply to your favor just received we are happy to state that all the embroidery silk used in the quilt which received the first premium at the St. Louis Fair is "Corticelli." We use it extensively and with great satisfaction. Yours most sincerely, Sisters of the Visitation.

Suits to order from $20 upwards at J. H. Depre & Co., 617 Locust street.

OUR $15 LINE!

MENS OVERCOATS, $2 to $75

BOYS OVERCOATS $1 to $20

We show at this price over 75 different patterns in prime All-Wool Cassimere, Cheviot and Corkscrew Suits for Gents and Youths, in Sacks and Cutaway Frocks. Our $10 and $12 50 lines represent over 90 styles in fine All-Wool fabrics.

☞ In our Boys' Clothing Department we present every purchaser of a Suit with a handsomely bound copy of Webster's Dictionary, pocket edition. ☜

☞ We are SHOE HEADQUARTERS for the West, and show the largest stock of desirable footwear to be seen in this country at living prices. ☜

☞ Don't fail to visit our Ladies' and Misses' Cloak Department. Splendid variety and low prices. ☜

FAMOUS,
Clothiers and Outfitters,
SIX GREAT STORES,
Broadway and Morgan.

CARRIAGE BUILDERS.

Proceedings at the Opening Session of The Twelfth Annual Meeting.

President McLean's Address—Reports of Committees—Invitations to the Members From Henry Shaw and Others.

The twelfth annual meeting of the Carriage Builders' National Association was called to order at 10:30 o'clock this morning in Mercantile Library Hall by President H. C. McLean of Wilmington, Del. About 250 members were present. The president delivered a brief opening address, in which he said: "It is my pleasant duty to welcome you to this, the twelfth annual meeting of our association. I congratulate you that in spite of the business depression now general in the country, in which our trade is one of the chief sufferers, we have been able to gather so large a representation from the leading centers of our trade in the East, West and South." He spoke of the prosperity of the trade school at New York and of the good effect of a carriage exhibition in connection with the convention. He referred to the fact that this was the third convention to be held in a Western city, and the first west of the Mississippi. Following the president's address the report of the Executive Committee was submitted. The report shows an increase of thirty-six honorary and twenty-eight active members, bringing up the total membership to 700. The association is free from debt, with a small balance in the treasury, and is in a generally prosperous condition. The deaths of three members, B. Manville, Phineas Jones and James Hall, are noted.

THE TREASURER'S REPORT

shows a total receipt of $4,031 49, an expenditure of $3,286 94, leaving a balance of $744 55.

The committee on technical education submitted an interesting report on the operation of the evening classes and the corresponding classes carried on in connection with the technical school of the Metropolitan Museum of Art in New York.

The fourth season of the school opened on October 8, 1883, and closed April 30, 1884, with a total of thirty-nine pupils, divided among the different mechanical departments, such as wood-working, blacksmithing, painting and office work. Three sessions were held each week from 7:30 to 10 o'clock in the evening. The corresponding class, which is a new departure, had 110 pupils, and the work was very successful. Lectures were also delivered before the classes by Mr. H. G. Shepard and Mr. H. M. Dubois.

The committee urged upon the association the value of the school and the need of increasing its work among the young men learning the trade of carriage building. It also urged the necessity of liberal subscriptions to enlarge and support it. The total recipts last year amounted to $12,880 17, of which $8,738 05 was expended, leaving a balance on hand of $4,142 12. A letter was read by the chairman from Mr. Lawson Valentine, offering to give $1,000 to be distributed in prizes for the best work in a Chautauqua counting-room or office department which he proposes to establish in connection with the school.

THE COMMITTEE ON APPRENTICESHIP

submitted blank forms of indentures to be used by the members of the association with an agreement to the effect that members will not hire an apprentice from another shop unless he has a written discharge with the reasons therefor. The committee on a beneficiary association submitted a plea of organization, which was ordered printed and to be placed in the hands of the members to-morrow morning. All of the reports were adopted.

On motion it was agreed to change the number of the Executive Committee from five to nine, in accordance with the recommendation of the committee.

The committee to select officers for the ensuing year was then elected, the following gentlemen being chosen: Messrs. G. H. Burrows, Trinkin, Sealbrook, Sedan and Sargent. The secretary read a number of letters from Mr. Henry Shaw, Mr. Charles Green, and others, extending to the association the hospitalities of Shaw's Garden, the Fair Grounds, Merchants' Exchange, Mercantile Library and other resorts. The announcement was made that the city would be illuminated to-night, that tickets to the Exposition would be furnished members, and that Mr. Trinkin would give them a drive on Friday, after which the convention adjourned until 3 o'clock.

The business before the afternoon session was the election of officers chosen by the committee.

An Emphatic Reply.

Visitation Convent, St. Paul, October 12, 1884.

Dear Sir—In reply to your favor just received we are happy to state that all the embroidery silk used in the quilt which received the first premium at the St. Louis Fair is "Corticelli." We use it extensively and with great satisfaction. Yours most sincerely. Sisters of the Visitation.

The School Board.

The monthly meeting of the School Board was held last night, with President Harrington in the chair. The first thing in the order of business was the reading of a communication from Benjamin Mitchell, protesting against his discharge, as janitor of the Divoll scholl. His case was referred to the Teachers' Committee. A petition for a plank walk at the Hogden school was referred to the same committee. E. Goddard & Sons notified the board of their intention of renewing their lease. The Treasurer's report was the next thing brought up for consideration of the board. The report read as follows: Receipts on the general fund, $121,014 86; amount of expenditures, $40,543 39; total amount, from all sources in the treasury, October 7, 1884, $173, 747 73.

The reports of the Teachers' Committee was then read and adopted. The report of the Building Committee brought on a lively discussion in which all the members participated. After considerable wrangling had been indulged in, the report was finally adopted. The report of the Auditing Committee elicited that the amount of bills audited and paid was $94,961 76 and the amount recommended for payment $21,654 68.

Done While Gunning.

Auburn, N. Y., October 15.—While gunning, John Keogan, aged 45, fatally shot himself through the abdomen.

Johnnie Cain, well known in St. Louis in theatrical circles, is at present managing the Bella Union, a leading variety theater of San Francisco. He is also a good comedian, and he and his wife, Jennie Haywood, serio-comic singer, have met with a good deal of success on the Pacific coast.

Louis Schlasstein, a well-known brewer of the southern part of the city, celebrated his fiftieth birthday last evening, at his residence 2352 Sumner street. During the cousre of the evening he was presented with a diamond pin by his three daughters.

FALL OVERCOATS

Ohio has gone Republican and West Virginia Democratic. Wool is low and Overcoats are cheap, just the same, however.

Our Tailor-Made and Custom-Fitting Light-Weight Overcoats "fill the bill" exactly for these chilly mornings and evenings. Our superb showing includes all grades, from the finest and most elegant, which are satin-lined throughout, to the less costly grades. A Light-Weight Top Coat is not a luxury, for our Low Prices prove the contrary. We'd be pleased to show our matchless stock of FALL OVERGARMENTS, which includes every style, even to those not intending to purchase. Our prices range from $10 to $35.

Those desiring heavier, or WINTER OVERCOATS, will find them here in choice variety, and at prices ranging from $7 to $65.

Boys' and Children's Overgarments in all the new and pretty Styles, and at the LOWEST PRICES.

F. W. Humphrey & Co.,
BROADWAY, COR. PINE STREET.

Send for our beautifully illustrated Fall and Winter Catalogue. Out-of-town orders solicited.

The J. M. Ward Furniture, Stove and Carpet Co.
1111, 1113 and 1115 Franklin Avenue.
Everything needed in House-keeping at lowest cash prices and sold on easy
TIME PAYMENTS.
Ward's Lightning Washing Machine, THE BEST ON EARTH, sent FREE OF CHARGE to any one wishing to see its marvelous work. The best hotels and over 600 private families are now using them in this city. Price, including Wringer, $16 00.

POISON!
For Sale Everywhere in Candies!

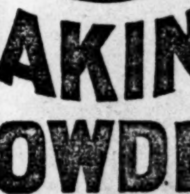
FRASER'S the only CANDY in ST. LOUIS recommended and indorsed by the MEDICAL FRATERNITY.

Dr. F. L. James, Dr. P. S. O'Reilley, Dr. John H. McIntire, Dr. E. A. Chanceller, Dr. J. H. Leslie, Dr. Charles Vastine, Dr. G. H. Knapp, Dr. Willis Hall,
And a Host of Others.

40c PER LB., 3 LBS. FOR $1.

"FRASER," 6th and Olive

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This Powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., N. Y.

THE GRAPE CURE

SAL-MUSCATELLE
IN AMERICA.

The Crystallized Salts as extracted from Grapes and Fruit; a most wonderful product from Nature's Laboratory. Have it in your home, travels, summer resorts and seaside cottage. A specific for the Fagged, Weary or Worn Out. Cures Sick Headache, Dyspepsia, Stomach, Liver and Bowel Complaints.

Prepared by the
LONDON SAL-MUSCATELLE COMP'Y,
London, England.

Beware of imitations; the genuine in "Blue wrappers only." For sale by Richardson Drug Comp'y, Meyer Bros. & Co

Self Cure Free
Nervous Debility — Lost Manhood — Weakness and Decay
A favorite prescription of a noted specialist (now retired.) Druggists can fill it. Address
DR. WARD & CO., LOUISIANA, MO.

AUCTION SALE
OF
Stabling & Old Lumber

The fence and stabling on the north side of the Fair Grounds, from Prairie avenue to Grand avenue, will be sold at Public Auction, to the highest bidder, on

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 17,
AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M.

The sale to commence at Prairie and Kossuth avenues.
The purchasers will be required to remove the property purchased within three days after the sale.

FESTUS J. WADE, Sec'y.

SUNDAY-SCHOOL SUPPLIES

A complete line of SUNDAY-SCHOOL REWARD CARDS and BOOKS in endless styles and prices. FAMILY BIBLES, BIRTHDAY and CONGRATULATION CARDS.

VALLEY BOOK STORE,
308 North Sixth St.,
OPPOSITE "BARR'S."

G. F. VOGEL,
MANUFACTURER OF
Platform Wagons, Carriages and Buggies,
Trucks, Stake, Light and Heavy Spring Wagons. Everything on wheels made to order and repaired.
S. W. Cor. Main and Spruce Sts., St. Louis
Repairing and repainting promptly attended to.

TRUSTEE'S SALES.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Default having been made in the payment of the principal note, secured by deed of trust of Jacob Utech and Fredericka, his wife, dated the 3d day of February, 1873, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the then County, now City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in book 466, page 422, in pursuance of the power thereby vested in me, and at the request of the legal holder of said note, I will, on

THURSDAY, THE 16TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1884, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell to the highest bidder for cash, the following described pieces or parcels of ground situated in the County of St. Louis (now City of St. Louis), State of Missouri, to-wit: Lots numbered nineteen and twenty of block number one of Edward Hasse's subdivision of the southern half of block No. 60 in survey No. 3 of the former city of Carondelet, and in block No. 3204 of said City of St. Louis; said lots Nos. 19 and 20 having an aggregate front of fifty feet on the east line of Second street (now Pennsylvania avenue) and running eastwardly of equal width 137 feet and 6 inches in depth to an alley.

FREDERICK STUNKEL, Trustee.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the Fisch Brewing Company will be held at the office of company, in Santa Fe, N. M., on Tuesday, October 21, for the election of directors for the ensuing year, and transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

E. D. FRAN[illegible], President.
C. F. A. Fischer, Secretary.

OPENING—Yourself and your friends are respectfully invited to attend the opening exhibition of [illegible] needlework, at our salesroom, commencing Monday [illegible] ber 13 to 18 inclusive. Respectfully, New Home [illegible] Machine Co., 1011 Olive st., St. Louis.

THE annual election of officers for the Fraley [illegible] Commission Company will be held on Monday [illegible] vember 3, 1884, at their office, room No. 115, [illegible] Commerce building, St. Louis, Mo.